Prep. 3 - First Term

SUPERIOR

Mr/Abdelbary Ali

Your way to excellence

2025

- Vocabulary & Verbs
- Synonyms & Antonyms
- Prefixes & Suffixes
- Reading & listening
- Grammar & Notes
- Exercises & Exams







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Unit 1 – Around town

Vocabulary

Lesson 1 & 2

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
peaceful	هادىء	cafe	كافيه / مقهى	sometimes	أحيانا
pollution	التلوث	village	قرية	natural	طبيعي
building	بناء / مبنى	Lake Timsah	بحيرة التمساح	around	حول
especially	خصوصا	monuments	آثار	places	أماكن
Sports centre	مركز رياضى	traffic	حركة المرور	famous	مشهور
hospital	مستشفى	lake	بحيرة	borrow	يستعير
Restaurant	مطعم	market	سوق	opposite	ضد / عكس
museum	متحف	station	محطة	land	الأرض / اليابسة
Botanical gardens	حدائق نباتية	aquarium	متحف أحياء مائية	Science Museum	متحف العلوم
Next to	بجوار	lunchtime	موعد الغذاء	Port Said	بورسعيد
event	حدث	people	ناس	library	مكتبة
calm	هدوء	remember	يتذكر	area	منطقة
The Sphinx	أبو الهول	Ismailia	الإسماعيلية	boat	قارب
daughter	إبنه	favourite	مفضل	directions	إتجاهات
machine	آلة	facts	حقائق	something	شيئ ما
Look like	يشبه	attractive	جذاب	Reach	يصل
grandparents	الأجداد	Nature reserve	محمية طبيعية	Shopping centre	مركز تسوق

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
eat	يأكل	ate	eaten
run	يجرى / يدير	ran	run
do	يفعل	did	done
build	يبنى	built	built
hear	يسمع	heard	heard
come	يأتى	came	come

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Beautiful	جميل	attractive	ugly	قبيح
Interesting	مشوق	exciting	Boring	ممل



Much	كثير (لغير المعدود)	A lot of	Little	قليل(لغير المعدود)
Important	مهم	necessary	unimportant	غير مهم
Calm/peaceful	هادئ / سلمي	quiet	Noisy	مزعج
Natural	طبيعي	usual	Man-made	من صنع الإنسان

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولاحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Un-	تكون عكس الصفة	unusual	غير عادي

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ion	تكون اسم من فعل	pollution	تلوث
-ive	تكزن صفة من فعل	attractive	جذاب
-ful	تكون صفة من اسم او فعل	useful	مفيد

Definitions

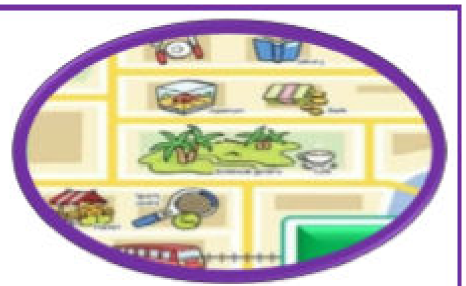
Aquarium	You can see marine animals there
Bank	You can save and borrow money there.
Botanical gardens	You can see plants and trees there
Library	You can borrow and read books there.
Sports centre	You can play sports there.
Lake	A large area of water wit land around.
Monuments	Something that people built to remember a person or an event
Peaceful	Calm and quiet
Traffic	Cars, lorries, buses and motor bike .....etc
especially	More than usual.

Language Notes

Arrive in + مكان كبير	يصل	Late for	متأخر عن
Arrive at + مكان صغير	يصل	Go shopping	يتسوق
Reach	يصل	Do the shopping	يتسوق
Get to + مكان صغير او كبير	يصل	Compare with	يقارن ب
Since	منذ او لان	Look like	يشبه
especially	خاصة او لاسيما	specially	خصيصا



Lesson 1 SB



Samir is at the sports centre مركز ألعاب رياضية . He wants to go to the museum. Complete the directions, then listen and check. From the sports centre, go straight on على طول for about 20 metres. Then take the first road on خد أول طريق the right.
Go past إمشى مارا ب the botanical gardens and the aquarium and then turn right. Go past the restaurant and the library. The museum is on the corner, on the left.

Lesson 1 SB

Dalia wants to go to the library. Listen and order the phrases her friend Mona uses to give her directions from the station.

Mona : Hello Dalia. I'm at the library. Where are you?
Dalia : Hi Mona. I'm next to the station. How do I get to the library?
Mona : It's easy. From the station, go straight on.
Dalia : How far?
Mona : For about twenty metres.
Dalia : OK. Do I get past the sports centre?
Mona : Yes, then turn left.
Dalia : OK.
Mona : Walk past the botanical gardens.
Dalia : I'm walking past them now.
Mona : Great. After the botanical gardens, turn right.
Dalia : Turn right after the botanical gardens! OK!
Mona : Then take the second road on the right . Can you see a restaurant?
Dalia : I think I can see it. It's on the corner.
Mona : Walk past the restaurant. The library is between the restaurant and the museum, opposite the bank.
Dalia : Thanks, Mona. See you soon.

Lesson 2 SB



I am Sharif and I live in Ismailia which is between بينPort Said and Suez. The Suez Canal runs through تجرى خلال the city before it reaches وتصل إلى the sea. Ismailia is beautiful. There are attractive buildings مبانى جذابة , interesting monuments آثار and lots of gardens around 350,000 people live here, but since traffic حركة المرور is slow, there isn't much pollution تلوث , Ismailia is peaceful هادىء but it isn't boring ولكنها ليست مملة! There are lots of things to do here, especially خصوصا at the weekends. On Friday afternoons, I often go to Lake Timsah, بحيرة التمساح which is near the city,

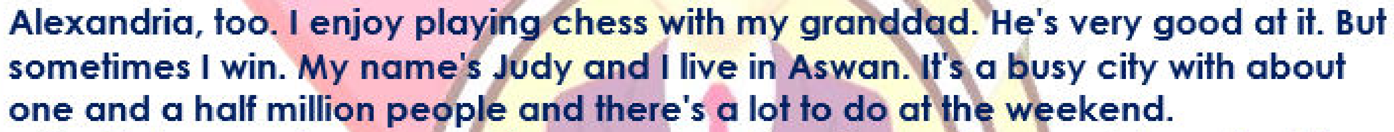
with my family. It's a beautiful lake بحيرة with beaches around it. On Saturday mornings, I have tennis lessons at the sports centre مركز رياضى at 9 am. Sometimes, I go swimming in the afternoon with my friend, Sayed. There are some interesting museums in Ismailia. My favourite is the Natural Science Museum because I'm interested in مهتم ب animals. It's a good place to go at the weekend.

Listen to Nader and Judy talking about where they live.

My name's Nader. I live in **Alexandria** with my mum, my dad and my two brothers. Alexandria is a very **historical** city with lots of **famous** buildings, **ruins** and **monuments**, but it's a modern city, too and there are lots of things to do here. At the weekend, I like to spend time with my family.

On Friday afternoons, we **usually** go to the park, but sometimes we go to a museum or to the **aquarium**. I like watching the fish.

On Saturdays, I visit my **grandparents**. They live in Alexandria, too. I enjoy playing chess with my granddad. He's very good at it. But sometimes I win. My name's Judy and I live in Aswan. It's a busy city with about one and a half million people and there's a lot to do at the weekend.



On Friday mornings, I **sometimes** go shopping. Aswan is a great place for this. There are lots of interesting shops. And I love going to the famous market. I also like to go to the **botanical gardens** or the **nature reserve**.

On Saturdays, I do my homework and, in the afternoon, I go to the sports centre for my **squash** lessons. It's my favourite sport.



Lesson2 WB Page73



I live in a small village in the south of جنوب Egypt. At the weekends, I usually do the same things. On Saturdays فى أيام السبت , I get up at 7 a.m. then I always do my homework after breakfast. At lunchtime فى وقت الغداء , I visit my cousins. We like to eat together. Then in the afternoon بعد الظهر, I often play games with my cousins what do you do?

Exercise on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Luxor has a lot of interesting .... One of them is Karnak Temple.

a) moments b) monuments c) dictionaries d) corners

2. Ahmed is a .... student. This means he is calm and quiet.

a) peaceful b) careless c) helpful d) noisy

3. You can see a lot of beautiful fish in the ....



a) museum b) bank c) library d) aquarium

4. If you want to see trees and other interesting plants, you can go to .... gardens.

a) botanical b) electrical c) sports d) balanced

5. My uncle is very good at sports, ... at handball.

a) hardly b) just c) especially d) only

6. There was a lot of .... on the roads this morning, so Mr. Ali was late for work.

a) care b) peace c) traffic d) juice

7. This machine does many things. It is very ....

a) peaceful b) useful c) careful d) helpless

8. My city has lots of .... monuments. I like them very much.

a) interested b) silly c) interesting d) ugly

9. I can .... two books from the Public Library in my area.

a) lend b) give c) borrow d) leave

10. We have four ....; north, south, east and west.

a) secrets b) seasons c) directions d) dictionaries

11. I'm interested in animals, so I love going to the Natural .... Museum.

a) Geology b) Scientific c) Science d) History

12. Lake Timsah is a beautiful lake .... beaches around it.

a) with b) of c) from d) to

13. Rahma has read .... 12 short stories.

a) round b) around c) rounded d) bound

Prepositions (in , at &on)

in	In November / in Winter / in 2022 / In the morning/in the afternoon/ in the evening / in the night	تأتى مع الشهور وفصول السنه والسنوات و الفترات اليومية.
at	At noon / at lunchtime / at midday / at midnight / at night / at sunrise / at sunset / /at dinner time / at 3 o'clock / at 5:00 / at the moment / at present/ at the weekend/ at break / at the sports centre...	يأتى حرف الجر at مع الكلمات الآتية.
on	On Saturdays / On 24th November, 2022 / On Saturday afternoons / On school trip / On school days / On holiday / On birthday...	قبل الأيام و(أجزاء) الفترات اليومية وأعياد الميلاد والأجازات والرحلات والتاريخ الكامل الذى يحتوى على اليوم والشهر والسنه

Exercise on Grammar

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Ahmed is playing tennis .... Sunday.

a. in b. on c. at d. up

2. My brother's birthday is .... the 5th of November.

a. in b. on c. at d. down





3. My birthday is ………….. May.

a. in b. on c. at d. from

4. We are going to see my parents ………….. the weekend.

a. in b. on c. at d. down

5.…………… 1666, a great fire broke out in London.

a. in b. on c. at d. for

6. I don't like walking alone in the streets ………….. night.

a. in b. on c. at d. down

7. What are you doing ………….. the afternoon?

a. in b. on c. at d. over

9. I go to the club ……………. the evening.

a. in b. on c. at d. down

9. I was waiting for you ……………. seven o'clock.

a. in b. on c. at d. down

10. I will have finished this essay………….. Friday.

a. in b. on c. at d. of

11.I have a meeting ……….. 9 am.

a.on b.at c.in d.for

12.The shop closes ……….. midnight.

a.on b.at c.in d.for

13.In England, it often snows ………….. December.

a.on b.at c.in d.for

14.The author's name is ……………. the cover of the book.

a.for b.on c.at d.in

15.Do you think we will go to Jupiter ………. the future?

a.for b.on c.at d.in

Exercise on lessons 1 & 2

1. Finish the following dialogue

Ahmed : Welcome to Egypt. Can you speak English?
Tourist : Yes, I can.
Ahmed : Where do you come from?
Tourist : …………………………………………………(1)…………………………………………………
Ahmed : …………………………………………………(2)…………………………………………………?
Tourist : Yes, I do. The weather is fine and the people are friendly.
Ahmed : …………………………………………………(3)…………………………………………………?
Tourist : I will stay in Egypt for two weeks.
Ahmed : Which places do you like visiting?
Tourist : …………………………………………………(4)…………………………………………………
Ahmed : …………………………………………………(5)…………………………………………………





Tourist : Thank you very much.

2. Choose the correct answer:

1 .If you don't know how to go to a place you can ask for................
a. directions b. mechanics c. pollution d. dictionary

2 .Ismailia is peaceful but it isn't....................
a. bore b. bored c. boring d. bores

3 .On Saturday mornings, I have tennis lessons at the.............
a. library b. sports centre c. aquarium d. station

4 .There are lots of things you can .... at the weekends.
a. make b. go c. play d. do

5 .People build a .... to remember an important person or event
a. house b. mosque c. monument d. car

6 .We can see a lot of boats on the...............
a. lake b. library c. bank d. station

7 .The park is very .... in the morning, you can only hear the birds singing.
a. peace b. space c. piece d. peaceful

8 .We can see beautiful fish at the...............
a. aquarium b. station c. bank d. library

9 .A .... is a large area of water with land around it.
a. market b. lake c. monument d. city

3.My......... are my grandfather and grandmother.
a. grandchildren b. grandparents c. children d. parents

4.On Sunday mornings, I .... tennis lessons at the sports centre at 9 am.
a. make b. talk c. watch d. have

5.The film II saw last night was .... I loved it so much
a. boring b. interested c. interesting d. bad

6.Mohamed Salah is a .... footballer. Everyone knows him.
a. tall b. famous c. interested d. scary

7..Haneen sometimes .... shopping on Friday afternoons.
a. makes b. does c. walks d. goes

8.Nader likes .... very much.
a. paint b. painting c. paints d. pained

9.Omar is not very good at Maths, ... he is very good at English.
a. so b. because c. and d. but

10.We went .... on Wednesday.
a. swim b. for swimming c. swimming d. to swim

11.Amal's daughter does many jobs around the house. She is always very ......
a. peaceful b. careful c. helpful d. useful

12.This machine does many things. It is very...............
a.peaceful b. careful c. helpful d. useful

13.Please be .... when you carry those eggs.





a.peaceful b. careful c. helpful d. useful

14.You can borrow and save money at the.............
a. cinema b. bank c. hotel d. library

15.we usually go to the .... to read or borrow books.
a.playground b. bookshop c. bank d. library

16.The shopping centre is .... the station.
a. between b. corner c. opposite d. next

17.The library is .... the bank
a. between b. corner c. opposite to d. next to

18.Can you see all those boats on the?...................
a. monument b. traffic c.museum d. lake

19.The park is very .... in the mornings. You can only hear the birds sing .
a.ugly b. peaceful c. careful d. natural

20.My uncle is very good at sports, and he is. .... good at handball.
a.special b. peaceful c. especially d. excellent

21.We were late because there was a lot of .... on the roads this morning.
a.people b. monuments c. buildings d. traffic

22.The Sphinx at Giza is perhaps Egypt's most famous.................
a. buildings b. mountain c. monument d. project

23.The sports centre is .... the aquarium and the hospital
a. between b. corner c. opposite d. next to

24.The museum is on the .... of the street .
a. between b. corner c. behind d. next to

25.My parents sometimes come .... late.
a at home b for home c to home d home

26.El Faiyoum has many .... reserves which you can visit.
a. traditional b. tradition c. nature d. natural

27.She was wearing a very............ dress. All her friends liked it.
a.bad b. ugly c. poor d. attractive

28.Zad usually visits her grandparents .... the weekend.
a. at b. for c. in d. to

29.Water........... became much more worse than the last ten years.
a. pollution b. population c. station d. environment

30.Egypt has wonderful ancient .... which tourists like to visit.
a. monuments b. experiments c. developments d. movements

31.We are going to see marine animals at the.....................
a. zoo b. aquarium c. museum d.botanical gardens

32.You can see trees and other interesting plants at the..............
a. library b. aquarium c. museum d.botanical gardens

33.You can play volleyball, tennis and other sports at...............
a. sports centre b. aquarium c. museum d.botanical gardens





3.Complete the sentences with the correct form :

1. The hotel is .... (next) the airport.
2. Do you think we will travel abroad .... (on)the future?
3. Do you have English lessons .... (at) Tuesdays?
4. Yasser`s birthday is .... (in) 24th November.
5. How do I go from the sports centre .... (in) the library?

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4. Read the following, then answer the questions:

Egypt is a great African country. It has a great geographical location. It has many places of interest to visit. In addition, the government builds comfortable hotels and new roads to attract them. This is why many tourists like to visit Egypt. When tourists come to Egypt they feel they are at home because the Egyptian people are good and friendly. Some tourists visit Luxor and Aswan to enjoy seeing the great monuments there. In Luxor they see Karnak, Luxor Temple and the Valley of the Kings. They see Abu Simbel Temple and the Nubian Museum in Aswan. Other tourists like to visit Hurghada and Port-Said where there are a lot of beautiful beaches. They enjoy water sports very much.

A Answer the following questions:

1. What does the passage talk about?

....

2. Why do tourists feel they are at home in Egypt?

....

3. What sports do tourists enjoy in Hurghada and Port-Said?

....

B Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The underlined word "there" refers to ....

a Hurghada b Sharm el Sheikh c Luxor and Aswan d Africa

5. The government builds .... hotels.

a good b bad c small d tiring

5-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

" A review about Your city "

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....



Unit 1 – Around town

Vocabulary — Lesson 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
comfortable	مريح	journey	رحلة طويلة	great	عظيم
passengers	ركاب / مسافرين	exhibition	معرض	chat	يدردش
tram	الترام	space	فراغ / فضاء	university	جامعة
ferry	معدية	electric	كهربى	museum	متحف
valley	وادى	floor	أرضية / طابق	stops	محطات
map	خريطة	engineering	هندسة	platform	رصيف المحطة
timetable	جدول مواعيد	streets	شوارع	people	ناس
imagine	يتخيل	below	أسفل	way	طرق/ طريقة
energy	طاقة	transport	النقل / المواصلات	environment	البيئة
special	مميز / خاص	Expensive	غالى الثمن	types	أنواع
metro	المترو	village	قرية	unusual	غير عادى
train	قطار / يتدرب	cross	يعبر	top	قمة
later	فيما بعد / لآحقا	railway	سكة حديد	including	متضمنا

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
sit	يجلس	sat	sat
come	يأتى	came	come
leave	يغادر	left	left
take	يأخذ	took	taken

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
fast	سريع	quick	slow	بطيء
old	قديم	ancient	new	جديد
expensive	غالى الثمن	priceless	Cheap	رخيص الثمن
start	يبدأ / بداية	begin	finish	ينتهى / نهاية
peaceful	هادىء	quiet	noisy	مزعج

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ing	لتكوين اسم او صفة	engineering	الهندسة

-able	لتكوين صفة	comfortable	مريح

Definitions

Metro	Something that travels underground.
Map	You can use it to follow directions.
Timetable	Use it to know when a bus or train leaves.
Exhibition	You go there to see things.
platform	You can catch train from there.

Language Notes

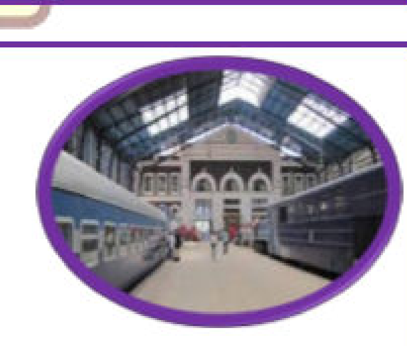
platform	رصيف محطة القطار	Go upstairs	يصعد للطابق العلوي
pavement	رصيف الشارع	Get a train	يستقل القطار
Take + وقت+to+inf	يأخذ وقت لكي	The best way to	افضل طريق ل..
Look forward to+ V.ing	يتطلع الي	Travel around	يتجول في

Lesson 3 Reading Text WB Page7



Khaled : Hi Fawzi. Would you like to come to the Space Exhibition tomorrow? My dad is taking me.
Fawzi : Yes. please ! ~ What time does it start?
Khaled: It starts at 11 :30 . We're going by metro.
Fawzi : Which tram shall we get ?
Khaled: The first metro train leaves at 8 : 20 and arrives at 8:30.
Fawzi : That's an hour before the exhibition starts!
Khaled: Perhaps we can leave later.
Fawzi : What time does the exhibition finish?
Khaled: It finishes at 2 pm.
Fawzi : OK. Can we get a train in the afternoon to get back?
Khaled: Yes, one leaves at 11: 05 pm and arrives at 1:25 pm.
Fawzi : Great! Let's take that.

Lesson3 Listening Text SB Page7



Nadia : Which train do we need for Tanta?
Mother: We need the train to Alexandria. Look! It stops at Tanta.
Nadia : Oh Yes. So the next train is at 11:30.
Mother: That's right.
Nadia : And when does it arrive?
Mother: It arrives at 1:45.
Nadia : Which platform does it leave from?
Mother: It's the Alexandria train, so it leaves from platform 4



Lesson4 Reading Text SB Page 8



I love travelling by train because it is interesting to look out of the window. In one journey, you can see ferries crossing the Nile, green valleys, peaceful villages and busy cities. Trains are often fast and comfortable, too. Egypt has the oldest railway in Africa. More than 800 million passengers travel by train in Egypt every year on 5.000 kilometers of railway! I take the train when I visit my grandparents in Edfu. It's my favourite journey.
Riham



Lots of people in Alexandria use the tram to travel around the city. It's great way travel! It's easy to use and it isn't expensive. Trams are electric, so they are better for the environment than other types of transport. Some of the trams in Alexandria are unusual. They have two floors! I like sitting at the top and watching the streets below.
Hana

Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... cars are good for the environment.
a. Electric   b. Electrician   c. Electricians   d. Polluted
2. Our .... by plane was not easy.
a. flight   b. voyage   c. cruise   d. journeys
3. We .... to the station late.
a. arrived   b. reached   c. got   d. goes
4. We waited for an hour on the .... for the train.
a. platform   b. pavement   c. pool   d. airport
5. Would you like .... football?
a. play   b. playing   c. to play   d. plays
6. A .... is a boat that carries people or goods across a river.
a. plate   b. plane   c. ferry   d. tyre
7. A .... is an area between two mountains.
a. river   b. ocean   c. valley   d. volley
8. Something nice that makes you feel relaxed means ....
a. busy   b. comfortable   c. noisy   d. sad
9. A .... is someone who is travelling, but not driving.
a. diver   b. driver   c. passenger   d. readers
10. .... means needs electricity to work.





a. Electrician b. Electric c. Polluted d. Funny

11. A kind of train that travels along metal tracks in the streets is a ....

a. ship b. plane c. boat d. tram

12. A .... is one of the levels in a building or a ship.

a. roof b. platform c. pavement d. floor

13. I am going to the Space .... about exploring the space.

a. Exhibition b. Explode c. Import d. Export

14. It is nice to see .... crossing the Nile.

a. plans b. cookers c. ferries d. earthquakes

15. Our village is ...., it is calm and not noisy.

a. terrible b. sad c. ugly d. peaceful

16. Trains are fast and ...., I enjoy travelling by them.

a. comfortable b. uncomfortable c. dirty d. noisy

17. There are many................waiting to take the train to Luxor.

a. traveller b. people c. passengers d. B & C

The Present Simple tense

زمن المضارع البسيط

يعبر زمن المضارع البسيط عن حقيقة أو عادة أو حدث متكرر.

1. (الشكل الأول فى المصدر)

الإثبات: المضارع البسيط له شكلين للفعل .

1. I / We / You / They / boys + go / play/ watch...

السؤال: نسأل ب Do مع إعدة الفعل للمصدر.

Do I / We / You / They like tennis?

Do you like football? Yes, I do. Or No, I don't.

النفى: ننفى ب don`t مع إعادة الفعل للمصدر.

I/We/You/ They /boys don`t like tennis.

2. (الشكل الثانى s / es)

1.الإثبات: المضارع البسيط : يضاف للفعل es/ s مع المفرد الغائب.

2. He / She / It / Mona / Ahmed + plays / goes / watches

السؤال: نسأل ب Does مع إعدة الفعل للمصدر.

Does he / she / it like fish?

Does he like tennis? Yes, he does. Or No, he doesn't.

النفى: ننفى ب doesn`t مع إعادة الفعل للمصدر.

He / She / It doesn`t like fish.

الكلمات الدالة على زمن المضارع البسيط:

Ever, never, every, always, usually, often, sometimes, seldom, rarely, occasionally

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. An engineer usually .... new roads.

a build b is building c builds d to build





2. We never .... to school on Friday.
a goes b going c go d to go
3. My father sometimes .... me to school.
a taking b takes c take d is taking
4. I always .... programmes about history and geography.
a to love b love c loves d loved
5. He always .... eight lessons a day
a has b have c having d had
6. My grandparents occasionally .... a computer.
a uses b to use c using d use
7. The train .... stop at Port-Said today because it is broken.
a. isn't b. don't c. hasn't d. doesn't
8. What time .... the match start?
a. is b. do c. has d. does
9. The restaurant .... at 8.30 in the morning.
a. is opening b. open c. opens d. is open
10. The train .... at seven o`clock.
a. is leaving b. left c. leaves d. is going to leave

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1. The train .... (leave) from platform five.
2. What time .... (be) the next bus?
3. When .... the film .... (start) ?
4. The last lesson .... (finishing) at two o'clock this afternoon.

General exercise on lessons 3&4

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

A woman, at the train station, is asking about the train to Ismailia.

A woman : What time does the next train to Ismailia leave ?
A booking clerk : (1) ....
A woman : (2) .... ?
A booking clerk : It takes 2 hours.
A woman : Can I book a ticket, please ?
A booking clerk : (3) .... Single or return ?
A woman : Single, please. (4) .... ?
A booking clerk : It's seventy pounds.
A woman : (5) ....
A booking clerk : Thank you. Here's your ticket.

2) Choose the correct answer :-

1. We had a nice meal at this .... last week.
a) factory b) bank c) restaurant d) station
2. My father often goes to his village because it is a .... place.
a) peaceful b) boring c) noisy d) bad





3. " ...." is a large area of water with land around it.
a) Sea b) River c) Lake d) Pond
4. Manar is interested .... watching English movies.
a) at b) in c) of d) on
5. (SB) The café is on the corner .... the botanical garden.
a) for b) of c) down d) up
6. There are lots of things to do here, ... at the weekend.
a) slowly b) quickly c) suddenly d) especially
7. (WB) You can see trees and other interesting plants at a/an ....
a) airport b) aquarium c) botanical garden d) library
8. The train leaves .... seven tomorrow.
a) in b) at c) on d) of
9. My birthday is ....17th June.
a) on b) at c) from d) in
10. The train leaves .... five minutes.
a) on b) on c) in d) for
11. (We could go to a nearby .... for lunch.
a) entrance b) hall c) library d) café
12. Shady bought some pottery .... a lovely shop.
a) for b) with c) from d) of
13. The metro is one of the most .... means of transport, so I often take it.
a) harmful b) comfortable c) crowded d) expensive
14. Amr .... a suggestion to have an ice cream and I agreed.
a) did b) went c) made d) brought
15. A .... is a period of 100 years.
a) decade b) center c) centre d) century

3) Complete the text with words from the list :-

(beaches – kitchens – peaceful – weekend – Lake)

I like Ismailia. It is a (1) .... city. There are lots of things to do there, especially at the (2) .... On Friday afternoons, I often go to (3) .... Timsah with my family. It's a beautiful lake with (4) .... around it.

(4) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets

1. (WB) I live ....(on) a small village in the south of Egypt.
2. (SB) Judy goes to the sports centre ....(of) the afternoon on Saturdays.
3. I have tennis lessons ....(in) 9 am.
4. The shopping centre is ....(opposite) to the station.

5-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

A review about Travelling by train

....
....
....





Unit 1 – Around town

Vocabulary — Lessons 5 & 6

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
indoors	بداخل (أماكن مغلقة)	invite	يدعو	facts	حقائق
pottery	الأوانى الفخارية	great	عظيم	history	تاريخ
protect	يحمى	idea	فكرة	French	فرنسى
suggest	يقترح	meet	يقابل	gardener	جناينى
suggestion	إقتراح	brochure	كتيب (سياحى)	comfortable	مريح
garden	حديقة	describe	يصف	nearby	قريب / مجاور
jewellery	مجوهرات	reasons	أسباب	prefer	يفضل
forest	غابة	trip	رحلة قصيرة	review	تقييم
wild	برى / متوحش	mind	يمانع / ذهن	share	يشارك

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
send	يرسل	sent	sent
sell	يبيع	sold	sold
wear	يرتدى	wore	worn
bring	يحضر	brought	brought
get	يحصل	got	got

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
famous	مشهور	Well-known	infamous / unknown	غير معروف
nowhere	ليس في اي مكان	no place	everywhere	في كل مكان
politely	بأدب	kindly	impolitely	بطريقة غير مهذبة
protect	يحمي	keep	damage	يدمر
outside	خارجي	outdoors	inside	داخلي
agree	يوافق	accept	refuse	يرفض
remember	يتذكر	memorize	forget	ينسي

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Im-	تعطي عكس الصفة	impolite	غير مؤدب



Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ern	لتكوين صفة	northern	شمالي

Definitions

century	One hundred year.
indoors	Inside a building.
pottery	Pots, plates, cups, etc… that are made of clay.
jewelry	Pretty things that people wear such as rings and necklaces.

Language Notes

learn about	يتعلم او يعرف عن	nowhere else	ليس في مكان اخر
plant a forest	يزرع غابة	look forward to + V + ing / اسم	يتطلع الى
in the 19th century	في القرن الـ 19	takes + وقت + to + مصدر	يتسغرق وقت
find out	يكتشف	get there	يصل هناك
became famous	أصبح مشهور	make sure	يتاكد
would like to + مصدر	يريد	from all over the world	من كل انحاء العالم

Language NOTES ملآحظات لغوية

1. century قرن (100 عام) / decade عقد (10 سنوات) / millennium ألفية (ألف عام)

A century is a period of 100 years A decade is a period of 10 years..

2. reviews أراء / interview مقابلة شخصية / views مناظر طبيعية

There are good reviews online about the match.
I had an interview to get the job.

3. look forward to + V + ing / اسم I look forward to seeing you.

I'm looking forward to our trip to the El-Orman Garden.

4. take + وقت + to + مصدر / spend + وقت + V + ing

It takes an hour to get there. I spend an hour studying English.

Lesson 5 Listening Text SB Page 9

Why doesn't Basel want to go to different places

Basel :Hi Taha. Would you like to meet up tomorrow?
Taha : Hi, Basel. That would be great. Shall we go to the sports centre?
Basel :I'm not sure. I hurt my leg, so I can't play sport at the moment.
Taha :Oh dear! Shall we go to the park, then?
Basel :Maybe. But it's a long way to walk. I'd prefer to go somewhere indoors.
Taha :Oh! OK. How about the museum?

Basel :Perhaps! But it's always busy on Saturdays.
Taha :OK! So, what would you like to do?
Basel :I think it would be nice to play a computer game. The new one which let you practise your English.
Taha :That sounds like a great idea. Why don't you come to my house?
Basel :I'd love to! Thanks Taha. See you tomorrow.

lesson 5 Listening Text WB Page 76



Some people think that Sydney in Australia has the best transport in the world Why? Because trains, buses and ferries travel to all parts of the city. Comfortable buses go to the nearest beaches such as Bondi. If you want to get somewhere quickly, fast trains leave from Central Station to many places, including the airport. It is quiet on the water, so ferries are peaceful and they are also easy to use.. It is interesting to see the famous buildings from the water, too.

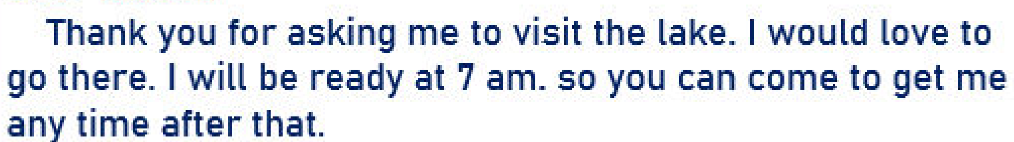
lesson 5 Listening Text WB Page 76

Injy: Would you like to meet up tomorrow, Lina?
Lina: That would be great, Injy. Shall we go to the museum?
Injy: I'm not sure. I think the museum's closed tomorrow.
Lina: OK. Shall we go to the shops, then?
Injy: I'd prefer to go somewhere outside. How about the park?
Lina: I like the park, but I think it would be nice to go on a ferry on the river. Would you like to do that?
Injy: Yes, I'd love to! Why don't we meet by the bridge?

Lesson 6 Reading Text SB Page 10



What is Reem sending to Azza?
Hi Azza
I'm looking forward to our trip to the El-Orman Garden! The garden opens at 9 am. and it takes about an hour to get there by car. What time shall we come to get you? The online reviews are fantastic. The garden is very big and there's a lot to see. Make sure that you wear comfortable shoes! I'm sending you a map of the garden. You can see wild flowers and plants from all over the country. There is also a small lake and a museum. What would you like to see first? We could bring some food with us or we could go to a nearby cafe for lunch. What would you prefer? There is also a lovely shop near the garden that sells pottery and jewellery! See you Saturday,
Reem



lesson 6 Reading Text WB Page 77



From: Munir
To : Hazem
Dear Hazem

Thank you for asking me to visit the lake. I would love to go there. I will be ready at 7 am. so you can come to get me any time after that.

Yes, I have some comfortable shoes. I don't mind walking round the lake. I like walking in the country answer your question, perhaps we should take a boat on the lake first, before it is too hot My mother is going to make me some lunch to take with us, but she always makes lots. I'm sure there will be enough for us to share! See you on Saturday.

Yours, Munir

lesson 7 Reading Text WB Page 78

I'm Tarek and I live in a small village. On weekdays, there are two buses a day to the nearest city. The first bus is at 7 am and the second one leaves late in the afternoon. My father doesn't take the early bus because it is very slow. The traffic is always bad in the mornings. At the weekend, there is only one bus, which goes at 8 am. There is not much traffic then, so it arrives in the city at 8.30 am. There is a market in the city at this time, so I often take this bus with my mother.



Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

1..................... is worn by many women.
a. Jewellery b. Shoes c. Socks d. Dresses

2. Make .... that you wear comfortable shoes!
a. sour b. shore c. shake d. sure

3. Would you like .... some flowers?
a. grow b. grew c. growing d. to grow

4. How................. does it take to get to the Orman Garden? - Two hours.
a. many b. long c. often d. high

5. We went to a nearby .... for lunch.
a. cafe b. coffee c. garage d. restaurants

6. I have no job and .... to live.
a. nowhere b. everywhere c. every time d. everything



1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

1. We took 3 hours .... our city.

a. reach b. reached c. to reach d. reaching

2. We spent a long time .... homework.

a. do b. to do c. did d. doing

3. I am looking forward to .... a new car.

a. but b. buys c. bought d. buying

4. I passed the .... and got a job as a pilot.

a. interview b. view c. review d. train

5. A .... is a period of 100 years.

a. decade b. century c. millennium d. year

Making Suggestions عمل الإقتراحات

عند عمل الإقتراحات نستخدم الآتي:	
1. Let's + مصدر.	2. What about + v + ing / إسم?
3. Why don't you + مصدر?	4. How about + v + ing / إسم?
5. Would you like to + مصدر?	6. I suggest + v + ing.
7. Shall we + مصدر?	8. It would be nice to + مصدر.
وللرد على الإقتراحات نستخدم:	
الموافقة	الرفض
I`d love to.	I`d love to but I can`t.
Sure. Ok.	Sorry, I`m busy.
That`s sound great.	May be another time.
Why not?	I am not very keen.
Great idea.	I am not sure. It`s + سبب / مبرر

General Exercise on lessons 5 & 6

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

1. A century is a period of 100 ....

a. weeks b. days c. years d. months

2. A .... is someone who enjoys growing flowers and plants.

a. garden b. pilot c. engineer d. gardener

3. .... means small things that you wear for decoration such as rings.

a. Jobs b. Jokes c. Jewellery d. Books

4. .... means objects made out of clay.

Poetry b. Factory c. Pottery d. Battery

5. The children played .... today, because it was very hot outside.

a. indoors b. outdoors c. out d. outdoor

6. Hamada was born in 1978, which was in the last ....



a. pottery b. century c. decade d. year

7. Be careful in that shop. It sells ...., which breaks easily.

a. books b. pottery c. cars d. socks

8. My mother has nice .... ,which she got from her mother when she got married.

a. jewellery b. mobile c. book d. dress

9. .... Ismail ruled Egypt in the past.

a. Professor b. Pilot c. Queen d. Khedive

10. A French .... was asked to plant a forest.

a. gardener b. player c. nurse d. swimmer

11. Mohamed Salah became .... when he scored many goals.

a. infamous b. known c. famous d. B & C

12. We should .... plants and trees.

a. destroy b. damage c. protect d. kill

13. I am looking forward to our .... to the El-Orman Garden.

a. clip b. trip c. web d. rock

14. When we went to the desert, we took a .... to show us directions.

a. plate b. flat c. map d. ship

4. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets.

1. The program .... [finish] at 5.30.
2. I walked to work, but I came home .... [put a preposition] the bus.
3. I would love .... [go] there.
4. I'm Tarek and I .... [live] in a small village.

5-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

A review about El-Orman Garden!

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....



Exam Unit (1)

1-Finish the following dialogue (5 M)

Nabil is talking to his mother about his first day at school.

Mother : Hello, Nabil. How was your first day at school?

Nabil : ……………………………………………………, but many students were absent.

Mother:……………………………………………………………………?

Nabil : Because of COVID 19. It's very dangerous.

Mother :……………………………………………………………………

Nabil : Yes, I've washed my hands already.

Mother : What did your teachers advise you to do?

Nabil :……………………………………………………………………

Mother : Do you have a mask?

Nabil : (5) ……………………………………………………………… . I have just taken it off.

2. Read and complete the text with words from the list (4 M)

at - on - museums - Egyptian - pool - playground

On Friday mornings, I have tennis lessons at the sports centre (1)……………… 10 o'clock. Sometimes I go swimming in the afternoon with my friends in the swimming (2)……………… There are some interesting (3)……………… In Cairo. My favourite is the (4)…………… Museum because I'm interested in history. It's a good place to go at the weekend.

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions-:

I am Samy and I live in Ismailia, which is between Port Said and Suez. The Suez Canal runs through the city before it reaches the sea. Ismailia is a part of history. In the past, people in Ismailia saved their city sacrifice themselves for their homes. Ismailia is beautiful. There are attractive buildings, interesting monuments and lots of things to do here, especially at the weekend. I often go to Lake Timsah, which is nearthe city, with my family. It is a beautiful lake with beaches around it. We can play on the beach. We can catch fish. There are some interesting museums in Ismailia! My favourite place is the Natural Museum because I'm interested in animals. In this museum, you can enjoy and have a lot of scientific information about animals and plants. The weather in Ismailia is fine all the year. So, you can enjoy your stay here. The hotels are clean, comfortable and not expensive. It is a good place to go to at the weekend.



A-Answer the following:

1-Explain why Ismailia is a good place to spend a holiday. Mention two points.

....

2-How are the buildings in Ismailia attractive ? Mention two reasons.

....

3-Do you think your stay in Ismailia will be comfortable ? Why / Why not?

....

B. Choose the correct answer from a , b c or d (3 M)

4-The main idea of the passage is. ....

a) Port Said b) The Suez Canal c) Ismailia d) Egypt

5-What does the underlined word "It" refer to. .... ?

a) The weekend b) Lake Timsah c) City d) Ismailia

6-People in Ismailia are. ....

a) friendly b) unhelpful c) cruel d) interested

4. Choose the correct answer from a , b c or d :

1. A.....is something that people build to remember an important person or event.

a. moment b. mountain c. fountain d. monument

2. The synonym of " attractive" is......................

a. ugly b. unattractive c. beautiful d. terrible

3. The antonym of "..................." is noisy.

a. peaceful b. crowded c. strong d. weak

4. We add the suffix "............." to make the adjective from " use"

a. ful b. er c. ir d. ness

5. We add the prefix"..............." to give the opposite of "happy".

a. er b. ed c. un d. en

6. He switched on the mobile. This means he.............on the mobile.

a. turned b. broke c. bought d. lost

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form :

1. The plane................................(arriving) at 7 o'clock according to the timetable.

2. She...(doesn't) studies hard.

3. He was born............................(in) March, 15th , 2006.

4-He is used to ....(plays)chess.

6. Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A review about your visit to Ismailia"

....



Unit 2 – Let`s go shopping

Vocabulary

Lesson 1 & 2

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Special offer	عرض خاص	Smart	ذكى	Item	عنصر
Sale	تخفيض / أوكازيون	Deal	صفقة / إتفاق	Shopping centre	مركز تجارى
Shop(ped)	يتسوق	Microwave	مايكروويف	Delivery	خدمة توصيل البضائع
Coffee machine	ماكينة صنع القهوة	Shop assistant	عامل فى محل	Leather industry	صناعة الجلود
Toaster	محمصة خبز(بالكهرباء)	Kettle	غلاية (كهربائية)	City centre shop	محل وسط البلد
Compare	يقارن	Poster	ملصق إعلانات	Normally	عادة
Fresh	طازج / منعش	Magazine	مجلة	Item	عنصر
Advertise	يعلن	Tourist	سائح	Quality	جودة
Price	سعر / ثمن	Latest	أحدث	Discount	خصم / تخفيض
Useful	مفيد	Necklace	عقد / قلادة	Oven	فرن
Headphones	سماعات الرأس	Column	عمود / خانة	Free	مجانا
Customer	زبون / عميل	Survey	دراسة بحثية	Website	موقع على الإنترنت

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Understand	يفهم	Understood	Understood
Speak	يتحدث	Spoke	Spoken
Tell	يخبر	Told	Told
Give	يعطى	Gave	Given
sell	يبيع	Sold	Sold

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
ask	يسأل	inquire	Give - reply	يعطى - يرد
sell	يبيع	exchange	buy	يشترى
cheap	رخيص الثمن	inexpensive	expensive	غالى الثمن
special	خاص - مميز	particular	Usual - common	عادى - منتشر
free	مجانى	unpaid	paid	مدفوع

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Ir-	تعطى العكس	Irregular	شاذ غير منتظم
Micro-	للتصغير	Microwave	فرن ميكروييف

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
- -ful	تحول الفعل إلى صفة	Useful	مفيد
- -er	تحول من فعل إلى إسم	Toaster / Speaker	صانعة خبز متحدث

Definitions

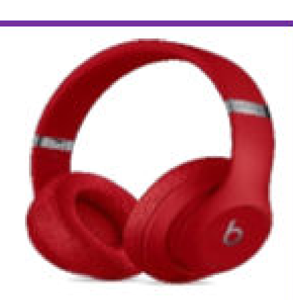
coffee machine	you can make a hot drink with this
kettle	you can boil water with this
toaster	you can make bread warm with this
microwave	you can cook things quickly with this
complaint	something you make when you are unhappy about something.
order	when a customer asks someone to send, bring or make something for them.
call back	return a phone call.
email	to send a message electronically

Language Notes

Ask about	يسأل عن	Spend much money on	ينفق اموالا كثيرة على
Adverts from	إعلانات من	Deal / discount on	صفقة / تخفيض على
Ask for information	يسأل عن معلومات	Shop online	يتسوق أون لآين
Wait for deals or discounts	ينتظر العروض والتخفيضات	Watch films from the internet	يشاهد أفلام من الإنترنت
Look for	يبحث عن	On the sea	فى البحر
Tell about	يخبر بشأن	Start with	يبدأ ب
On special offer	فى عرض مميز	Deal of the day	صفقة اليوم
Give information	يعطى معلومات	At the best prices	بأفضل الأسعار
The difference between … and …	الإختلاف بين .. و..	Things for the house	أدوات (أشياء) منزلية
Things are the usual price	أشياء بالسعر المعتاد	What type of….?	ما نوع …؟



Listening – lesson 1 page 1



Voice: Do you love music? Do you want the **latest technology** أحدث التكنولوجيا? We have the best **headphones** سماعات الرأس now at audioworld. We are selling them in red, which is our most **popular** مشهور / محبوب colour, and also in black and white. This week you can buy them at the **special price** سعر خاص of only 1500 Egyptian pounds. Visit our shop today.

Listening

Shop assistant: Hello, sir. Can I help you?
Customer: Yes, please, I`m **looking for** يبحث عن a new TV for my living room.
Shop assistant: Ok, no problem. You`re lucky we have lots of **deals** صفقات at the moment! For example, both of these TVs have a big **discount**. خصم / تخفيض
Customer: Great. Are they smart TVs?
Shop assistant: No, sorry. Neither of these are smart TVs, but this one over there is and that is also on **special offer**. عرض مميز / خاص
Customer: Hmm, that one is a bit smaller than what I want. I want quite a big one. How much is this bigger one?
Shop assistant: Oh, yes! That`s a great TV. That`s new in the shop this week, so it doesn`t have a **discount**. It is 8,000 pounds.
Customer: That`s a bit **expensive** for me. Is that your best price?
Shop assistant: Yes, sorry, but I am offering a deal today. You can get either a **free speaker** سماعات مجانية or get a free films deal with that one.
Customer: Oh, well that`s great because I need a new speaker. I think this one will look great in my living room. I`ll take it!

Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer:

1. I want .... a new TV.
a. buy b. buys c. bought d. to buy
2. I will offer my house for....................
a. sail b. sale c. sell d. sold
3. Our father.................... with us kindly.
a. deals b. malls c. walls d. fools
4. This headphone is available only.................. red.
a. in b. off c. under d. on
5. Today is a .... day for our family. It's my daughter's birthday.
a. public b. terrible c. special d. unkind





2.Complete the following dialogue:

A customer wants to buy a new TV

Assistant : Can I help you?
Customer : Yes, (1) ....
Assistant : Do you want a smart one or an ordinary one?
Customer : (2) ....
Assistant : Ok, the one over there is smart.
Customer : (3) ....?
Assistant : It is 5000 Egyptian pounds.
Customer : (4) ....?
Assistant : Yes, there is a discount. You can pay 4900 L.E.
Customer : OK. (5)..

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

1. .... means the most recent or the newest.
a. Late b. Later c. Latter d. Latest
2. .... means new machines, equipment, and ways of doing things.
a. Environment b. Technology c. Traffic d. Pollution
3. .... means not ordinary or usual, but different.
a. Ordinary b. Special c. Public d. General
4. The amount of money you have to pay for something is a ....
a. prize b. rise c. price d. money
5. A reduction in the usual price of something means ....
a. account b. count c. discount d. sailing
6. An agreement or arrangement on something means a ....
a. feel b. peel c. meal d. deal
7. We have a special .... on clothes.
a. offer b. differ c. counts d. sales
8. How.................. is the biggest TV? - 8.000 pounds.
a. many b. often c. much d. long
9. You don't have to pay money for this speaker, it is ....
a. expensive b. cheap c. free d. costly
10. The internet is a form of the latest ....
a. pollution b. population c. archaeology d. technology
11. What .... do you like? - white
a. nationality b. price c. language d. colour
12. We have many .... at the moment at our shop.
a. deals b. visitor c. price d. discount
13. Mohamed Salah is .... all over the world.
a. known b. popular c. unknown d. A & B
14. The price is about 10.000 Egyptian ....
a. pounds b. flags c. people d. books
15. He can't hear you, he is listening to music on his ....





a. headphone b. eyes c. nose d. hair comb

16. Let's .... shopping tomorrow.

a. go b. does c. buys d. went

17. The car didn't hit him, he was ....

a. lucky b. dead c. unlucky d. sad

18. The opposite of " much" is ....

a. a lot of b. many c. lots d. little

19. What .... is the car?

a. much b. many c. price d. few

20. This TV ....a big discount.

a. have b. has c. are d. can

3-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

"A review about Technology "

....
....
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Language notes

Adjectives
الصفات

Short Adjectives صفات قصيرة	Long Adjectives صفات طويلة	Irregular Adjectives صفات شاذة

Short adjectives: الصفات القصيرة:

وهي التي تتكون من مقطع واحد مثل: **tall short fat thin big small ...**

Comparative: : المقارنة

Subject+ is / are + adj + er + than + object

Ahmed is taller than Ali

Superlative: : التفضيل

Subject +is/are + the + adj + est.

Amr is the tallest

Long adjectives: الصفات الطويلة:

وهي التي تتكون من اكثر من مقطع مثل: **beautiful – popular – dangerous – interesting – comfortable .**

Comparative: : المقارنة

Subject + is/are + more / less +adjective + than + object

Basketball is more popular than volleyball.

Volleyball is less popular than basketball.

Superlative: التفضيل:

Subject + is / are + the most / the least + adjective +…………





Football is the most popular sport.

Tennis is the least popular sport.

Irregular adjectives: الصفات الشاذة:

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
good	Better than	The best
Far	Further than	The furthest
Bad	Worse than	The worst
Little	Less than	The least
many	More than	The most

Luxor is farther than Assiut.

Aswan is the farthest.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. People are .... than snakes.
a. big b. bigger c. as big d. biggest
2. This book isn't as interesting .... that one.
a. as b. so c. than d. then
3. A bike is .... expensive than a scooter.
a. most b. many c. less d. least
4. English is the .... language.
a. easy b. easier c. easiest d. as easy
5. Have you ever seen a .... snake than this one?
a. big b. biggest c. as bigger d. bigger
6. Who is .... Ahmed or Ayman?
a. tall b. taller c. tallest d. most tall
7. She cooks as .... as her sister.
a. clever b. cleverly c. cleverest d. cleverer
8. Everest is .... than Kilimanjaro.
a. higher b. highest c. high d. as high
9. Physics is .... difficult than history.
a. most b. more c. as d. the
10. Gold is .... expensive than silver.
a. more b. most c. less d. least





11. Aswan is .... than Cairo.
a. far b. farther c. farthest d. furthest
12. She sings as .... as her friend.
a. good b. bad c. well d. best
13. He is .... than Ali.
a. good b. bad c. best d. worse
14. London is one of the .... cities in the world.
a. large b. larger c. as large d. largest
15. The more you study, the .... marks you get.
a. high b. higher c. highest d. lowest

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form in brackets

1. Ali is my..................................(the best) friend.
2. She is Egypt's............................(the first) leader.
3. Who is ....(tallest) Ali or Karim?
4. The boys have the same.......................................(old)
5. Football is.................................(many) interesting than tennis.
6. He plays as...............................(good) as his friend.

Language notes

Both | Either | neither | none

1-Both....and.... Both of.......... كلا من او كلتا

نستخدم (Both) للتحدث عن شخصين أو شيئين أو صفتين أو فعلين للربط بينهما...

Both the laptop **and** the microwave are in the sale. بمعنى : كلا من وهى هنا (صفة)

Both of the brothers are polite..بمعنى: كلا من الأخوة مهذبين

Yomna is **both** nice **and** beautiful.بمعنى: يمني لطيفة وجميلة

ملحوظة: يأتى بعد Both of إسم جمع أو ضمير مفعول جمع مثل You / us / them أو قد تأتى ضمائر إشارة الجمع مثل these / those

We help **both of** them.

Both of those cars are new.

We **both** like to play football.



2.either … or …..او…..بمعني اما

نستخدم (either … or) للتحدث عن شخصين أو شيئين أو صفتين أو فعلين للربط بينهما...

- You can ask either Omar or his brother. (شخصين)
- You can get either a free speaker or a free film. (شيئين)
- You either speak quietly or go out. (فعلين)
- You are either American or English. (صفتين)

ملحوظة: عندما نستخدم either … or لربط فاعلين فإن الفعل يكون مفردا أو جمع حسب الفاعل الثاني.

Either Alaa or her brothers are in Cairo.

Either Alaa or her brother is in Cairo.

نستخدم either of قبل الأسماء الجمع او ضمائر الجمع وياتي بعدها فعل مفرد غالبا

I like either of these pens. I'll buy either pf them.

Either of pens is nice.

3-Neither … nor …..ولا…..بمعني لا

نستخدم (neither. nor) للتحدث عن شخصين أو شيئين أو صفتين أو فعلين للربط بينهما .. بمعنى لا هذا ولا ذاك.

Neither Yussif nor Samir speaks German. (شخصين)

This car is neither good nor fast.(صفتين)

You can neither walk nor sit on the grass here. (فعلين)

ملحوظة: عندما نستخدم neither nor لربط فاعلين فإن الفعل يكون مفردا أو جمع حسب الفاعل الثاني.

Neither Alaa nor her brothers are in Cairo.

Neither Alaa nor her brother is in Cairo.

نستخدم neither of قبل الأسماء الجمع او ضمائر الجمع وياتي بعدها فعل مفرد غالبا

Neither of my brothers is married.

Neither of these cars is mine.

4. None … (of) لا أحد / شيىء

نستخدم none of لنعنى لا احد او لا شىء وياتى بعدها اسم جمع او ضمير مفعول جمع او اسم إشارة جمع وياتى معها فعل مفرد.

None of us watch tennis.

None of them travel.

None of the boys sleep late.

Exercise on Grammar

1.Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. .... Zad nor Haneen arrived early.
a. Both b. Either c. Neither d. All
2. Both my sister and my brother .... engineers.
a. am b. is c. are d. was
3. Either Ahmed or Omar .... tennis.
a. like b. likes c. are liking d. were liking
4. .... Fatima and Aida are clever.
a. Either b. Neither c. Both d. Every
5. Neither book .... useful.
a. were b. have c. is d. are
6. I want to buy................ a mobile and a tablet.
a. either b. neither c. nor d. both
7. We can visit either Cairo .... Aswan.
a. and b. nor c. or d. neither
8. Neither Samir nor Ramy .... alive.
a. is b. are c. were d. have

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form

1. Both Amr .... (or) Marwan are clever.
2. Neither car................ (are) new.
3. Either Ali or the boys .... (has) books.
4. She will go to .... (neither) Cairo or Aswan.
5. Neither he nor I .... (plays) chess.

General exercise on lessons 1&2

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Aya is talking with Sama who bought a new mobile.

Aya : Hello, Sama. How are you ?
Sama : (1) .... I bought a new mobile phone.
Aya : Congratulations! (2) .... ?
Sama : I bought it yesterday.
Aya : (3) .... ?
Sama : I bought it for 3000 LE.
Aya : Where did you buy it ?
Sama : (4) ....



Aya : My birthday is next week. I will buy a new mobile phone, too.
Will you come with me ?
Sama : (5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. My father likes drinking coffee while he is reading a/an ....
a) interview b) magazine c) idea d) machine
2. Do you often buy things .... special offer ?
a) on b) in c) down d) up
3. When you want to buy something, you should be careful about the price and the...
a) ability b) possibility c) equality d) quality
4. I have bought some .... for my phones, so I can play my music more loudly.
a) adverts b) speakers c) necklaces d) columns
5. Start your morning .... a fresh cup of coffee, made at home.
a) from b) with c) to d) on
6. A / An .... is used to make hot drinks.
a) coffee machine b) fridge c) instrument d) office
7. To boil water, you need a ....
a) fan b) fridge c) kettle d) screen
8. Rana is .... than Heba.
a) fastest b) fast as c) as fast d) faster
9. .... Lama nor Soha can come shopping today. Both of them are busy.
a) Neither b) Either c) All d) Each
10. You can get either free speaker .... a free film.
a) each b) also c) nor d) or

3) Complete the text with words from the list :-

(discount – cheaper – are – internet – smart)

There is a big sale in the shopping mall in our area. All the clothes are (1)................ than usual this week! This microwave has a 25% (2) .... It usually costs 1.000 LE, but now it is 750 LE. Osama's family want to buy a (3) .... TV, so that they can watch films on the (4) ....

(4) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1. ....(Either) Sama or Toka speaks German.
2. ....(Neither) Tarek and Abdallah are absent.
3. The three T-shirts are good, but I need the ....(big) one.
4. This red bag is ....(many) expensive than the blue one.



Unit 2 - Let`s go shopping

Vocabulary

Lesson 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
artist	فنان	Fill(ed)	يملأ إستمارة	rule	قاعدة
handicraft	حرفة يدوية	Plug(ed)	يتصل بالكهرباء	suddenly	فجاة
charge	يشحن (بالكهرباء)	Turn on	يشغل	battery	بطارية
password	كلمة السر	Turn off	يوقف التشغيل	corner	ركن / زاوية
Log(ged)	يسجل دخول	traditional	تقليدى	guess	يخمن
instructions	تعليمات	designs	تصاميم /رسومات	passport	جواز سفر
colorful	ملون	decorated	مزين / مزخرف	town centre	وسط امدينة
soft	لين / ناعم	jewellry	مجوهرات	form	إستمارة / نموذج
drop	يسقط / يلقى	carpet	سجادة	coast	ساحل
assistant	مساعد	quality	جودة	shells	قواقع/محار /صدف
statue	تمثال	wooden	خشبى	information	معلومات
wool	صوف	stone	حجر	industry	صناعة

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
break	يكسر	broke	broken
meet	يقابل	met	met
choose	يختار	chose	chose
find out	يجد	found out	found out
lose	يفقد	lost	lost

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Turn on	يشغل	Switch on	Turn off	يطفئ
true	صحيح	correct	false	خطأ
Log in	يسجل دخول	Sign in	Log out	يسجل خروج
colorful	ملون	bright	plain	سادة

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولاحقات

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-en	تحول الاسم الي صفة	Wooden	خشبي
-al	تحول الاسم الي صفة	Traditional	تقليدي



-er	تحول الفعل الي اسم فاعل	robber	لص

Definitions

artist	someone who produces art, especially paintings or drawings.
password	a secret group of letters or numbers.
traditional	being part of the traditions of a country or group of people.
wooden	made of / from wood.
clay	a type of heavy sticky earth that can be used for making pots.
quality	how good or bad something is.
leather	animal skin that is used for making shoes, bags,........
complaint	a statement in which someone complains about something.
machine	a piece of equipment with moving parts that uses power.
shopping	the activity of going to shops and buying things
horrible	very bad .

Language Notes

turn off / switch off	يطفيء / يغلق	leather industry	صناعة الجلود
turn on / switch on	يشغل تيار	near the coast	بالقرب من الساحل
do homework	يعمل الواجب	types of	أنواع من
charge the battery	يشحن البطارية	in different colours	بألوان مختلفة
fill in a form	يملأ استمارة	a long history of	تاريخ طويل من
the best quality	أفضل جودة	look amazing	يبدو مذهلا
the best price	أفضل سعر	find out about	يعرف عن
wooden boxes	صناديق خشبية	special offers	عروض مميزة
decorated with	يزين بـ	leave it for	يتركه لمدة
congratulate on + v + ing	يهنيء على	fill in some information	يملأ بعض المعلومات
instructions for	تعليمات لـ	don't forget to	لا تنسى أن
How to use it	كيفي يستخدمها	the south of	جنوب
popular with tourists	محبوب من السياح	famous for	مشهور بـ
earn money	يكسب مال	in a village	في قرية
made from clay	مصنوع من الصلصال	make handcrafts	يصنع تحف يدوية
a type of mud	نوع من الطين	from the leaves	من أوراق الشجر
make ceramics	يصنع الخزف	in other parts of	في أجزاء اخرى من
from the nineteenth century	من القرن الـ 19	both of them	كلاهما

Reading lesson 3 SB p16

- ❖ Hello. How can I help you, Aya?
- ✓ Hi. I bought a laptop last week. Yesterday, when I was doing my homework, it suddenly فجأة turned off. توقف / فصل Now, I can`t log in يسجل دخول and I think I lost my work!
- ❖ Was the computer plugged in متصل بالكهرباء ?
- ✓ Yes, it was plugged in. I was charging يشحن the battery. بطارية
- ❖ Did you turn on يشغل الجهاز the computer again?
- ✓ Yes, but then it said my password كلمة السر to log in was wrong.
- ❖ One moment please, ... I just emailed أرسلت بريد إلكترونى you a form إستمارة to fill in to get a new password. Log in again with that information . I hope that works.

Ok. Thanks.



Reading lesson 4 SB p18

Egyptian Handicrafts الحرف اليدوية المصرية



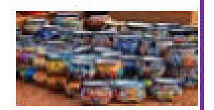
The best quality and prices!

These beautiful wooden boxes can be used for jewellery. They are decorated with shells in traditional designs. They are made by artists near the coast.



The leather industry is one of the oldest in Egypt and our bags are the best quality. The leather is very soft.



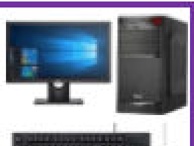


We sell many different types of pots in different colours for your home. The artists paint the pots with traditional Arabic designs.



Egypt has a long history of making beautiful carpets. These colourful, modern carpets will look amazing in any home. Call or email us to find about special offers.

Reading lesson 3 WB





Congratulations on buying a new computer!Here are the instructions for how to use it:



1. First, plug in the computer. To charge the battery, leave it for three or four hours.
2. Now, turn on the computer.
3. When the computer is ready , it will ask you to fill in some information.
4. Write your name and choose a password that nobody can guess.
5. Now, you can log in يسجل دخول to your computer and start using it.
6. Don`t forget to turn off your computer when you are not using it.



The south جنوب of Egypt is famous for مشهور ب its beautiful handicrafts. حرف People who live here sell carpets, سجاد baskets and colourful pots. Some women in a village near Aswan also make beautiful handicrafts from the leaves أوراق الشجر of trees. In other parts of Egypt, people make handicrafts from wood الخشب and leather. جلد (مصنع) These handicrafts are very popular with محبوب tourists, and help the Egyptians to earn money.

Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer:

1. .... shoes are made in Cairo.
a. Leather b. Skin c. Weather d. treasure
2. He .... money from buying and selling.
a. win b. lose c. earns d. eats
3. The telephone was invented .... Graham Bell.
a. in b. of c. from d. by
4. Please, ... in this form.
a. feel b. fall c. fill d. fail
5. He .... his work and became without a job.
a. won b. earned c. lost d. got
1. An .... is someone who produces art, especially paintings or drawings.
a. engineer b. artist c. archaeologist d. animal
2. A .... is a secret group of letters or numbers.
a. passport b. password c. passive d. logo
3. .... means being part of the traditions of a country or group of people.
a. Modern b. New c. Latest d. Traditional
4. .... means made of / from wood.
a. Golden b. Wooden c. Woolen d. Silver
5. A type of heavy sticky earth that can be used for making pots is called ....
a. pray b. wool c. wood d. clay
6. .... means how good or bad something is.
a. Quantity b. Quality c. Senior d. Junior
7. Animal skin that is used for making shoes and bags means ....
a. feather b. weather c. treasure d. leather
8. I need a charger to .... my battery.
a. change b. damage c. kill d. charge
9. You should keep your.................. secret.
a. password b. glasses c. class d. name
10. I forgot my computer password, I can't .... to use it.
a. log in b. log off c. uses d. starts



11. The artists paint the pots with traditional Arabic ....
a. designs b. songs c. rings d. sings
12. The Egyptian handcrafts have the best .... and prices.
a. quality b. pollution c. population d. illness
13. Women keep .... in beautiful wooden boxes.
a. jobs b. rocks c. jewellery d. drugs
14. Most bags are made of .... which is soft.
a. stone b. metal c. wood d. leather
15. People put .... on floors to look beautiful.
a. curtains b. clothes c. carpets d. cookers
16. Please, fill .... this form.
a. in b. off c. of d. with
17. The boxes are .... with beautiful designs.
a. decorated b. decorating c. decorate d. decorates
18. Egypt is famous .... its beautiful handcrafts.
a. with b. in c. off d. for
19. We use mud to .... ceramics.
a. tell b. feel c. make d. sell
20. He .... money from handcrafts.
a. earns b. wins c. plays d. sends

The past simple tens الماضي البسيط

الاستخدام : يدل الماضى البسيط على فعل حدث فى الماضى وانتهى...

التكوين : يتكون الماضي البسيط من المصدر مضافاً له (ed) أوالتصريف الثاني للفعل الغير منتظم.

She visited Cairo last month. When I was young, I went to Alexandria

I / You / He / She / It / We / They climbed / played. فعل منتظم
I / You / He / She / It / We / They swam /slept. فعل غير منتظم

النفى: تنفى ب didn`t مع إعادة الفعل للمصدر. وكذلك الحال نسأل ب did مع إعادة الفعل للمصدر.

I / You / He / She / It / We / They did not (didn't) climb / play. المصدر
I / You / He / She / It / We / They did not (didn't) swim /sleep.المصدر

أمثلة على الاستفهام فى الماضى البسيط:

1. Did you swim in the sea?
Yes, I did. I saw a dolphin too, and I swam with it!
2. What food did you eat? I ate a lot of fish!

يستخدم مع الكلمات الآتية :

Yesterday /last / past / ago/ once / one day / in (2020)/ in the old days / in the ancient times / this morning ... the other day



Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. How .... your weekend?
a. did b. does c. was d. do
2. .... you go to the museum last week?
a. Are b. were c. Did d. do
3. Where .... you yesterday?
a. did b. do c. are d. were
4. He started playing chess when he was very little and he ......always very good at it.
a. was b. did c. were d. has
5. Where did you live when you .... a child?
a. were b. are c. was d. is
6. Last summer, my family .... a fantastic holiday in Morocco.
a. have b. had c. has d. are having
7. Salah al-Din al-Ayouby .... the citadel to protect Cairo.
a. built b. build c . builds d. building

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form

1. I .... (eat) fish last week.
2. Who did you ....(saw) last Monday?
3. She didn't .... (rode) a camel before.
4. We ....(write) in English yesterday.
5. My uncle............................. (buys) his house last summer.
6. He...(doesn't)play tennis yesterday.
7. Hala ....(is) ill last week.

Past Continuous Tense زمن الماضى المستمر

التكوين: يتكون زمن الماضى المستمر من : Was/were + V. ing

الإثبات:

I was going to the gym at 7 yeasterday.
Yesterday at this time, we were playing tennis.

النفى: عند النفى نضع كلمة (not) بعد was أو were مع ترك الفعل كما هو فى الإستمرار.

Jasmine wasn't working and I wasn't working , either.
We weren`t travelling to Cairo at 7 yeasterday.

الإستفهام: عند عمل السؤال نتبع الشكل الآتى :

أداة الإستفهام + was مفرد / were جمع + الفاعل + v.ing + المكملات ?

What were you doing at 7 yesterday? I was watching TV.

الإستخدام: للماضى المستمر إستخدامين هما:

يعبر زمن الماضى المستمر عن حدث كان مستمرا فى الماضى فى وقت محدد. بمعنى أمس الساعة السابعة مثلا.

I was helping my dad at 8 yesterday.





- كما يعبر عن حدث طويل (ماضى مستمر) قطعه حدث آخر قصير نضعه فى الماضى البسيط.

Were you helping your Dad at 8 yesterday?

While I was eating , the mobile rang. I was eating when the mobile rang.

The mobile rang while I was eating. When the mobile rang,I was eating.

الكلمات الدالة على الماضى البسيط:

While = as = Just as	While I was playing , I scored a goal. While + ماضى مستمر + ماضى بسيط
When	When I scored a goal, I was playing When + ماضى بسيط + ماضى مستمر

While she was going to the school, she saw an accident.

I was taking a shower when the bell rang.

When Dad called me, I was washing the car.

What were they doing when the flood started?

While = as = Just as	While I was playing , Zad was reading. While + ماضى مستمر + ماضى مستمر
When	When I was playing , Zad was reading. When + ماضى مستمر + ماضى مستمر

I was reading while he was watching TV.

While Haitham was swimming, Omar was cooking food.

Were you writing notes when the teacher was talking?

What were they doing while they were waiting?

ملحوظة : تأتى during مكان while ولكن يأتى بعدها إسم.

During the match, I scored a goal.

الكلمات الدالة على زمن الماضى المستمر:

While / as / just as / when / all day yesterday / at 7 o`clock yesterday / from 2 to 4 yesterday

Exercise on Grammar

1.Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. The telephone rang while Tamer .... doing his homework.

a) was b) is c) were d) are

2. Sama heard the noise .... she was watching a film.

a) if b) as c) so d) because

3. We were playing tennis when Hany .... his ankle.

a) hurting b) hurt c) was hurting d) is hurting

4. Someone opened the door while I ....

a) slept b) was slept c) sleeping d) was sleeping





5. While I was looking out of the window, it .... to rain.
a) started b) was started c) was starting d) starting
6. As I .... for tomorrow's game, I fell down and hurt my leg.
a) practise b) practising c) practised d) was practising
7. When I was younger, I .... pizza almost every day.
a) eaten b) eat c) ate d) was eating
8. The boys didn't play because it ....
a) rained b) was raining c) rains d) raining

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form

1 They .... (have) tea when the doorbell rang.
2 When he .... (arrives), we were having dinner.
3 I was sweeping the floor.......................... (while) I heard a noise.
4.They .... (forget)their books yesterday.
5.At four p.m. yesterday, I .... (did)my homework.
6.I was walking through the park when I .... (meet) Adel.

General Exercises on Lessons(4 & 3)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Wala is phoning a sales assistant to buy a tablet online.
Walaa : Hello! Can I ask about the tablets you are advertising ?
Sales assistant : Yes, of course. (1) ....?
Walaa : I want to know some information about them.(2)...............................?
Sales assistant : The prices range from 5,000 to 25,000 pounds.
Walaa : How can I see them ?
Sales assistant : (3) ....
Walaa : OK. I have received your post. How much is the second tablet ?
Sales assistant : (4) ....
Walaa : That's good ! I'll buy it. How can I get it ?
Sales assistant : (5) .... Give me your name and address, please.

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Now my phone is not working ! I need to .... the battery.
a) charge b) turn c) do d) make
2. My uncle built a new factory to .... carpets.
a) make b) give c) do d) buy
3. Many computers ask you to .... in before you can use them.
a) put b) log c) enter d) turn
4. Can you carry that .... box ? - It's very heavy.
a) woolen b) wool c) wooden d) wood



5. (WB) When you want to use a machine, first you need to turn it ....
a) off b) in c) out d) on

6. We bought a carpet made of ....
a) wool b) wood c) gold d) leather

7. This bag is made of ....
a) wood b) stone c) glass d) leather

8. While .... to my favourite singer, my mom was cooking me a delicious pie.
a) listen b) listens c) to listen d) listening

9. What .... at seven o'clock last night ?
a) has Sama done b) is Sama doing c) does Sama do d) was Sama doing

10. While I .... lunch, the bell rang.
a) eating b) eats c) ate d) was eating

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- When I went home last night, it .... (rain) heavily.
2- What were you .... (do) ?
3- As the robber .... (run) with the lady's bag, some police officers stopped him.
4- (WB) Last Tuesday, I ....(go) shopping with my friend.

(4) Complete the text with words from the list :-

(leaves – village – on – carpets – handicrafts)

The south of Egypt is famous for its beautiful (1) .... People who live here sell (2) ...., baskets and colourful pots. Some women in a (3) .... near Aswan also make beautiful handicrafts from the (4) .... of trees. When I was in Aswan, I bought a lot of pots for all members of my family.

5-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

A review about Handcrafts in south Egypt

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Unit 2- Let`s go shopping

Vocabulary

Lesson 5 & 6

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
complaint	شكوي	noisy	مزعج	Oh, dear	يا الهي
present	هدية	handcrafts	اعمال يدوية	kettle	غلاية
delivery	خدمة توصيل	order	طلب / أمر / نظام	microwave	ميكروويف
horrible	فظيع / سيء	website	موقع على الإنترنت	correct	صحيح
problem	مشكلة	kitchen	مطبخ	machine	آلة / ماكينة
email	بريدالكتروني/	delicious	لذيذ /شهى	parents	الوالدين
pots	أواني فخارية	cup of	فنجان من	wooden	خشبي
company	شركة	broken	مكسور	choose	يختار
send back	يعيد إرسال	shopping	التسوق / الشراء	charge	يشحن
different	مختلف	password	كلمة السر	leather	جلد (مدبوغ)
speaker	سماعة	information	معلومات	expensive	غالي الثمن

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
take	يأخذ	took	taken
buy	يشتري	bought	bought
come	يأتي	came	come
send	يرسل	sent	sent
choose	يختار	chose	chosen

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
easy	سهل	Simple	difficult	صعب
happy	سعيد	Delighted	sad	حزين
noisy	مزعج	naughty	peaceful / calm	هاديء
correct	صحيح	True	wrong	خطأ
take	يأخذ	get	give	يعطي



Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Un-	تعطي عكس الصفة	unhappy	حزين غير سعيد

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-y	تعطي صفة من اسم	noisy	ضوضائي صاخب
-t	تعطي اسم من فعل	complaint	شكوي
-ed	تكون صفة من فعل	trusted	موثوق به

Definitions

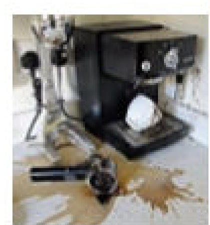
complaint	شكوي	a statement in which someone complains about something.
order	طلب	a request by a customer for a company to supply goods.
machine	آلة	a piece of equipment with moving parts that uses power.
shopping	التسوق	the activity of going to shops and buying things
horrible	سيء جدا	very bad .

Listening lesson 5 SB

Hisham :Hello, Egyptian Handcrafts. How can I help you?
Ali :Hello, I want to make a complaint.
Hisham :Oh, dear. What is the problem?
Ali : I ordered some pots three weeks ago for my shop. Your website says the delivery takes five days, but I am still waiting!
Hisham :I am very sorry about that. Can I take your name and the order number, please?
Ali :Yes, it is Ali Ahmed, and the order number is 3-4-4-5-3-8. I emailed you last week.
Hisham :Ah yes, Mr Ahmed. You ordered 50 pots for delivery to Kenya, is that right?
Ali : That's correct.
Hisham :Yes, the delivery company has your order. I will call the delivery company and ask them what the problem is and I will call you back. Can I take your phone number please?
Ali :Yes, it is 254667578. Can you call me back today, please?
Hisham :Of course.
Ali :Thank you. Goodbye.







Reading lesson 6 SB

Great Machine آلة عظيمة

I bought this as a present كهدية for my parents. They are very happy with it. It looks تبدو great in their kitchen and it is easy to use. It also makes a really delicious cup of coffee. The delivery التوصيل was quick سريع, too!

Don't buy this machine! هذه الآلة

First, I waited إنتظرت two weeks for delivery and then when the machine arrived , it was broken! كانت مكسورة It looked good but it was very noisy مزعجة and the coffee was cold and horrible. فظيعة I sent it back رجعتها and I will buy a different one.

Mrs Nahla : Good afternoon. I want to make a complaint, please?
Assistant : Oh, dear. What's the problem?
Mrs Nahla : I ordered a new kettle from your website, but when the delivery arrived this morning, it was a microwave!
Assistant : I'm very sorry about that. Can I take your name, please?
Mrs Nahla : Yes, it's Mrs Nahla.
Assistant : Ah, yes. I'll call the delivery company and ask them to send you the correct item.
Mrs Nahla : Can they take the microwave when they come?
Assistant : Yes, of course.

Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

1. A.............means a statement in which someone complains about something.
a. request b. complaint c. competition d. recipe
2. An .... is a request by a customer for a company to supply goods.
a. order b. letter c. suggestion d. request
3. A piece of equipment with moving parts that uses power is a ....
a. canteen b. basin c. machine d. routine
4. The activity of going to shops and buying things means ....
a. sailing b. walking c. shopping d. sweeping
5. .... means very bad.
a. Peaceful b. Funny c. Fantastic d. Terrible
6. Many companies have .... on the internet to show their goods.
a. sides b. websites c. oceans d. boats



7. We use a .... to boil water for tea.
a. cattle b. cassette c. kettle d. rocket
8. I didn't like the film, it was ....
a. exciting b. fantastic c. interesting d. terrible
9. The box is .... it is made of wood.
a. wooden b. metal c. woolen d. plastic
10. I bought a microwave as a .... for my parents.
a. prison b. season c. present d. uniform
11. It is important to keep your password ....
a. secret b. public c. general d. popular
12. There are many .... waiting to buy goods.
a. sellers b. assistants c. customers d. producers
13. People in Aswan sell.................. like baskets and pots.
a. technology b. handcrafts c. machines d. pollution
14. Technology has its pros and ....
a. coins b. carpets c. cans d. cons
15. The place is not cam, it is ....
a. peaceful b. quiet c. noisy d. funny
16. He is still .... for the bus.
a. wait b. waits c. waited d. waiting
17. Let's buy a present .... my sister.
a. for b. in c. on d. of
18. I am sorry .... coming late.
a. to b. for c. that d. too

5-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

" A review about Something you buy online "

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Exam Unit (1)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Janet wants to make a complaint about the coffee machine she has bought.

Janet : I went t the mall yesterday and bought a coffee machine.

Leila : ....(1) ....?

Janet : Yes, it didn't work.

Leila : Did you plug it in ?

Janet : ....(2) ....

Leila :.................................. (3) ....?

Janet : It was on sale.

Leila : Did you buy it from a trusted shop ?

Janet :.................................. (4) .... Why ?

Leila : As some people generally sell things for less price and less quality.

Janet : So what must I do ?

Leila : ....(5) ....

2) Read the following, then answer the questions :-

Buying and selling is part of everyday activities. People used to do this long ago. But shopping habits changed a lot. In the past you could deal directly with a person. You could talk to the seller and even ask for advice about the best quality and price. When there was a problem, you could go to the shop and explain it. At that time you could solve any problem at once.

Buying and selling today depend on a lot of online activities. First, you must log on the internet and choose price, the quality and time of delivery. You must provide correct and clear information to get your product. When there is a problem, you must fill in a form describing it clearly. An online assistant will contact you. But it may take a long time to get a reply. The biggest problem is that some companies can't be reached easily because they may be far away from you or you don't know the exact address. To buy online, you must be careful about your personal information. You must keep it secret and deal with trusted online companies.





A) Answer the following questions :-

1. Explain why there may be a problem when you buy something online? Give two reasons.

....

2. Are there any new shopping habits today ? Name two habits.

....

3. How can you protect your personal information when you buy something online ?

....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

4. The best title for the passage is ....

a) shopping b) buying c) selling d) internet

5. Some companies can't be reached easily because .... from you.

a) they are protected b) their products are expensive
c) they are far away d) they are usually closed

6. The underlined "it" refers to the ....

a) problem b) product c) correct price d) good quality

3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Neither Mark .... his brother is very tall.

a) and b) both c) nor d) or

2. I bought an electric .... to make tea easily.

a) toaster b) coffee machine c) kettle d) tool

3. I made a/an .... to buy a new laptop online.

a) order b) complaint c) present d) design

4. (WB) This microwave has a 25% ....

a) discount b) speaker c) deal d) website

5. You must .... the machine in before it works.

a) turn b) work c) prepare d) plug

6. You can cook fast if you use a .... It takes a few minutes.

a) kettle b) toaster c) fridge d) microwave

7. He bought a new .... phone which helps him a lot in his work.

a) fresh b) usual c) smart d) fast

8. (WB) To .... is to send a message electronically.





a) order b) email c) complain d) call

9. (SB) .... Alexandria Electronics nor Sound and Vision sell clothes.

a) Either b) Neither c) Too d) Both

10. When the phone rang, I .... a film.

a) watch b) watching c) was watching d) watched

4- Complete the text with these words :-

(charge – travel – nice – invited – sleep)

Last Friday, I went to Alexandria. I (1) .... my friends. Neither of them liked to go with me. We have (2) .... things to do during the day. But, I had to choose either to (3) ....by car or go by train. In the afternoon, my phone went off because I forgot to (4) .... it before I went out.

5) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1. I moved to a new house which is ....(wide) than mine.
2. My brother got ....(good) marks than I did.
3. As I ....(sleep), the robber stole my wallet.
4. They ....(either) run nor play. They just stay at home.

4) Write a review of about (110) words on :-

" A review about The best and worst items of technology in your house "

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Unit 3 - My Community

Vocabulary

Lesson 1 & 2

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Community	مجتمع	Heroes	أبطال	Deliver	يوصل / يسلم
events	أحداث	Rural areas	مناطق ريفية	Transport	ينقل
Effect	تأثير	Neighborhood	الحي/ مجاورة	Works of art	أعمال فنية
Leisure	أنشطة ترفيهية	Disappointed	محبط	Driving	القيادة
Sports activities	أنشطة رياضية	Disabled people	ذوى الهمم	Community projects	مشاريع مجتمعية
Initiative	مبادرة	Education	تعليم	Survey	دراسة إستطلاعية
Encourage	يشجع	Aim to	يهدف إلى	Elderly	كبار السن
Washing machine	غسالة	Equal opportunities	فرص متكافئة	Job opportunities	فرص عمل
Festival	مهرجان/ إحتفال	Object	شيىء	Local shops	أسواق محلية
Expect	يتوقع	Surprise	يدهش / يفاجىء	Meeting	إجتماع
Plan	خطة / يخطط	Health	صحة	Decent life	حياة كريمة
Solve	يحل	In addition	بالإضافة	Streetlight	مصباح الشارع
Businesses	مشاريع تجارية	Situations	مواقف		

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Know	يعرف	knew	known
Think	يعتقد / يفكر	thought	thought
put	يضع	put	put

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
safe	آمن	protected	dangerous	خطير
leisure	ترفية	relaxation	stress	توتر
disappointed	محبط	upset	content	راضى
near	قريب	Nearby/close	Far/remote	بعيد
strange	غريب	abnormal	normal	عادى



Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Dis-	تعطى العكس	Disabled	معاق
Un-	تعطى العكس	Unusual	غير معتاد
Ab-	تعطى العكس	Abnormal	غير عادي

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-y	يحول الاسم الي صفة	healthy	صحى
-ing	يحول الفعل الي صفة	Interesting	مشوق
-ly	يحول الصفة الي ظرف	Lately	مؤخرا

Definitions

Make difference	Having a good effect on a person, place or situation.
encourage	To try to make people do something by giving them support and advice
survey	A group of questions that you ask people to find out information about something
Equal opportunities	Having the same chance in life as other people
leisure	Time when you are not working
facilities	Equipment, tools, etc. that people can use to do something
neighborhood	A small area of a town or a village and the people who live in it

Language Notes

Give work	يوفر عمل	Start a project	يبدأ مشروع
Decide to	يقرر ان	Hear a bout	يسمع عن

Listening

Fareed : I think the best thing about our community is the facilities. We have some great shops and places to go to, like the library.

Salah: Yes, I think we have a very strong community. We have lots of community projects where we can volunteer to help people, especially the elderly.

Fareed : Yes, we`re starting a project next month where young people are going to help the elderly learn more about technology.

Salah : We have really good leisure activities here too - sports facilities and the children's playground, for example. There are lots of places where families can enjoy being outside together.

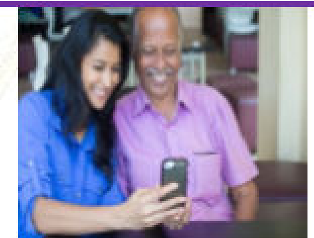
Fareed : That's right, but I think we could improve our equal opportunities. Our pavements, for example, are not accessible for all and make it difficult for disabled people to use them.

Salah : You're right. They're discussing this problem at the next community meeting

Fareed : We should go.

Salah : Good idea!

Reading



I live in a great community. There are lots of sports activities for young people, such as volleyball and tennis clubs. There are also many local facilities for people of all ages, including a great theatre and a history museum. Our roads have wide pavements, so it is not a problem for disabled people to travel around. I help at one of the community projects, too. We help the elderly to learn about the latest technology. My grandmother sends lots of text messages now!

The Decent Life Initiative مبادرة حياة كريمة



The Decent Life Initiative is an exciting plan that is really making a difference to about 32 million people who live in rural areas in Egypt. The initiative aims to improve the quality of public services; it provides more health care, better education and better job opportunities. Since 2019, the Decent Life Initiative has helped people in 377 villages to have clean water. It has also helped to repair their houses and it has sent doctors to the villages to deliver medicine and help people who are ill. It has also improved facilities for disabled people, and is helping more children to have a better education by building schools in the villages. In addition, young people will also be encouraged to find out about the interesting new businesses the Decent Life Initiative is opening, which give them work. The Decent Life Initiative will continue to help people in poor neighborhoods around the country. It plans to help to find work for more than five million young people. That really is an amazing plan!



Adjectives ending in -ing or –ed

• Use adjectives ending in -ing to describe a noun.	Use adjectives ending in –ed to describe a feeling
The plan is exciting.	Villages are excited to hear about the plan.
The new businesses are interesting	Young people will be interested in the new businesses
Five million new jobs is an amazing achievement!.	We were amazed to hear how many people it is helping.

هناك افعال تسمي (State verbs) افعال العاطفة يمكن اضافة (ing - ed) لتصبح صفات

amuse	excite	shock	annoy	amaze
comfort	bore	disappoint	surprise	confuse
frighten	tire	exhaust	encourage	relax
puzzle	interest	irritate	inspire	worry

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjective using the words in brackets.

1 I was disappointed to hear that the community centre was closing,(disappoint)

2 I did well in my exams. I was really.................. because I found the questions difficult. (surprise)

3 I was.......................by the number of people who came to the festival, (amaze)

4 That is a very........................... building,' said the architect, (interest)

5 The book was really.......................... and I didn't even finish reading it. (bore)

6 We were all very..................... when we heard about our next class trip,(excite)

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1.He's such a .... person. He never wants to go out.

a. boredom b.bore c.bored d.boring

2.He was .... to see Helen after all those years.

a. surprise b.surprising c. surprisingly d.surprised

3.Did you hear the .... news about the accident?

a. shocking b.shockingly c. shock d.shocked

4.His behaviour has been very .... in recent weeks.

a. puzzlement b.puzzle c. puzzled d.puzzling

5.Our new science teacher is very .... We sit there like mice!

a. frightening b. frighten c.frightened d. frighteningly

The Present Continuous Tense

زمن المضارع المستمر

يعبر المضارع المستمر عن حدث يقع الآن وقت الكلام.





Listen! They are shouting.   Zad is watching TV now.

لآحظ أيضا أننا نضع زمن الجملة فى زمن المضارع البسيط فى حالة عدم وجود أى من الكلمات الدالة.

He lives in Port Said.   She works in a hospital.

We don`t go to school on Fridays.

ملاحظات هامة جدا على زمن المضارع المستمر:

1. نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر للتحدث عن ترتيبات وخطط منتهية سوف تتم فى وقت معين مستقبلا.

We are starting a project next month.

They are discussing this problem at the next meeting.

2. نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر مع التعبيرت الآتية:

Arranged / arrangements / prepared / preparations

We are travelling tomorrow. Everything is arranged.

3. نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر مع المناسبات الإجتماعية مثل الحفلات وأعياد الميلاد :

My father is having his birthday next Friday.

Omar is getting married next April.

4. نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر مع الأنشطة المؤسسية التى تستلزم ترتيب مستقبلا :

Our school is going on a school trip next week.

5. نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر إذا منعك شيىء من القيام بشيىء آخر فى المستقبل :

I can`t travel because I am having an exam tomorrow.

Ahmad usually works at home but today he is working in his office.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. Ahmad .... sign language at school now.
a. learns   b. learning   c. learn   d. is learning

2. Mr Omar .... in a lovely flat.
a. lives   b. living   c. live   d. is living

3. Haneen and her neighbours .... Mr Yasser's flat.
a. are repairing   b. repair   c. repairs   d. is repairing

4. What .... Manal making for her uncle?
a.do   b. does   c. is   d. are

5. I always .... milk for breakfast.
a. am drinking   b. drink   c. drinks   d. drinking

6. Amr .... a jacket today because it is very hot.
a. not wear   b. isn't wearing   c. don't wear   d.doesn't wear

7. My father .... in a bank in the city centre.
a. works   b. worked   c. am working   d. work



8. Amr .... to work by train every day.

a. traveling b. travels c. is traveling d. travel

9. I can't come to the phone now. I ....a shower.

a. am having b. have c. will have d. am doing

10. We can't play tennis today because it ....

a. rains b. rained c. is raining d. rain

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form

1. You .... (write) an email now.
2. I ....(drink) tea at the moment
3. Mohamed and Yussif .... (isn't) watch TV every day.
4. ....(Do) you wearing a school uniform?
5. My uncle .... (living) in Cairo.
6. At the moment, Hany .... (playing) football in the club.

General Exercises on Lessons 1&2

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Magdi wants to join a charity and asks his friend, Hamid about his opinion.

Magdi : Good evening, Hamdi. I want to ask you for advice. Are you free ?

Hamdi : (1)......................... . What do you want ?

Magdi : I want to do voluntary work. (2) ....?

Hamdi : You should join a charity.

Magdi : (3) .... ?

Hamdi : You can go there and fill in a form to join them.

Magdi : Do you know any charity in our neighbourhood ?

Hamdi : (4) ....

Magdi : Can you come with me ?

Hamdi : (5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Good people often .... a difference in their neighbourhood.

a) make b) do c) encourage d) get

2. The initiative has helped more children to have a better .... by building schools.

a) health b) education c) situation d) neighbourhood

3. It's better to buy your needs from .... shops to encourage them.

a) local b) strange c) foreign d) remote

4. I .... that he'll come early as usual.





a) respect b) expect c) except d) accept

5. Young people help to .... food to the poor in our community.

a) put b) deliver c) diver d) plan

6. What fact might .... you about the Decent Life Initiative ?

a) expect b) solve c) plan d) surprise

7. I live in a great community. There are lots of sports .... for young people there.

a) theatres b) volunteers c) lines d) activities

8. They .... their flat next weekend.

a) were going to paint b) are painting

c) were painting d) are painted

9. We .... a project next week.

a) are starting b) start c) started d) going to start

10. The walk over the mountains was beautiful but it was very ....

a) tire b) tired c) tiring d) tires

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- The players ....(play) an important match next week.

2- Rania ....(clean) her room tomorrow. It's arranged.

3- I was really ....(surprising) to know that you failed your exam.

4- It is a very ....(excited) film. I'll watch it again.

4) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(strange – disabled – facilities – pavements – community)

I live in a great (1) .... There are lots of sports activities for young people, such as volleyball and tennis clubs. There are also many local (2) ....for people of all ages, including a great theatre and a history museum. Our roads have wide (3)..............., so it is not a problem for (4) .... people to travel around.

3-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

"The Decent Life Initiative "

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....



Unit 3 - My Community

Vocabulary — Lesson 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Greet	يلقى التحية	Meetings	إجتماعات	Media	وسائل إعلام
Graffiti	كتابة جدارية	Lodger	ساكن / نزيل	Respect	يحترم
Bench	مقعد(ثابت)	Noticeboard	لوحة إعلانات	Topic	موضوع
Community centre	مركزخدمة المجتمع	Kindness	عطف/حسن المعاملة	Weakness	ضعف
Food market	سوق المواد الغذائية	Darkness	ظلام	Furniture	أثاث
Matters	أمور / شئون	Business	أعمال تجارية	Healthy meal	وجبة صحية
Tenant	مستأجر	Pleasant	لطيف / ممتع	Imagine	يتخيل
Factory	مصنع	Salty	مالح	Calligraphy	فن الخط
Communicate	يتواصل / يتصل	Experience	خبرة / تجربة حياتية	Sweetness	حلاوة / عذوبة

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Sell	يبيع	Sold	Sold
Pay	يدفع مالا	Paid	Paid
Come	يأتي	Came	Come
Read	يقرأ	Read	Read

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
fail	يفشل	Miss/fall	Pass/succeed	يجتاز / ينجح
well	سليم/معافى	Good/fit	Unwell/ill	مريض
greet	يرحب	Welcome/ say hello	ignore	يتجاهل
remember	يتذكر	Keep in mind	forget	ينسى

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Un-	يعطي عكس الصفة	Unpleasant / unwell	غير صحي / غير سعيد

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ness	تكون الاسم	weakness	الضعف
-y	تكون الصفة	tidy	منظم





Definitions

graffiti	Writing or picture that people paint or draw on walls or building, although they should not do this.
lodger	Someone who pays for room in a house.
tenant	Someone who pays to live in a house.
noticeboard	A board that people put on a wall to put messages on.
bench	A long seat for two people or more.
greet	Say hello or welcome someone.
paid	Gave money for work somebody has done.
kindness	The quality of being kind, helpful and caring about others.

Language Notes

For sale	للبيع	Graffiti on the walls	رسوم (جرافيتى) على الأسوار
Donate food to people	يتبرع بطعام للناس	Give me a call	يتصل بى (تليفونيا)
Show kindness	يظهر العطف	For a rest	للراحة ...
Pay for	يدفع من أجل	Have experience in	لدية خبرة فى
Communicate with	يتواصل مع	Pleased to meet you	مسرور بمقابلتك
Forms of communication	أشكال التواصل	Sit on the beach	يجلس على الشاطىء
In need	فى إحتياج	Felt unwell	شعر بأنه ليس على ما يرام
No facilities for	لا توجد مرافق/ تسهيلات ل	Social networking sites	مواقع التواصل الإجتماعى
Covered in	مغطى ب		

Listening SB page26

My Community Matters

Man : Thank you all for coming along to the meeting, I'm going to show you a page on the whiteboard. Can you all see it clearly?

Teen girl : What is the page from? Is it a website?

Man : Yes, it's a website for the local community to share ideas called a social network service page. We`re going to start one, too. Is anyone interested in helping?

Woman : It's a very good way to communicate with everyone - after all, not everyone can come to meetings. And it's much quicker and cheaper than delivering leaflets.

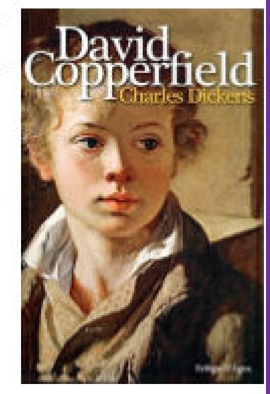
Teen boy : How do we start?



Community Matters شئون / أمور مجتمعية

Home	**-The kindness of strangers** Thanks to the kind person who helped my elderly **neighbour** last week. He felt unwell, and someone kindly helped him to a bench to sit on for a rest.
Map Topics	**-We need more trees** A few of us are going to plant some trees along the streets. It will help with pollution and also encourage more **visitors** to our town. Who is interested in joining our project?
For sale 85 Services and facilities	**-Computer repairs** Hi neighbours- I have experience in **repairing** computers and mobile phones. Give me a call if you need help!
Projects  New	**- Let`s help those in need** Please **donate** food to people who don't have enough. **Volunteers** are also wanted to help deliver boxes.
Events	**-Art Class** The community centre is going to be **closed** on Saturday next week, from 4 pm-7 pm, for an art class.
Lost and found Charities and help General	**-Graffiti** I was disappointed to see the **graffiti** on the walls of the town hall. This is a **historic** building! What are we going to do about it?

David Copperfield by Charles Dickens



I was working in the **factory** when one day, my manager **greeted** ألقى التحية me. "You have a visitor, he said, "This is Mr Micawber ." "Pleased to meet you, David, said the man. I`d like you to be my **lodger**. ساكن / نزيل He took me to his house after work. It was as poor and old as he was. He lived there with his thin wife, their baby and two small children. "I never thought that we'd need a lodger" "I never thought that we'd need a lodger" said Mrs Micawber. "But we don't have enough money, you see" I was ten years old and I had no help from my family, but my money from the factory paid for my food and room.

The Micawbers were very kind, but they were even poorer than me. One day, Mrs Micawber said, "We have nothing to eat in the house!" I tried to give her some money. I can't take this, she said. "But we have some things that we can sell. Can

you help us?" So, I sold some of their old books and furniture. الأثاث I gave the money to Mrs Micawber, and she was able to cook us all a healthy meal. وجبة صحية

Exercise on Vocabulary

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. I read an interesting .... about the new museum.
a) leaf b) meeting c) station d) leaflet

2. They put some .... in the park, for people to sit on for a rest.
a) tables b) benches c) beds d) games

3. I listen to many local radio .... on my phone.
a) decisions b) situations c) noticeboards d) stations

4. There is an article about my school in the local ....
a) newspapers b) neighbours c) benches d) leaflets

5. Tourists are always pleased by the .... of the Egyptians.
a) weakness b) darkness c) kindness d) illness

6. (SB) I was disappointed to see the .... on the walls of the town hall.
a) leaflet b) graffiti c) network d) service

7. When we arrived at my grandparents' house, they came outside to ....us.
a) greet b) need c) plant d) bleed

8. (WB) It was sunny, so we were surprised by the .... of the forest.
a) darkness b) kindness c) illness d) weakness

9. The teacher will put a message about the new art class on the ....
a) park b) bank c) noticeboard d) note

10. After finishing school, he started his own ....
a) neighbour b) business c) traffic d) darkness

11. .... you are rich, what will you buy ?
a) Include b) Imagine c) Find d) Pay

12. When you meet someone for the first time, you can say "............... to meet you".
a) Afraid b) Pleased c) Local d) Terrible

13. Thanks .... my elder brother, I could achieve my goal and be a surgeon.
a) for b) with c) about d) to

14. My neighbour's house is covered .... painting and writings.
a) in b) of c) about d) at

15. .... me a call if you need help.
a) Talk b) Do c) Give d) Send

16. There is a lot of .... buildings in Egypt.
a) history b) historian c) historic d) historical

17. He is very old. Sure, he has a lot of ....
a) experiments b) experiences c) experts d) darkness

Be going to المستقبل باستخدام

التكوين:

I	am	going to	(المصدر) read / go / study.
He / She / It	is		
We / You / they	are		

الإستخدام: 1. يعبر عن الخطط المستقبلية الى تم التخطيط لها بالفعل:

- **Use be going to for future plans, decisions and intentions.**

We're going to start our own social network service.

The street is going to be closed on Saturday.

What are we going to do about it?

I am going to leave for America. It`s my plan. خطتى

لآحظ جيدا: أننا نعبر عن الخطط بكلمة plan

2. يعبر عن النوايا:

My brother is going to come from London. He has an intension. النية

لآحظ جيدا: أننا نعبر عن النية بكلمة intension / intend

3. يعبر عن القرارات (التى تم إتخاذها مسبقا) :

I am going to buy a new car. It`s my decision. قرارى

لآحظ جيدا: أننا نعبر عن القرارات بكلمة decide / decision

4. يعبر عن التنبوءات (المبنية على دليل أو وجود ما يشتر إلى حدوث الحدث) :

It`s cloudy. ملبدة بالغيوم It`s going to rain.

5. يعبر عن الأحداث التى على وشك الحدوث :

Watch out! You are going to hit the man.

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- It's 35 degrees and it's only 7 a.m. It .... very hot today.

a was b is going to be c is being d will be

2- They ....a party next week. Everything is arranged.

a. have b. are having c. are going to have d. have had

3- He ....work in an hour. He has arranged it with his boss.

a. is leaving b. is going to leave c. will leave d. leaves

4. Tomorrow I...........the match with my friend. I have intended to do that.



A) will watch b) am watching c) watching d) am going to watch

5. The boy is sharpening his pencil, he.......his homework.

a) is writing b) will write c) will probably write d) is going to write

6. I think it .... Rain because the sky is really dark.

a) is going to rain b) is raining c) rains d) will rain

7. Watch out! The baby ....

a. will fall b. is falling c. is going to fall d. will be fallen

8- There is too little petrol left. The car.......

a)is going to stop b) stop c) is stopping d) will stop

9. We made all the arrangements; we..........a wedding party.

a. are going to give b. give c. will give d. are giving

10.we..................in the forest next Friday. We bought all the tools we need.

a) will camp b) are going to camp c) are camping d) would camp

11. A: Why are you taking down all the pictures? B: I..................the room.

a. paint b. am going to paint c.will paint d. am painting

12. Don't forget that our neighbours.......for dinner this evening.

a) come b) will come c) are going to come d) are coming

13. My father has arranged everything. He.......to Saudi Arabia for Omra next week.

a) will travel b) is travelling c) is going to travel d) travels

14. I.........to France after I finish my education as planned.

a) am flying b) am going to fly c) will fly d) fly

15.We........ my birthday party on Saturday. Would you like to come?

a) are having b) will have c) be going to have d) are being had

16- I.....................to the Book Fair to buy the books I need. This is my intention.

a) will have gone b) am going to go c)am going d) will go

17- I can't meet you tonight as I .... for the exam.

a going to revise b will have been revised c will revise d am revising

18. Osama phoned while you were out." Yes, I know. I......him back.

a) am calling b) will call c) am going to call d) will be calling

19.The wind is getting stronger. I think there................a sandstorm.





a) is being b) will be c) is going to be d) going

20. A: Why are you switching TV? B : I................a football match.

a) will watch b) am watching c) am going to watch d) watch

General Exercises on Lessons 3&4

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Maya ande soha are talking about reading

Maya : What are you doing, Soha ?
Soha : (1) ....
Maya : A novel ! That's great. (2) ....?
Soha : I started reading it last week.
Maya : (3) ....?
Soha : The writer is called Charles Dickens.
Maya : What's the title of the novel ?
Soha : (4) ....
Maya : Oliver Twist ! Is it an exciting novel ?
Soha : (5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. The girl gave the thief her bag .... fear.
a) for b) in c) about d) of
2. My father is busy today because he has lots of ....
a) volunteers b) nephews c) neighbours d) meetings
3. They will move .... their new flat next month.
a) to b) off c) with d) up
4. Deaf people always communicate .... each other in sign language.
a) on b) from c) with d) for
5. We will remove the .... on the wall of the important buildings. They are very bad.
a) ideas b) volunteers c) bricks d) graffiti
6. To keep in .... means to remember.
a) minutes b) fear c) mend d) mind
7. (SB) Do you .... with other people in your community ?
a) collect b) encourage c) correct d) communicate
8. Randa .... a new gold ring next week.
a) is bought b) is going to be bought c) is going to buy d) bought
9. What are those dark clouds ? - I think it ....
a) rains b) is going to rain c) will rain d) is raining





10. (SB) We are going …………… our own social network service.
a) to start b) to starting c) start d) starting

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- ………………..(Be) you going to buy that flat ?
2- What time is she going to …………………(finishing) the painting ?
3- (SB) What are we …………………..(go to) do about it ?
4- Marwa …………………(going) meet her friend, Ola at the club. It's her decision.

4) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(streets – interested – pollution – plant - go)

We need more trees! A few of us are going to (1) ……………. some trees along the (2)…………… . It will reduce (3) ………………… and also encourage more visitors to come to our town. Who is (4) ………………….. in joining our project ?

3-Write a paragraph of about (110) words on:

"A review about Community matters "

………………………………………………………………………………………………………
………………………………………………………………………………………………………
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Unit 3 - My Community

Vocabulary — Lesson 5 & 6

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
firstly	أولا	conclude	يختم / ينهى	Heisa	هيسا (جزيرة نوبيه)
however	ومع ذلك	furthermore	علاوة على ذلك	result	نتيجة
summarise	يلخص	In addition	بالإضافة إلى ذلك	daughter	إبنة
Tourist attraction	جذب سياحى	happiness	سعادة	contrast	تناقض / تباين
repair	يصلح	invite	يدعو	situation	موقف / حالة
adult	بالغ / راشد	builder	عامل بناء	greetings	تحيات
introduce	يقدم	result	نتيجة	windsurfing	ركوب الأمواج
introductions	مقدمات	contact	يتصل	extra	إضافى

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Know	يعرف	knew	known
Think	يعتقد / يفكر	thought	thought
buy	يشتري	bought	bought
eat	يأكل	ate	eaten
drink	يشرب	drank	drunk
meet	يقابل	met	met

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
well	سليم/معافى	Good/fit	Unwell/ill	مريض
remember	يتذكر	Keep in mind	forget	ينسى
leisure	ترفية	relaxation	stress	توتر
disappointed	محبط	upset	content	راضى
strange	غريب	abnormal	normal	عادى

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
in	تعطى العكس	Informal	غير رسمى

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
ly	تعطى الحال	Firstly	أولا



Listening



Narrator : One

Fares : Hi, there, Omar!
Omar : Hello, Fares!
Fares : Do you know my cousin, Adam?
Omar : No, I don't.
Fares : Adam, meet Omar. Omar, meet Adam.
Omar : Nice to meet you, Adam!
Adam : Nice to meet you, too.

Narrator : Two



Samira : Hi, there Ola!
Ola : Hello, Samira! Have you met Randa? She's just started working at our office.
Samira: No, we haven't met. It's a pleasure بكل سرور !to meet you
Randa: Pleased to meet you, too, Samira!

Narrator: Three

Sara : Good morning. I'd like to introduce myself. I`m Sara. I`m your new neighbour.
Lamar : Pleased to meet you, Sara! I`m Lamar, and this my mother, Mrs Mansour.
Sara : Pleased to meet you both.
Mrs Mansour : It's a pleasure to meet you, too, Sara. Welcome to our neighbourhood!

Reading

Firstly, let me say how much we all love our Children's Library. However, it now needs some work. The children don't like it anymore because it looks old and needs painting. We want to encourage children to use the library again.

At our community meeting, we decided to improve the building. We want to invite you to help us. We got some ideas from the Mashrou El Saada community project, You can see a photo of their work above.

Every year, a group of people go to Heisa, near Aswan, to paint the houses in "colours of happiness". We are going to do the same thing here! It will make our library look exciting. Furthermore, the library will become a tourist attraction.

To conclude, we are looking for volunteers to help us plan and complete the project. If you are interested, please contact me!





Firstly, let me say how proud we are of the castle in our town However, it now needs some work. People love walking on top of the castle walls, but some of them are dangerous. Also, some people leave rubbish inside the castle.

At our community meeting, we decided to improve the castle. We are going to get some builders to repair the walls. Furthermore, children at the school are going to help clean up the rubbish.

To conclude, we think that the castle is going to look amazing and will become a tourist attraction.

One day, I saw a message on the noticeboard لوحة إعلانات by the front door to our flats. It said that Mr Maher, who is very elderly, needed a new bench The one he sits on outside his flat is broken. So, I encouraged all my neighbours to help to buy him a new one. Some men delivered it this morning. Mr Maher was very surprised when it arrived! Mr Maher was very pleased by our kindness. Our neighbourhood is very friendly and we like to help each other.



I`d like to say thank you to the young woman who helped me yesterday. I was walking along the pavement when suddenly felt very tired. I'm elderly, you see.

A young woman saw me and greeted me warmly , She encouraged me to sit down on a bench and have a rest It was so wonderful to be treated with such kindness. That's why I'm so happy to live in this neighbourhood. Our community is so kind and helpful!

Important Notes ملاحظات هامة

1. يوجد بعض الكلمات التى نستخدمها للإضافة:

And / In addition / in addition to / furthermore

and	بمعنى (و) وتربط بين كلمتين أو جملتين متوافقتين.	Ibrahim and Kamal are friends. I played football and scored a goal.
In addition	بمعنى (بالإضافة) وتربط بين جملتين متوافقتين وتأتى قبل بداية الجملة الثانية ويأتى قبلها نقطة وبعدها علامة ال (,)	My uncle built a house. In addition, he built a mosque. I am a teacher. In addition, I am a sportsman.
In addition to	بمعنى (بالإضافة) ويأتى بعدها وقد تأتى فى بداية الكلام أو وسطه ولكن يأتى بعدها إسم أو ing	My uncle built a house in addition to a mosque. In addition to being a teacher, I am a sportsman.

Furthermore	بمعنى (علاوة على ذلك) وتأتى قبل بداية الجملة الثانية ويأتى بعدها علامة ال (,)	I will go to the library. Furthermore, I will go to the market to buy apples.

2. يوجد بعض الكلمات التى نستخدمها للتعبير عن التناقض:

But / however/ However

but	بمعنى (ولكن) وتعبر عن التناقض ويأتى قبلها بعدها علامة ال (,)	I want to go to the sea, but I can`t swim.
however	بمعنى (ومع ذلك) وتعبر عن التناقض ويأتى قبلها وبعدها علامة ا ل (,)	I want to go to the sea, however, I can`t swim.
However	بمعنى (ومع ذلك) وتعبر عن التناقض ويأتى قبلها نقطة وبعدها علامة ا ل (,)	I want to go to the sea. However, I can`t swim.

3. هناك بعض التعبيرات قد نستخدمها عن كتابة البراجراف أو الإيميل:

Firstly, ….. / To conclude, ….. / To summarise, ….. / To sum up, …..

Firstly,	بمعنى (أولا)	Firstly, enter the website.
To conclude,	بمعنى (للختام)	To conclude, we are looking for builders to help us finish.
To summarise,	بمعنى (إختصارا ل ...)	To summarise, the government does its best to help us.
To sum up,	بمعنى (إختصارا ل ...)	To sum up, for healthy heart you must do exercises and eat healthy food.

4. الفارق بين : So / because

so	بمعنى (لذلك) ويأتى بعدها جملة كاملة تعبر عن النتيجة	We want to learn, so we go to school.
because	بمعنى (لذلك) ويأتى بعدها جملة كاملة تعبر عن السبب	we go to school because we want to learn,

Exercise on Vocabulary

1-finish the following dialogue

.A tourist is asking a policeman for directions.

Tourist : Excuse me, can you help me?
Policeman : Yes, of course.
Tourist : (1)……………………………………………………
Policeman : Which place are you asking about?
Tourist : (2)……………………………………………………?
Policeman : The train station is over there opposite the bank.
Tourist : (3)……………………………………………………?
Policeman : No, it's very near. You needn't take a taxi.
Tourist : Ok. I'll (4)…………………………………. Thanks for your help.



Policeman : (5) ....

3-Read the following, then answer the questions:

Humans aren't the only intelligent ones on earth. Research shows that animals are also intelligent. Dolphins are one example; the dolphin's brain is large and complex. Dolphins look after each other when they are ill. They protect weak dolphins from dangerous animals. They even have a language which they use to communicate with each other. Elephants also are famous for their intelligence. Scientists have discovered that elephants understand the differences in human feelings. Research also shows that they can use tools from their environment to reach fruits on far trees. Elephants even feel sad for the death of their friends. They stand next to the bones of other animals. They have a strong memory. If somebody hurts anyone of their family, they come back and hit them

A) Answer the following questions:

1. What do elephants use to reach fruits on far trees?

....

2. How do dolphins communicate with each other?

....

3. Do you think doing research on animals is useful? Why/ Why not?

....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The underlined word "They" refers to ....

a. scientists b. dolphins c. elephants d. humans

5. The word "complex" means ....

a. simple b. clear c. very simple d. difficult

6.Scientists have .... that elephants understand the differences in human feelings

a. made b. invented c. said d. discovered

Exam Unit (3)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Asraf is meeting a tourist in the Egyptian Museum.

Ashraf : Welcome to Egypt. How do you do ?

Tourist : Hello, (1) ....

Ashraf : (2) ....?

Tourist : I'm from Italy.

Ashraf : (3) ....?

Tourist : I will stay for a week.





Ashraf : Is this your first visit ?
Tourist : (4) .... I have come here three times before.
Ashraf : What's your opinion about the Egyptian people ?
Tourist : (5) .... Really ! I like them very much.

2) Read the following passage, then answer the questions :-

Firstly, we all love our Children's Library. However, it now needs some work. The children don't like it anymore because it looks old and needs painting. We want to encourage children to use the library again. At our community meeting, we decided to improve the building. We want to invite people to help us. We got some ideas from the Mashrou E-Saada community project. There are many photos of this project. Every year, a group of people go to Heisa, near Aswan, to paint the houses in colours of happiness. We are going to do the same thing here ! It will make our library look exciting. Furthermore, the library will become a tourist attraction.
To conclude, we are looking for volunteers to help us plan and complete the project.

1. Explain why the children's library need some work. Give two reasons.

....

2. What is the relation between the library and the houses in Mashrou El-Saada ?

....

3. In your opinion of view, are libraries important ? Why / Why not ?

....

4. The passage is about ....

a) Renewing the children's library b) voluntary work
c) our community d) Mashrou El Saada

5. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to ....

a) project b) community c) painting d) library

6. Which of the following was mentioned in the passage ....

a) the idea to make the library attractive b) asking for volunteers to help them
c) painting houses in colours of happiness d) the location of the library

3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. We should take part in our community ....
a) messages b) shops c) events d) accidents

2. All people should have .... opportunities.
a) different b) difficult c) remote d) equal

3. It was very .... to sit under that tree drinking some tea.
a) pleasant b) pleased c) violent d) disappointed

4. We all often listen to our local radio .... daily.



a) pavement b) platform c) station d) situation

5. (SB) Your brother or sister's son is your ....

a) cousin b) nephew c) uncle d) parent

6. Ahmad is not at school today because he is ....

a) good b) careful c) ill d) well

7. I was very .... to learn how many people didn't have enough food.

a) surprised b) surprising c) bored d) boring

8. What time .... deliver the new washing machine ?

a) they are going to b) are they going to
c) were they going to d) they were going to

9. Amira intends to fix her broken laptop next week. This means that ....

a) she is going to fix it b) she fixed it c) she was fixing it d) she fixes it

10. The community centre .... closed on Saturday next week.

a) is going b) is going to c) is going to be d) is going to being

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1. When ....(they going) go shopping ?
2. Where ....(you go) to watch the match tomorrow ?
3. Adham ....(go) to take an English course next summer.
4. I ....(not going) travel to Luxor this week.

4) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(elderly – repeated – bench – greeted – along)

I'd like to say thank you to the young woman who helped me yesterday. I was walking (1) .... the pavement when I suddenly felt very tired. I'm (2)................, yousee. A young woman saw me and (3) .... me warmly. She encouraged me to sit down on a (4) .... and have a rest.

7) Write a story of about (110) words on :-

" A person who made a difference in your community "

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....

Review A

1 Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets

Museum of Natural Science

Last year, there 1 ..was...(be) an amazing exhibition of sea animals at the Museum of Natural Science. While visitors 2.............................. (walk) around the exhibition, they could also watch videos and listen to the sounds of the sea. Next year, another exhibition 3......................... (tell) visitors about animal life in the desert. Many people 4......................(think) that the desert 5......................... (not have) much life in it. This exhibition 6 .... (show) that lots of animals live there, if you know where to look! The exhibition 7... (open) on the 5,h of March. Tickets 8....................(be) on sale now from the museum or online.

2 Choose the correct word.

1 The videos of the sea animals were amazed / amazing

2 My son is interested / interesting in how animals can live in the desert.

3 Gameel was frightened / frightening when he saw the snake in the desert.

4 I learnt lots of surprised / surprising things about sea animals.

5 Medhat was really excited / exciting before going to the exhibition, but he thought it was a bit bored / boring



I'm really excited about this week as I'm going to start my new volunteering job! My basketball team are going to play basketball with some disabled children and teach them about the game. I love children (I have three younger brothers and sisters) so I think it will be really fun. I'm happy I can volunteer with my friends, too. I think it is important that people help their community.



My friend and I are looking for some volunteer work. We want to help elderly people or young children. We both like little children! We are going to ask at local community centres about reading to elderly people and local schools about helping young children to read. We read a lot in our spare time but we want to do something useful for other people

3 Complete the sentences with (both... and, either... or or neither... nor).

1 Both... Tarek and Judy like children.

2......................... Tarek....................... Judy is working as volunteers now.

3 Judy wants to work with.............................. elderly people children.



4 Tarek is going to........................ play...................... teach basketball.
5 ....of the teenagers are going to volunteer with their friends

4 Complete the text with these words.

At – best – bored – either – famous – interesting – ~~introduce~~ – neither – Next – oldest - opens

Good morning, everyone. I'd like to 1 introduce myself. I'm Judy and I work for See the best of Cairo. Today, you're going to I visit two places. They are not the most 2.................. ones, but we think they are the 3 ! Why? Because they are 4............................. full of tourists nor expensive, but they have some very 5.......................... things to see. Firstly, in the morning, we're taking you to the Egyptian Railways Museum. It 6..................... at 9 am. Here you'll find trains but also some other historical forms of transport, including planes. The museum is 7........................ to Cairo train station. Then, 8....................... about 2 pm, we're going to the House of
Gamal Al-Din Al-Dahabi. This is one of the 9.......................... houses in the city, built in the seventeenth century. It has beautiful windows, doors and even a fountain. We know you won't be 10...................... in 11........................ of these places!

5 Choose the correct words to complete the dialogue.

Man: Good afternoon, I'd like to make /take a complaint.
Assistant: What's the answer / problem?
Man: I ordered something from your website but it hasn't arrived.
Assistant: I'm very 3 sad / sorry about that. What did you order?
Man: A black kettle.
Assistant: A black kettle? Why 4 can't / don't you come to our shop? We have one here. You don't have to pay anything more.
Man : Thank you. Where is your shop?
Assistant: It's next to the museum. From the station, turn right and walk 5past / passed the clothes shop. We are on the left.
Man: What time do you open?
Assistant: We 6 open / are opening from 8 am to 4 pm every day except Friday.



Exam Unit(1,2&3)

1-finish the following dialogue

Hany and Omar are talking about a problem in their village.

Hany : Hello Omar! (1).. ?
Omar : Hello, Hany! I'm thinking about a problem
Hany : (2).. ?
Qmar : Many people in our village are poor and don't find clean water.
Hany : What do you think we can do to help them?
Omar : (3)................................ ....
Hany : We can also help deliver medicines to their houses.
Omar : (4)..
Hany : When can we start? Omar : (5). ....

2-Read the following, then answer the questions:

Computers are probably the most important modem invention. They are machines which follow programs that tell the computer how to store and control electronic information. A computer can <u>do</u> difficult sums very quickly. Computers are important for three main reasons. They are flexible, accurate and can store lots of information in their memory. Computers are now used in banks, at home and in factories. The internet allows people to communicate with anyone around the world in seconds. Most books are now made with the help of computers. Even doctors use computers to help them examine their patients. So, we thank the inventors of this lovely machine

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Why are computers important?
....
2. Where can computers be used?
....
3. Do you think computers are necessary in learning? Why? Why not?
....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. Programs are ....

a. telephones b. machines c. books d. instructions

5. To thank someone means that you are ....

a. pleased b. displeased c. ungrateful d. angry

6. The underlined word " do " here means...................

a. work on b. work for c. work out d. work with

3- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. Be careful in that shop. It sells …………., which breaks easily.
a. walls b. pottery c. toys d. brochures
2.The British Museum is one of London's most popular tourist ………………………..
a) attractions b) productions c) conclusions d) collections
3. Tomorrow I………………the match with my friend. I have intended to do that.
A) will watch b) am watching c) watching d) am going to watch
4. The shop is ……………………..for a new assistant. Perhaps Manal can work there
a. communicating b.writing c.arranging d.advertising
5- ………………..includes designing and building roads, bridges, machines etc.
a. Industry b.Farming c.Engineering d.Medicine
6. The sports centre is on the ……………………….opposite the hospital.
a- between b– corner c- behind d- next to
7- ………………………..of two friends came to the party. They were too ill.
a. Neither b. Either c.Both d. None
8. This shop offers a……………………..MP3 player if you buy two computer laptops
a) leisure b) kind c)busy d) free
9. These handicrafts are very popular………………………………tourists.
a) for b) to c)at d) with
10. The Decent Life Initiative provides more………………so it has sent doctors villages.
a) public services b) education c) opportunities d) health care

6.Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1.He has arranged everything. He……………………(spend)his holiday in New York.
2.Our new science teacher is very …………………(frighten). We sit there like mice!
3.The library………………………………… (opening) at 8.30 in the morning.
4.My brother and I……………………..(neither) like playing tennis.

7- write a paragraph of 110 words about:

" Helping the community"

……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………

Unit 4 - Have you ever travelled by plane?

Vocabulary

Lesson 1 & 2

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
orphanage	دار أيتام	ride	يركب	teenager	مراهق
orphan	يتيم	win	يفوز	fog	ضباب
compete	يتنافس	dream	يحلم / حلم	foggy	ضبابي
competition	مسابقة	deaf	أصم	terrible	فظيع
snorkel	يغطس بأنبوب	follow	يتبع	return	يعود
China	الصين	awake	مستيقظ	scared	خائف
Chinese	صيني	a raft	قارب	scary	مخيف
adventure	مغامرة	countryside	الريف	scare	يخيف
point	نقطة	fun	متعة - مزاح	naughty	مشاغب
period	فترة	sequel	تكملة - نتيجة	successful	ناجح
a flat	شقة	grandparents	الأجداد	discover	يكتشف
headache	صداع	canoe	زورق	discovery	اكتشاف

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Dream	يحلم	dreamt	dreamt
Steal	يسرق	stole	stolen
win	يفوز	won	won
ride	يركب	rode	ridden
hide	يخفي	hid	hidden
think	يفكر - يعتقد	thought	thought

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Wide	عريض – واسع	Large – broad	Narrow	ضيق
Elderly	كبير في السن	old	Young	صغير السن
Strange	غريب	Abnormal	Normal	عادي
Disappointed	محبط	Upset	Content	سعيد
leisure	ترفيه	Relaxation	Pressure	ضغط
Near	قريب	Close	Far – remote	بعيد
Deliver	يسلم	Bring	Receive	يستلم
safe	امن	protected	dangerous	خطير

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Un	تعطي عكس الصفة	Unusual	غير عادي
dis	تعطي عكس الصفة	disabled	معاق

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Ly	تحول الصفة الي ظرف	Loudly	بصوت عالي
Ing	تكون صفة	Amazing	مذهل
y	تكون صفة	healthy	صحي

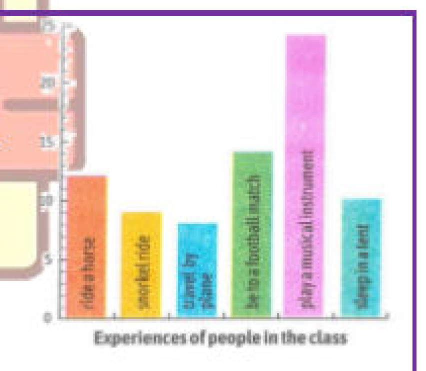
Definitions

orphanage	Is a place for care and education for children who have no parents
experience	Something that happens in your life.
snorkel	Swim using equipment that allows you to breath while your face under water.

Language Notes

Have a headache	لديه صداع	Do the homework	يعمل الواجب
Wait for	ينتظر ل	On time	في الوقت المحدد

Lesson SB



I asked the people in my class about their experiences.
Most people in the class have played a musical instrument.
Not many people have ridden a horse or slept in a tent.
Even fewer people have snorkelled. Most people in the class have never travelled by plane, but Hazem has travelled by plane three times I also asked, have you ever been to a football match? About half the people in the class haven't been to a football match and about half the class have.

3 Circle the correct words.

Judy: Dad, how long 1did you work / have you worked at the bank?

Dad: I've worked there 2 for / since we moved to Cairo.

Judy: How long 3 have you / you have lived in Cairo?

Dad: We've been in Cairo 4 for / since you were born, but we lived in a different flat then.

Judy: How long have you lived in this flat?
Dad: Well, we've lived here 5 for / since ten years.
Judy: So my brother Imad 6 has always lived / always lived here?
Dad: Yes, he's nine now, so he's lived here 7 for / since all of his life.

Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Complete the following dialogue:

Ali is talking to a tourist

Ali	:	Can I ask you some questions?
Tourist	:	……………………………………………(1)……………………………………
Ali	:	……………………………………………(2)……………………………………?
Tourist	:	I come from England.
Ali	:	……………………………………(3)……………………………………………?
Tourist	:	No, this is my second visit?
Ali	:	What is your opinion of Egypt?
Tourist	:	……………………………………………(4)……………………………………
Ali	:	I hope that you have a good stay?
Tourist	:	……………………………………………(5)……………………………………

2. Read and complete the text with words from the list .

museums busy live life visit visited

I have lived in a village in the south of Egypt all my (1)……………. I have never been to another country, but last years I (2)…………. Cairo with my uncle and my cousins. It was so big and (3)………, but it was fun. We went to lots of (4)………………… because I am interested in history.

3-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. An……………..is something that happens in your life.
a. test b. experience c. experiment d. taste
2. ……………………means relating to music.
a. Musical b. Magical c. Funny d. Marriage
3. An………………is a palace where orphans live.
a. attic b. theatre c. museum d. orphanage
4. A…………………means a contest.
a. competition b. race c. face d. menu
5. A………………means things that happen when you are sleeping.
a. cream b. clean c. dream d. flame
6. A…………………means pieces of wood tied together to float on water.



a. cave b. raft c. draft d. quake

7. To walk or drive behind someone means to.......................
a. follow b. below c. steal d. deal

8. A................is a long, narrow boat for one or two people.
a. canoe b. ship c. plane d. train

9.......................means not sleeping.
a. Aware b. Awake c. Away d. Ahead

10. To feel strongly about someone or something means.................
a. care about b. forget c. remember d. steal

11. ....means difficulty in reading and spelling.
a. Insomnia b. Dyslexia c. Theft d. Robbery

12. To find out information about something means..................
a. cover b. discover c. sell d. lose

13. A ....is the thing that tells how you have done in an exam.
a. cause b. result c. insult d. desert

1. ....is a water sport.
a. Snorkelling b. Judo c. Volleyball d. Gymnastics

2. An................is a place where orphans stay.
a. prison b. hospital c. orphanage d. area

3. People have many...............in life.
a. expert b. exercise c. experiments d. experiences

4. The drum and piano are....................instruments.
a. musical b. diving c. sailing d. flying

5. Have you ever slept in a................?
a. fan b. tent c. rent d. apartment

6. I think travelling by...............is comfortable.
a. plate b. plan c. plane d. rock

7. They have know each...................for many years.
a. others b. other c. an other d. other's

8. They live in a.................overlooking the Nile.
a. flat b. apartment c. orphanage d. lift

9. The Pyramids are one of the ancient...............
a. wanders b. warriors c. wonders d. passengers

10. Egypt has a lot of.....................from the past.
a. moments b. monuments c. mobiles d. planes

11. We enjoy our life here, there are a lot of.............to do.
a. mistakes b. homework c. activities d. progress

12. Luxor is a popular ....with tourists.
a. education b. destination c. archaeology d. technology

13. The Red sea has beautiful.................reefs.
a. caller b. rural c. moral d. coral

14. Bedouins usually sleep in......................
a. hotels b. combs c. tents d. tombs



15. How..................have you known your friend? - For ten years.
a. many b. long c. wide d. often
16. He is not ...., he is single.
a. married b. double c. return d. solar
17. Sharks and dolphins are ....animals.
a. healthy b. tame c. funny d. sea
18. They got.......................last year.
a. marry b. marries c. marrying d. married
19. Orphans live in an.......................
a. orphanage b. idea c. uniform d. application
20. Have you ever tried the Chinese................? - It is delicious.
a. nationality b. food c. goods d. roads

The present perfect

♣ يتكون زمن المضارع التام من : (have أو has + pp التصريف الثالث)

1- يعبر عن حدث وقع في الماضي وله اثر أو نتيجة الآن
♣ I've lost my glasses .I can't read.

2 – يعبر عن فعل حدث منذ فترة قصيرة ويأتي مع (just) كلمة
♣ She has just left the school.

3 – يعبر عن فعل لم يحدث أبداً ويأتي مع (never) كلمة
♣ I have never been to America.

4 – يعبر عن حدث بدأ في الماضي ومازال يحدث حتي الآن
♣ I have lived here for twelve years .

يأتي المضارع التام مع الكلمات الآتية:

ever / never / just / already / lately / recently / up till now / so far / yet
over the years / since / for // this morning // this week

♣ We have bought a new fridge recently .
♣ She has drunk two cups of coffee up till now.
♣ His hair has gone grey over the years.
♣ Have you ever met a celebrity?
♣ I haven't seen the film yet.
♣ Have you swept the floor yet ?
♣ Recently, she has bought a machine.
♣ I haven't seen her lately. (lately) تفضل في النفي

since + اسم / بداية فترة زمنية
For + مدة زمنية محددة

أي اسم أو زمن بالأرقام Since يأتي بعد	الكلمات الاتية :For يأتي بعد
2005 / summer / winter / 7 o'clock / Saturday / then / last week / the last match / her wedding / his death	3 years / two months / a while / 4 weeks five days / an hour / seconds minutes / for how long / more than

لاحظ (ماضي بسيط when ماضي بسيط last)

He has lived here since 2010	He has lived here for ten years
I haven't visited Luxor since last year.	I haven't visited Luxor for the last year
He has slept since 10.00	He has slept for 6 hours
Since when has he left the house?	For how long have you played football?
Since / قـــــــاعدة	

1- Since (ماضي بسيط) , (مضارع تام) / (مضارع تام) since (ماضي بسيط)

♣Since my friend travelled abroad , I haven't heard from her
♣ They haven't eaten shrimps since they were in Alexandria
♣ He last played squash when he was in Hurghada .

2 - (مضارع تام) since (بداية فترة زمنية أو اسم)

♣ She has been married since 2010. / I have been here since last week
♣She has worked as a doctor since her graduation / He has disappeared since her death

3- It's (مدة محددة) since (ماضى بسيط)

♣It's half an hour since I played football. = ♣ I have played football for half an hour
♣ It's 10 years since we lived in Tanta . = ♣We have lived in Tanta for ten years
♣I have never visited Luxor before. ♣This is the first time I have ever visited Luxor
♣This is the first time he has ever seen a lion ♣ He has never seen a lion before

♣(never) + (such + اسم موصوف)

♣He has never met such a beautiful girl . ♣ I have never played such a tough match .

(صفة درجة ثالثة أو ثانية) + (ever)

♣ Amira is the most intelligent student I have ever met.

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Have you ever....................to a football match.
a. be b. been c. goes d. went
2. They...................never travelled by plane.
a. are b. has c. have d. were
3. She has been married...................over 50 years.
a. since b. for c. on d. ago
4. She hasn't been to another country....................
a. since b. for c. yet d. just
5. Mona has eaten sandwiches .... an hour.
a. for b. since c. yet d. ago
6. Abdou and Mohamed .... taken some photos.
a. has b. have c. is d. was
7. We have known each other......................a long time.
a. ago b. since c. last d. for
8. They have......................... me that before.
a. tell b. tells c. telling d. told
9. We have never .... fish.
a. eat b. eats c. eaten d. eating
10. Atef......................not been to France.
a. has b. have c. is d. are
11. He has.......................to school. He is at home now.

a. gone b. been c. went d. going

12. All the information........................been written.

a. are b. were c. have d. has

13. Someone has....................this picture.

a. drew b. draws c. drawing d. drawn

14. They..........................here since they got married.

a. have lived b. lived c. has lived d. lives

15. He has been abroad........................2004.

a. for b. in c. since d. on

2. Complete the following with the correct form

1. ....(Is) she taken the money?
2. They have lived here................................(since) a year.
3. He has..(be) to Aswan.
4. She ....(has) done homework yet.
5. He has..(visiting) many countries.

General Exercises on Lessons 1&2

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Marwan is phoning his friend, Tamer who's getting ready to travel to London.

Marawan : Hi, Tamer. How are you ?

Tamer : (1) ...., and you ?

Marawan : (2) ....

Tamer : (3) ....?

Marawan : I'm getting ready to fly to London.

Tamer : London ! Why will you travel there ?

Marawan : (4) ....

Tamer : Your cousins! (5) ....?

Marawan : I'll stay there for a week.

Tamer : Great ! A week is enough to see London, too.

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d :-

1. I haven't .... a horse before.

a) climbed b) moved c) ridden d) flown

2. Have you ever .... in the sea ?

a) flown b) snorkelled c) slept d) ridden

3. (WB) Has anyone in your family ....a mountain ?

a) got b) climbed c) ridden d) moved

4. My friend asks me if I have .... in a tent before.

a) slept b) moved c) ridden d) flown

5. I .... a terrible headache.

a) have b) make c) do d) enjoy

6. (WB) I have never .... Chinese food. I might try it next time.

a) ridden b) snorkelled c) tried d) been

7. (WB) My parents .... married in 2001.

a) gave b) got c) did d) found

8. Hatem .... in this company since 2005.

a) works b) is working c) have worked d) has worked

9. .... a novel by Charles Dickens ?

a) Have you ever read b) Have you read ever

c) Have read ever you d) Have ever your read

10. (WB) My family has been in Cairo .... I was ten.

a) ever b) never c) for d) since

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- Shadi has walked .... (since) two hours.

2- Adel has .... (never eat) Chinese food.

3- (WB) Have you ever ....(make) a cake ?

4- (WB) Has he finished on time ? - Yes, he .... (hasn't)

(4) (SB) Complete the sentences with these words :

(eaten – ridden – tent – rode – travelled)

I asked the people in my class about their experiences. Most people in the class have (1) .... Chinese food. Not many people have (2) .... a horse or slept in a (3) .... Even fewer people have snorkelled. Most people in the class have never (4) .... by plane.

6- Write a paragraph of about (110) words on :-

" A review about Your experiences "

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Unit 4 - Have you ever travelled by plane?

Vocabulary

Lesson 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
grandparents	الأجداد	canoe	زورق	raft	عوامة قارب بدائي
dream	يحلم – حلم	deaf	أصم لا يسمع	join	ينضم إلى
awake	مستيقظ	follow	يتتبع	wood	خشب
care about	يعتنى بـ - يهتم بـ	countryside	الريف	float	يطفو
sports club	نادى رياضى			terrible	فظيع – مريع
fun	متعة	special	خاص -خاصة	return	يعود
concert	حفلة موسيقية	continue	يستمر	forest	غابة
sports club	نادى رياضى	instrument	آلة موسيقية	sequel	تتمة – تكملة
hard of hearing	ضعيف السمع / ثقيل السمع	Cairo Opera House	دار الأوبرا المصرية	sign language	لغة الإشارة
change	يتغير - يُغير	fun novels	روايات فكاهية	Athens	أثيناعاصمة اليونان
scare	يخيف	teenage boys	مراهقين	similarities	أوجه التشابه
environment	البيئة	foggy	ضبابى	fog	ضباب

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
let	يدع	let	Let
say	يقول	said	Said
hide	يخبئ	hid	hidden
steal	يسرق	Stole	stolen

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
brave	شجاع	fearless	coward	جبان
clever	ماهر	smart	stupid	غبي
local	محلي	native	international	دولي
naughty	مشاغب	noisy	quiet	هادئ
dangerous	خطير	serious	safe	امن

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
ing	تعطي الصفة	amazing	مذهل

Definitions



follow	Walk or drive behind someone
dream	Pictures and sounds that you think they are happened when you are sleeping
Care about	Feel strongly about something
raft	Pieces of wood that are put together so they can float on water
Canoe	A long, narrow boat for one or two people.
Awake	Not sleeping.

Language Notes

Special school	مدرسة خاصة(تقدم خدمة خاصة)	Private school	مدرسة خاصة (ليست ملكا للدولة)

Maher

I have lived in a village in the south of Egypt all my life. I have never been to another country, but last year I visited Cairo with my uncle and my cousins It was so big and busy, but it was fun. We went to lots of museums because I am very interested in history.



Azza

I have had hearing problems all my life and I learnt sign language from when I was a baby. When I first started school, I went to a special school for deaf children. Now, I have been at a local school for three years. I am the only hard of hearing person in my class. Sometimes it is difficult, but I have a teacher who can use sign language to help me. She explains things I can't understand in sign language. Some of my friends have learnt some sign language, so they can help me, too.

Wael

My parents died when I was a baby so I have lived with my grandparents since I was one. We used to live in the countryside, but we moved to the city three years ago. I like living here, there is lots to do. I joined a handball club and I have won lots of matches with my team. It's really fun.





Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Read and complete the text with words from the list :

family groups changed bathroom for since

Different families have lived in our house (1).............. over 200 years. I have lived here with my family since 2011. In the past we lived in Cairo. My parents have (2)............. some of the house such as the bedroom and (3)................. My grandmother has lived with us for five years. We are a happy (4)................

2-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. ....means not sleeping.
a. Awake b. Away c. Messy d. Silly

2. A...............is a long, narrow boat for one or two people.
a. can b. canoe c. ship d. bridge

3. To walk behind someone means..................
a. follow b. punish c. raise d. mood

4. I have had ....problems, I couldn't hear well.
a. sight b. sailing c. hearing d. selling

5. Deaf children join a ....school for deaf children.
a. public b. special c. general d. generous

6. ....language is essential to communicate with the deaf.
a. Sign b. Fine c. Nine d. Size

7. He is a great player, he always.................his matches.
a. loses b. misses c. shakes d. wins

8. Atef is a great musician, he plays music in many..........
a. concrete b. content c. concludes d. concerts

9. Going into a forest is a dangerous.............
a. adventure b. voyage c. culture d. mature

10. We couldn't drive easily as it was................
a. sunny b. foggy c. fine d. nice

11. We shouldn't ....other people.
a. help b. look after c. scare d. support

12. He................us write comments.
a. allowed b. let c. forced d. advised

13. The drum is a musical........................
a. tool b. instrument c. discovery d. fuel

14. Most doors are made of.....................
a. wool b. silver c. gold d. wood

15. Naguib Mahfouz was a famous novelist, he wrote many.................
a. novels b. comments c. posts d. emails

16. Athens is the..............of Greece.



a. currency b. island c. canoe d. capital

17. I was badly....................when the car hit me.

a. hurt b. hurts c. hurting d. damages

18. He is not ...., he is brave.

a. courageous b. helpful c. funny d. coward

19. To be a famous player, you should.................a club.

a. damage b. build c. destroy d. join

20. We saw many kinds of beautiful fish in the................

a. desert b. aquarium c. swimming pool d. planetarium

The past simple الماضي البسيط

1- يتكون الماضى البسيط بإضافة (ed) للفعل العادى

Play played / love loved / study studied / stop stopped /

2 - ومن التصريف الثاني للأفعال الشاذة

fly – flew / put – put / go – went / break – broke / burst – burst يَنفجر)

يتكون الماضى البسيط فى المبنى للمجهول من (التصريف الثالث (was / were + pp

♣ يدل الماضي البسيط علي فعل حدث في الماضي وانتهي

He went to Tanta last week.

ويأتى الماضى البسيط مع معظم القواعد ومع الكلمات الآتية :

(Yesterday – ago – in the past – last month – once – one day – in 2020- the other day

In the ancient times / The pharaohs أو مع شخص مات أو قبائل انتهت مثل

♣They travelled to Alexandria the other day . ♣She visited Luxor last month

.♣ The pharaohs invented many things ♣ It's three weeks since I visited my uncle.

♣ Nasser built the high Dam ♣ My brother married two years ago.

♣While we were watching TV , my father arrived home.

♣ While I was watering the garden , it rained.

فى السؤال والنفى نستخدم الفعل المساعد(did) ونرجع الفعل للمصدر

♣ Did Ali make a box yesterday ? ♣Yes, he did. ♣ No, he didn't.

♣ How long ago = When ♣ How long ago did you go to the cinema? ♣ A year ago

♣ – يستخدم الماضى البسيط مع التعبيرات ت الآتية بدلا من المضارع إذا آتى بعدها فاعل

♣I wish (If only) + فاعل / It's time + فاعل / I would rather+فاعل

♣ *I wish he came on time*

♣*I wish Sara were here now.* لاحظ استخدام (were) مع المفرد

♣*It's time he arrived.* ♣ It is time you got up (It's time to get up)

♣*I would rather she helped him.* ♣ *I'd rather I went out now (I'd rather go out)*



Exercise on Grammar

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. I ....to the museum last month.
a. go b. will go c. goes d. went
2. When..................Dina's birthday?
a. do b. did c. was d. does
3. They.................TV an hour ago.
a. watched b. watch c. are watching d. will watch
4. I went....................yesterday.
a. swim b. swam c. swims d. swimming
5. What did Adam..............when he arrived?
a. did b. doing c. does d. do
6. How did you.................when you saw the lion yesterday?
a. feel b. felt c. feels d. feeling
7. I wrote the e-mail..................................
a. now b. last week c. tomorrow d. next
8. He ....born in 2010.
a. was b. are c. did d. do
9. When I was young, I always.......................football.
a. play b. plays c. playing d. played
10. ....ready for the exam last week?
a. Did b. Were c. Do d. Are
11. How did you go to school? – I ....by car.
a. go b. going c. will go d. went
12. No, he didn't...Aswan last year.
a. visit b. visited c. go d. went
13. When did you have your last math lesson? – We ....it at 2 o'clock.
a. had b. have c. will have d. has
14. The ship sank because there............ a terrible storm.
a. are b. is c. was d. were
15. How...........your weekend?
a. did b. does c. was d. do
16. She used to........................mistakes.
a. make b. makes c. made d. making

2. Complete the following with the correct form

1. When I was young, I always.............(visit) Aswan.
2. I ....(did) ready for the match.
3. She didn't......................(arrived) early yesterday.
4. She has cooked.....................(since) an hour.
5. ....(Does) he write the email yesterday?

Exercise on Lessons 3&4

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Adel is talking to his cousin about an adventure that he had.

Adel : Hello, Said. I want to tell you about my adventure.
Said : Hello, Adel. (1) ....?
Adel : I chased a thief !
Said : A thief ! When did that happen ?
Adel : (2) ....
Said : Two hours ago ! (3) ....?
Adel : In front of the club.
Said : Who did he rob ?
Adel : (4) ....
Said : Poor woman ! Was he arrested ?
Adel : (5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. To stop the animals from damaging your field, you should have a long ....
a) leader b) fan c) fence d) ladder
2. The .... man saved the woman from the robbers.
a) brave b) weak c) ill d) bored
3. If you like music, try to play a musical ....
a) accident b) machine c) tool d) instrument
4. She was happy when she .... the last match.
a) made b) won c) earned d) lost
5. Hala learnt .... language to help her deaf daughter.
a) foreign b) strange c) sign d) signal
6. He was lost, so I asked him to .... me.
a) meet b) follow c) walk d) research
7. (WB) The pictures and sounds that you think are happening when you are sleeping are called a/an ....
a) raft b) canoe c) idea d) dream
8. Have you .... tasted a lemon cake ?
a) never b) ever c) since d) for
9. This is the first time I visit Luxor. I have .... visited Luxor before.
a) for b) ever c) since d) never
10. (WB) They have been married .... fifteen years.



a) since b) for c) ever d) never

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- Soha ……………………..(live) in Mansura since 2015.
2- My uncle ……………………… (have already) flown in a plane.
3- (SB) Have you ever ……………………(drink) green tea ?
4- (WB) I have ………………………..(never win) a painting competition.

(4)(SB) Complete the sentences with these words :

(museums – fun – history – country – art)

I have lived in a village in the south of Egypt all my life. I have never been to another (1) ………………….., but last year I visited Cairo with my uncle and my cousins! It was so big and busy but it was (2) ………………… . We went to lots of (3) ……………….. because I was very interested in (4) …………………. .

5) Write an email of about (110) words to your friend Omar who lives in Aswan about a day you spent at the Pyramids.

- Your name is Adel and your email address is adelamr@yahoo.com.
- Your friend's email address is omarhamed@gmail.com.

To:	…………………………………………
From:	…………………………………………
Subject / About	…………………………………………

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Unit 4 - Have you ever travelled by plane?

Vocabulary

Lesson 5 & 6

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
experiences	خبرات/تجارب شخصية	activities	أنشطة	organize	ينظم
musical	موسيقي	destination	جهة الوصول	achieve	يحقق
tent	خيمة	tourists	السياح	discover	يكتشف
snorkel	يغطس تحت الماء	the Red Sea	البحر الأحمر	timeline	تسلسل زمني
village	قرية	handball	كرة اليد	dyslexic	يعاني من صعوبة القراءة
history	تاريخ	adventures	مغامرات	results	نتاج
sign language	لغة الاشارة	awake	مستيقظ	theme park	ملاهي
local	محلي	dream	حلم	gymnastics	الجيمانيزيم
special	خاص / مميز	concert	حفلة موسيقية	explain	يشرح
dyslexia	صعوبة القراءة	volunteer	متطوع / يتطوع	windsurfing	ركوب الامواج

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
understand	يفهم	understood	understood
write	يكتب	wrote	written
spell	يتهجي	spelt	spelt
tell	يخبر	told	told

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
difficult	صعب	hard	easy	سهل
teach	يعلم	educate	learn	يتعلم
huge	ضخم	enormous	tiny	صغير جدا
nearby	قريب	close	distant	بعيد

Definitions

dyslexia	صعوبة القراءة	difficulty in reading and spelling
discover	يكتشف	to find out information about something
result	نتيجة	the thing that tells how you have done in an exam

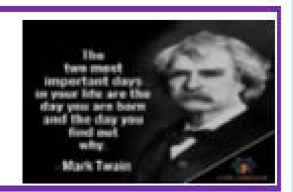
Language Notes

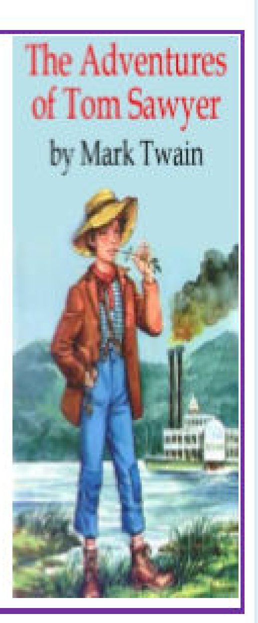
Far from	بعيد عن	Give a talk	يلقي خطبة
Make notes	يدون ملاحظات	Tell…about…	يخبر ... عن ...

Dyslexia is a learning disability which affects reading and writing. Many smart people have dyslexia. They can understand and see well, but they have problems with reading.

عسر القراءة هو إعاقة تعلم تؤثر على القراءة والكتابة. يعاني الكثير من الأشخاص الأذكياء من عسر القراءة. يمكنهم أن يفهموا ويروا جيدًا ، لكن لديهم مشاكل في القراءة.

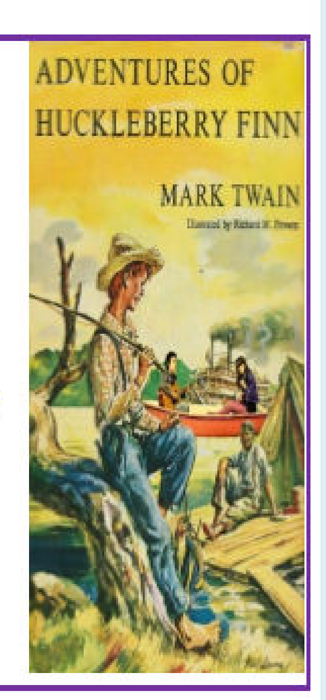
Mark Twain was an American writer who wrote fun novels. He wrote The Adventures of Tom Sawyer and its sequel, The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn. Both novels are about the adventures of teenage boys.





The Adventures of Tom Sawyer

They did not see Tom all day. All the time that Tom was playing games in the forest, his Aunt Polly worried about him. She thought he was lost or badly hurt. She was so happy when he returned and told her that he was fine. 'It was just a game, Aunt Polly,' said Tom. 'I'm sure it was a fun game for you, but we all worried about you. We didn't know where you were. Why didn't you tell me?' 'I told you in a dream,' said Tom. I just forgot to tell you when I was awake.' 'He never thinks of other people,' said his cousin Mary. 'Yes, you should think about other people, said Aunt Polly. 'You know I care about you, Tom. Try to remember how other people feel.' 'I'm sorry that I didn't tell you,' said Tom. 'It won't happen again.



The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn

Jim and I were on a raft going down the river when it became foggy. I left the raft to try and find a place for us to stop for the night. I got into a small canoe and went along the river. Then I tried to return. However, it was so foggy that I could not see the raft! I called out but I could not hear Jim. My canoe went down the river for a long way, and I hoped the raft was following me. I travelled all night, but the next morning, it was not foggy and finally I saw Jim. He was sleeping on the raft. I climbed on the raft and said, 'Hello, Jim. Have you been sleeping?' 'I was scared!' he said. '1 couldn't see anything because it was foggy!' He looked angry. '1 had a terrible night, Huck!' he said. 'It was like a bad dream.' 'I'm sorry, I said. From that time, I decided I would never scare him again.

DYSLEKSYA



I was born in Cairo and I have lived there all my life. When I was little, I always loved to draw and paint but I found reading and writing very difficult. At school, I didn't always understand the lessons and it was really hard. I thought I wasn't very clever. Then my parents and the school decided to take me for some tests. They discovered that I had dyslexia. This means it is difficult for my brain to read and spell. After that I got more help at school and I started to understand more. When I took my exams, I got really good results! I was surprised and happy. Later, I got a prize for my art and then I decided I would like to be an artist one day. Wow, I volunteer at a charity for other children with dyslexia and teach them about art.

Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Read and complete the text with words from the list .

fun fan joined countryside was were

My parents died when I (1)............ a baby so I have lived with my grandparents since I was one. We used to live in the (2)..........., but we moved to the city three years ago. I like living here, there is lots to do. I (3)................ a handball club and I have won lots of matches with my team. It's really (4)..................

2-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. ....means it is difficult to read and spell.
a. Dyslexia b. Insomnia c. Fear d. Tourism
2. ....is the same as " find out".
a. Cover b. Recover c. Discover d. Lover
3. A......................means your exam marks.
a. Desert b. Dessert c. Result d. Stir
4. I think, young people should..................at a charity.
a. steal b. volunteer c. die d. feed
5. ....are important to help poor people.
a. Earthquakes b. Floods c. Charities d. Solar
6. You should work hard to.......................your goals.
a. miss b. lose c. fail d. achieve
7. I suffered from dyslexia, I couldn't...............and spell well.

a. read b. sing c. swim d. feel

8. He likes paintings, he wants to be an............................
a. engineer b. artist c. nurse d. maid

9. My friend is intelligent, he is.......................................
a. smart b. stupid c. messy d. dyslexic

10. Dyslexia is a learning........................which affects reading and writing.
a. ability b. disability c. enable d. able

11. I enjoy..........................football on Fridays.
a. play b. plays c. played d. playing

12. He was happy when he......................his dreams.
a. achieved b. lost c. missed d. failed

13. The opposite of ....is tiny.
a. small b. huge c. enormous d. B & C

14. She decided..........................a new mobile.
a. buy b. bought c. buying d. to buy

15. ....is my favourite water sport.
a. Windsurfing b. Waterwheel c. Waterfalls d. Football

16. No one helped me, I did the quiz ....
a. alone b. without help c. with help d. A & B

17. There is a............park in our area where we have fun.
a. team b. fin c. theme d. sour

18. He couldn't enter the competition because he had a...............leg.
a. broken b. smoking c. healthy d. wealthy

19. I don't walk to school because it is..........................
a. near b. far away c. remote d. B & C

20. He suffered from dyslexia, he was..........................
a. magic b. magical c. dyslexic d. messy

Exercise on (synonyms / antonyms / prefixes / suffixes)

1. The antonym of " different" is....................
a. unlike b. the same c. dislike d. important

2. "Important" and " unimportant" are....................
a. equal b. synonym c. antonyms d. suffixes

3. The suffix "..............." means pain in the body.
a. ese b. er c. ed d. ache

4. We add the suffix "......." to form the word " Chinese"
a. ese b. ly c. un c. im

5. essential equals.....................
a. unimportant b. low c. happy d. lazy

6. The word ".................." is the antonym of ordinary.
a. special b. unusual c. important d. useful

7. The synonym of " true" is...................
a. correct b. incorrect c. false d. untrue



8. Clever and stupid are................................
a. synonyms b. antonyms c. equal d. the same
9. The opposite of live is.........................
a. die b. buy c. sell d. stay
10. We add the suffix " ...." to form the adjective amazing.
a. ing b. ed c. en d. less
11. The word " teach " is the same as.......................
a. learn b. educate c. play d. swim
12. We form the noun from the verb " swim" we add the suffix "............."
a. ment b. ed c. tion d. ing
13. Huge, enormous and giant are.........................
a. synonyms b. opposite c. antonym d. different

6. Write a review of about (110) words on:

" The best and worst item of technology in your house"

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Ayman is talking with his friend, Hamza about their favourite hobbies.

Ayman : How are you, Hamza ?
Hamza: Fine, thank you. What do you do in your spare time ?
Ayman: (1) ....
Hamza: Reading is really useful.(2)...?
Ayman: I like reading scientific books. (3) ....?
Hamza: I usually do a sport.
Ayman: What kind of sport do you do ?
Hamza: (4) ....
Ayman: Karate is good, but dangerous. Why don't you play football ?



Hamza: (5) ………………………………………………………………………….. .

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. (WB) Hatem ……………… to help the elderly in the nearby charity home.
a) damaged b) volunteered c) complete d) achieved
2. To keep fit, you should ………… a sport.
a) own b) take c) make d) do
3. She ………… more than seven hours a day to prepare for the Olympics.
a) feeds b) does c) trains d) makes
4. We haven't ……………… the reason for his absence yet.
a) discovered b) arrested c) visited d) explored
5. Waleed suffers from ………….. . He finds difficulties in reading.
a) disability b) dyslexia c) headache d) deafness
6. I'm proud of my father. He ………….. many things in his life.
a) joined b) offered c) given d) achieved
7. (SB) I volunteer at a/an …………… for other children with dyslexia.
a) charity b) bank c) theme park d) theatre
8. They moved to Port Said …………….. 2018.
a) on b) since c) for d) in
9. Hadi has lived in Alexandria ……………. 10 years.
a) never b) ever c) for d) since
10. (WB) How long ………………. in this house ?
a) they have lived b) have lived they
c) have they lived d) lived they have

(3) (SB) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(paint – understand – easy – difficult – life)

I was born in Cairo and I have lived there all my (1) ……………. . When I was little, I always loved to draw and (2) …………………, but I found reading and writing very (3) ……………… . At school, I didn't always (4) …………… the lessons and it was really hard. I thought I wasn't very clever.

(4) Write a review of about (110) words on :-

"Things that you have achieved"

…………………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………………
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Exam Unit (4)

1- Finish the following dialogue between two friends about sports

Adel :..(1)..?
Maher : Yes , I do sports regularly.
Adel : ....(2)..?
Maker : No, I prefer athletics.
Adel Do you do violent sports?
Maher : ....(3)...
Adel : Karate !...(4)..
Maher : I know it is dangerous but ------------------------(5)------------------------

2) Read the following passage and answer the questions

Hesham is an active young man. He was born in a small village near Banha in 1980. He has been a farmer since he left school. He has learned a lot about farming from his friends and family but he's never been to university. He enjoys keeping domestic animals, such as buffaloes, goats, and sheep. He also keeps chicken for meat and eggs. He has always worked in the same way and hasn't changed the way he farms very much. He's never used a tractor to plough his land. He's only using animals to help him with his farm .Hesham has managed to make a lot of money and he has bought new land and many animals.

a) Answer the following questions :

1- What does Hesham enjoy doing?

....

2- What is the opposite of the underlined word?

....

3- What is the tractor used for?

....

b) Choose the correct answer:

4- The buffalo is one of the .... animals.
a)wild b) dangerous c) useless d) domestic

5- Hesham keeps .... for meat and eggs.
a)cows b) goats c) hens d) sheep

6- Hesham has become ....
a) poor b) not rich c) destitute d) wealthy

4) Choose the correct answer :

1-................ is a learning disability which affects reading and writing
a) experiment b) dyslexia c dream d) experience

2-The synonym of the word 'important is ....
a- essential b- serious c- unimportant d- a and b

3-The word 'dangerous is the antonym of the word...........



a- serious b- unsafe c- safe d- a and b

4-We add the prefix ....to make the opposite of the verb 'like .

a-un b-ab c-dis d-im

5-We add the Suffix ....to make the adjective of the word 'China.

a-ness b-ly c-ian d-ese

6- My home is distant from my school . " distant "here means ....

a-nearby b- nearly c- next d-remote

7- He can't read or spell .he suffers from.......................................

a-gymnastics b- timeline c- dyslexia d- sports

8- Travelling to many foreign countries gives him a lot of useful --------------------

a) experiences b) experiments c) money d) information

9- My brother volunteers to work for Resala.................................

a- community b- charity c- club d- school

10- I like .... swimming .

a- playing b- doing c- going d- taking

5) Complete the sentences with the correct word between brackets .

1- He has done his homework........................ (since) an hour.

2- Have you.................................. (never) met an actor

3- She................................ (has died) last year.

4- While he was running , he ....(fall) down.

7) Complete the sentences with these words:

private – special – volunteered – achieve – dyslexia

I suffered from -----------------.This means it is difficult for me to read well so my parents asked a teacher to give me --------------- lessons at home .My teacher ------------------- to give me extra lessons and he worked hard to -------------- his job with me until it paid off.

9- Write a reviewe about of 110 words about:

holidays

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Unit 5 - Young role model

Vocabulary — Lesson 1 & 2

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
campaigner	ناشط – مناضل	award	جائزة – مكافأة	company	شركة
enter	يدخل – ينضم	speech	حديث – خطاب	space science	علم الفضاء
goals	أهداف – طموحات	challenge	يتحدى – تحدى	the USA	الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية
business person	رجل اعمال	mathematician	عالم الرياضيات	hyperloop	الهايبر لوب
disabled people	الإحتياجات الخاصة/ ذوى الهمم	space scientist	عالم فضاء	the Middle East	الشرق الأوسط
computer programmer	مبرمج حاسوب	sports champion	بطل رياضى	space engineering	هندسة الفضاء
engineer	مهندس	volunteer	متطوع	pass	يجتاز
astronaut	رايد فضاء	manager	مدير	achievements	إنجازات
design (ed)	يصمم – تصميم	achieve	يحقق - ينجز	education	التعليم
equipment	معدات	blind	أعمى		

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
get	يحضر	got	got
choose	يختار	chose	chosen
pay	يدفع مالا	paid	paid
mean	يعني او يقصد	meant	meant
build	يبني	built	built

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
start	يبدأ	begin	finish	ينتهي
fast	سريع	quick	slow	بطئ
pass	يجتاز	succeed in	fail	يرسب او يفشل

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
In-	تكون عكس المعنى	**in**credible	مذهل لا يصدق
Im-	تكون عكس الصفة	**im**possible	مستحيل






Dis-	تكون عكس الصفة	disabled - disappointed	معاق - محبط

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ian	تكون اسم الفاعل من الاسم	Musician-mathematician	موسيقار - عالم رياضيات
-er	تكون اسم الفاعل من الاسم أو الفعل	campaigner- teacher -	مناضل - معلم
-ist	تكون اسم الفاعل من الاسم	artist – scientist	عالم – فنان
-ive	تحول فعل الى صفة	creative	مبدع- مبتكر

Definitions

award	a prize for an event or a competition
mathematician	someone who works with maths
scientist	someone who works with science
artist	someone who is good at art
musician	someone who is good at music

Language Notes

rule	قاعدة	role	دور
award	جائزة في مسابقة	reward	مكافأة

Reading Lesson 1 Sb 45

My cousin, Gamal, is a business person. When he finished university, he got a job with a big company in Cairo. He's worked there for three years now. I think he's got a very important job. He's the manager of a team of people and they have meetings every day. He works very hard. Sometimes, he has to meet people from companies in other countries. He has travelled to lots of interesting places. Last year, he went to Nigeria and Brazil.

Reading Lesson 2 SB46

Samar Abdelfattah has always been interested in space. As a young child, she wanted to be an astronaut. After she finished school, she went to Cairo University to study space engineering. While Samar was at university, a space technology company had a competition. Students had to design a hyperloop a new, very fast form of transport that travels above the ground. Samar decided to enter the competition and asked other engineering students from the university to join her team. Teams of students from universities all around the world entered, but





Samar's team was the only one from Africa or the Middle East. They worked hard on their design and they won the competition. Samar travelled to the USA to receive the award Three years later, Samar started her own company. Now she is a space engineer and a business person. She also gives speeches to other young engineers to help them achieve their goals.

Lesson 2 WB

Binita who is from a village in India, was five years old when she became blind. This was a big challenge for her. She went to a school for blind children until she was eleven, when she joined a different school with children who weren't blind. At school, Binita found that the children quickly learnt about her problems. They now know that just because she is blind does not mean she cannot do 99% of the things that they can do! Now she is a campaigner for other people who are disabled. Her next challenge is to help everyone understand that being disabled does not mean you cannot achieve your goals.

Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. You can .... the museum from different places, but I prefer the main gate.
a) achieve b) become c) enter d) mean

2. The doctors won a lot of .... for helping so many people in the health emergency.
a) words b) awards c) challenges d) villages

3. He is a .... for people who are disabled now.
a) business person b) space scientist c) campaigner d) sports champion

4. She was a famous ..... . She used very big numbers to work things out in her job.
a) campaigner b) volunteer c) sports champion d) mathematician

5. Ahmed is a .... He works with hundreds of computers !
a) business person b) campaigner c) computer programmer d) mathematician

6. (SB) Samar helps young engineers to .... their goals.
a) pass b) achieve c) design d) enter

7. (WB) A .... is someone who works with science.
a) mathematician b) volunteer c) scientist d) musician

8. (WB) Nahla's .... is to pass all her exams with top marks.
a) goal b) award c) speech d) space
9. (WB) It was a real .... to climb that mountain, but we succeeded!
a) award b) challenge c) campaigner d) village
10. The Egyptian champion Mohamed Ali Rashwan was in the final of the World Judo.............. in 1984.
a) Bank b) Achievement c) Championship d) Party
11. A ....is a new, very fast form of transport that travels on the ground.
a) ship b) boat c) bicycle d) hyperloop
12. The .... don't get paid for their work, but they like to help people.
a) mathematician b) astronauts c) volunteers d) artists
13. The rich .... people who have much money.
a) has b) are c) have d) is
14. The students took turns to .... a speech. Mine was about playing chess !
a) drive b) give c) take d) have
15. Leen is working hard .... her project.
a) on b) in c) over d) above
16. Drugs are bad .... health.
a) with b) to c) at d) for
1. Omar .... his exams last week.
a) passes b) pass c) passing d) passed
2. Mona .... as a volunteer since she left school.
a) work b) works c) has worked d) working
3. Yasser .... a smartphone five years ago.
a) hasn't had b) didn't have c) doesn't have d) hasn't have
4. I have just .... a postcard to my pen-friend.
a) sent b) send c) sending d) sends
5. Where has Salma .... this week ?
a) were b) be c) to be d) been
6. (SB) Samar wanted to be an astronaut when she .... young.
a) was b) is c) were d) being
7. (WB) Last year, I .... to meetings around the world.
a) travel b) travels c) travelled d) travelling

8. (SB) Magdy has .... a lot of challenges in his life.

a) have b) had c) has d) having

9. (WB) Since I started my job, I .... with hundreds of computers !

a) have worked b) work c) works d) worked

10. (SB) What .... always been important to Ahmad ?

a) will have b) has c) to have d) having

11. .... Adel come on time this morning?

a) Has b) Is c) Was d) Do

12. I have .... my bike.

a) mend b) mended c) mends d) mending

13. My mother .... gone to the market.

a) is b) have c) has d) didn't

14. Has she cooked lunch ? - Yes, she ....

a) have b) did c) was d) has

15. The teacher .... the class an hour ago.

a) entered b) enters c) has entered d) enter

2) Complete the sentence with these words :-

1. manager - since - business - - country - for - company

My cousin, Gamal, is a .... person. When he finished university, he got a job with a big .... in Cairo. He's Worked there .... three years now.I think he's got a very imp ortant job. He's the .... of a team of people and they have meetings every day.

Present perfect

Key words: الكلمات الدالة عليه:

تاتى already بعد have/has وقبل التصريف الثالث ←←

I have already had lunch.

Hany has already made his bed.

تاتى alreadyفى نهاية الجملة الخبرية المثبتة ←←

➢ Leila has finished her homework already.

➢They've got 20 right answers already.

3-تاتى فى السؤال للتعجب والتاكد من تمام الفعل

Have you finished doing the exercise already? how fast

♨2 - (yet) تاتى yetفى نهاية السؤال ←←

➢Have you finished your homework yet? (= I expect you have finished.)
➢Has Dina watched the documentary yet?

♨ORتاتى yet فى نهاية الجملة المنفية ←←

I haven't had breakfast yet. (= I expect that I will have it soon.)
➢The people haven't got on the bus yet.
Ali is still doing his homework . (yet)= Ali hasn't finished doing his homework yet.

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- Have you done your English homework..................?
a- just b- yet c- never d- ever
2-Fareeda is not hungry because she has ....had lunch.
a- yet b- already c- never d- usually
3- Lamia is only three, so she can't read or write ....
a- never b- ever c -yet d - just
4- I'm not going to watch that programme. I've seen it............
a- already b- yet c- ever d- never
5-Hatem has been to Alexandria, but he hasn't been to Luxor............
a- yet b- just c- never d- ever
6- We haven't studied Unit 23 ....
a- just b- ever c- already d- yet
7- Munir has read that book three times ....
a- already b- never c- ever d- yet
8- I haven't finished my homework....................
a- just b- never c- already d- yet
9- Dalia.............finished cooking.
a-doesn't b-hasn't c-isn't d-can't
10-Sherif has already....................lunch.
a- have b-had c-has d-having
11-Dalia ....to Tanta yet.
a-won't travel b-hadn't travelled c-don't travel d-hasn't travelled
12-Have you called Amir today? No, not......................
a- yet b- never c- already d- ever
13- Have you done your work alone..........? I can't believe it!
a) yet b) already c) ever d) just
14.I haven't seen the new adventure film.....................
a- Just b- yet c- already d- never

15. Haven't you got ready ....? Look at the time!

a) yet b) already c) ever d) just

2- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1 I've............................(yet) seen that movie, so I don't want to see it again.
2 I don't need any more juice since Ahmed has....................(only) bought some.
3 I haven't done my homework ....(then), so I can't go out now.
4 They've just............................(showed) an amazing animal programme on TV.
5-I'm hungry. I haven't had lunch ....(already).
6-Adel has already.......................(make) his bed.
7-Reda................................(has) typed the report yet.
8.Youssef..............................(is done) his homework already.

General Exercises Lessons (1 & 2)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Laila is asking Maha about her role model.

Laila : Can I ask you a question ?
Maha : (1) ....
Laila : (2) .... ?
Maha : My role model is my mother.
Laila : Great! (3) .... ?
Maha : After my father's death, she suffered a lot for me.
Laila : How ? Can you explain more ?
Maha : (4) ....
Laila : She is a great woman. How do you feel towards her ?
Maha : (5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer :-

1. (WB) Schools should have .... for disabled people.

a) equipment b) kitchens c) factories d) birds

2. Tourists come to Egypt from all ....the world.

a) round b) a round c) around d) roundly

3. They train hard because they .... a competition next month.

a) lend b) send c) make d) have

4. My uncle is happy because his son has .... an award.



a) received b) made c) done d) given

5. My brother is working hard .... his project.

a) on b) about c) by d) from

6. My .... is to come first and join a secondary school.

a) lessons b) goal c) company d) reason

7. We all should know that being disabled doesn't mean you cannot ...... your goals.

a) achieve b) enter c) forget d) deceive

8. I haven't done my homework ....

a) never b) since c) ever d) yet

9. She .... cleaned the car.

a) can b) is c) will d) has

10. Mostafa has .... been to Kuwait before.

a) never b) yet c) ever d) ago

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- They .... (wash) the carpets last Friday.

2- He .... (not make) tea yet.

3- Amir .... (write) a report yesterday.

4- She ....(not travel) to another country since she was a baby.

4) Complete the sentence with these words :-

(concerts – started – university – meetings – manager)

Gamal got his job after he finished (1) .... He(2) .... working for the company ten years ago. He has been (3) .... of the company since 2010. Gamal has (4) .... with people from different companies every day.

(5) (SB) Write a short text of about (110) words on :-

" Your role model "

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....



Unit 5 - Young role model

Vocabulary

Lesson 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
coronavirus	فيروس كورونا	biography	سيرة ذاتية	competitors	متنافسين
creative	مبدع – مُبتكر	pandemic	جائحة – وباء	poems	قصايد
spectators	شاهدين - متفرجين	create	ينشا – يبتكر	particular	معين / خاص
organisers	المنظمون	tournament	دورى- مسابقة	Khan El-Khalili	خان الخليلى
app	تطبيق	bubble	فقاعة طبية	final	نهابى
staff	طاقم – هيئة العاملين	medical team	الفريق الطبى	health centre	مركز طبى
champions	أبطال رياضيون	contest	مسابقةمنافسة	tour	جولة
championship	بطولة	Olympics	الألعاب الألومبية	software	برنامج حاسوبى
dream	حلم	incredible	مذهل-لاُ يصدق	crew	طاقم سفينة

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
hold	يمسك	held	held
learn	يتعلم	learnt	learnt

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Champion	بطل	winner	loser	خاسر
Staff	طاقم عمل	workers		
Incredible	مذهل غير معقول	fantastic	terrible	فظيع – كريه
Contest	منافسة	competition	helper	مساعد
big	ضخم	large	small	صغير
Nobody	لا احد	No one	everyone	كل شخص
Clean	نظيف	wash	Make dirty	يوسخ – يجعله قذرا
competitor	منافس	opponent	helpers	مساعد

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولأحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
Im-	تعطي عكس الصفة	Impossible	مستحيل
In-	تعطي عكس الصفة	incredible	مذهل غير معقول



Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ive	تحول الفعل الي صفة	Creative	مبدع
-or	تكون الاسم من الفعل	Competitor	منافس
-er	تكون الاسم من الفعل	loser	خاسر

Definitions

bubble	A group of people who can meat during a health emergency.
app	software you can use on your computer or phone
competition	an event in which people try to be the best at something
create	to make something new
creative	good at thinking of new ideas or ways to do something
pandemic	Many people became ill around the world.
spectator	Someone who watches sport or an event.
tournament	A competition in which many players or teams take part.

Language Notes

In the contest	في المسابقة	Feel nervous	يشعر بالتوتر
Volunteer to	يتطوع ل	On TV	علي التلفاز

Reading lesson 3 SB48



My friend Aya has always loved writing stories and poems. When she was six, she won a prize for a poem she wrote! She has already written a book of stories. Now, she's writing her second book, but she hasn't finished it yet. She really likes to be creative. She has played the guitar for three years now. She's played in two concerts already. She felt very nervous but she was amazing! Aya would like to volunteer to teach writing and music to children one day. Her other dream is to create an app to help children learn. She hasn't been to another country yet, but there are lots she wants to visit! Maybe we can go travelling together.

Lesson 4 SB 50

IN THE BUBBLE



The medical team

Today, the 2021 World Men's Handball *Championship* in Egypt finished. It has been the biggest handball *tournament* ever. The Egyptian team did an excellent job and reached the *quarter finals* (the last eight). There were over 600 *competitors* from 32 countries. They have played

over 100 games and scored more than 5,500 goals! All of this was during the *coronavirus pandemic*.
Many people said it wasn't possible, but the *contest* in Egypt has been fantastic!
The *medical team* have worked for months to make the tournament safe. Firstly, there haven't been any *spectators*. Also, the players and *staff* have had tests for coronavirus every 48 hours. Players and people working at the tournament have used four hotels and stayed inside this *'bubble'*. These hotels all have a health centre and every team has had a doctor to work with them. Lots of cleaners have worked day and night to clean the stadiums and the hotels and make them safe. 'The medical team were from the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Youth and Sports. They have done such an *incredible* job that the *organisers* of the 2021 Olympics in Japan have asked them for their advice. What an amazing achievement!

Exercise on Vocabulary

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. We would like to thank all of the .... for working hard in the office today.
a) finals b) awards c) staff d) crew
2. There were nearly 90,000 .... in the stadium, and they all enjoyed the match.
a) medals b) spectators c) players d) competitors
3. Our dream is to .... many apps to help children learn.
a) write b) play c) create d) win
4. A/An .... is the life story of a person written by someone else.
a) biography b) poem c) tale d) autobiography
5. We need .... thinking to make that new app.
a) impossible b) creative c) amazed d) small
6. (WB) Our school has a chess .... every year.
a) pandemic b) success c) app d) tournament
7. (WB) There are only eight teams left, so this is the ....-finals.
a) half b) quarter c) past d) semi
8. (WB) A/an .... is something you can use on your computer or phone.
a) competition b) app c) tournament d) biography
9. (SB) There were over 600 .... from 32 countries in the 2021 World Men's Handball Championship.
a) spectators b) competitors c) bubbles d) articles
10. She won a gold .... in the 100 metres.

a) metal b) medal c) model d) bubble

11. I am proud of my parents' .... in life.

a) spectators b) organisers c) instruments d) achievements

12. The "............. " are a set of international sports competitions that happen once every four years.

a) Olympics b) Staff c) Championship d) Tournament

13. Magdi Yaccoub works .... a surgeon.

a) for b) with c) as d) like

14. They went on a voyage ....the Nile.

a) in b) on c) down d) out

15. Policemen work .... night to protect us.

a) in b) on c) by d) of

16. Medical tests are done on players .... coronavirus.

a) for b) at c) from d) by

Present Perfect

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Youssef has .... finished his homework.

a) ever b) already c) yet d) ago

2. Sama .... tidied her room yet.

a) hasn't b) has c) have d) haven't

3. Hamza has already .... Egypt and started his journey.

a) leave b) left c) leaves d) leaving

4. I started work an hour ago, but I haven't finished ....

a) never b) yet c) ever d) ago

5. Huda has done housework ....

a) ago b) never c) yet d) already

6. (SB) He's already .... three languages.

a) learn b) learned c) learns d) learning

7. (WB) They haven't visited the Pyramids ....

a) yet b) ever c) never d) already

8. (SB) Have you .... to the new restaurant yet ?

a) be b) been c) being d) are

9. (WB) I have done my homework ....

a) ever b) for c) already d) since



10. (SB) We've already .... our lunch.
a) ate b) eats c) eating d) eaten
11. Have you finished your homework .... ?
a) ago b) yet c) ever d) never
12. A : Have you finished your homework ? B : - Yes, I have finished it ....
a) yet b) just c) already d) never
13. I haven't .... breakfast yet
a) have b) has c) having d) had
14. I'm not going to watch the film. I have seen it ....
a) already b) yet c) never d) ever
15. Youssef .... three Arabic lessons already.
a) has b) has had c) have had d) is having

2) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- (SB) Haytham has created an app .... (yet).
2- (WB) I have already .... (came) to school.
3- (SB) I haven't finished my homework .... (already).
4- (WB) They have .... (yet) seen Cairo by night.
5- Nada has .... (won already) a gold medal.
6- I haven't done my project .... (then).
7- .... (Have)Amal met her new teacher yet ?
8- .... (Has) they visited the Egyptian Museum yet ?
9- She hasn't .... (have) her breakfast yet.

General Exercises on Lessons (3&4)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Ashraf and Mustafa are talking about their jobs in the future.

Ashraf : Hello, Mustafa. How are you ?
Mustafa : Hello, Ashraf. Fine, thanks.
Ashraf : What would you like to be in the future ?
Mustafa : (1) ....
Ashraf : (2) ....?
Mustafa : Because I like building new houses and roads.
Ashraf : (3) ....?
Mustafa : I need to join the Faculty of Engineering. What about you ?
Ashraf : (4) ....
Mustafa : A chemist صيدلي is a useful job. I wish you good luck.
Ashraf : (5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer :-

1. Mr. Ali works .... a volunteer in a charity in his free time. He is a helpful man.
a) for b) as c) of d) on





2. The festival was great. Really, you are excellent ………………… .
a) beggars b) organisers c) robbers d) engineers
3. He is an intelligent person. He ………………… a good app.
a) threw b) stole c) invited d) created
4. (WB) They have ………………… a tour of Cairo's museums.
a) done b) had c) taken d) driven
5. We all admire his ………………… ideas. He will be a very good writer.
a) boring b) creative c) selfish d) violent
6. My ………………… is to be a successful scientist in the future.
a) dream b) competition c) volunteer d) concert
7. The word "contest" is the synonym of the word …………………
a) composition b) player c) worker d) competition
8. (SB) She …………………been to another country yet.
a) hasn't b) has c) haven't d) have
9. You can drive your car. I have ………………… mended it.
a) never b) since c) already d) yet
10. Shahd ………………… her room alone.
a) has already tidied b) has tidied already
c) hasn't already tidied d) hasn't tidied already

3) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- Hamza …………………… (not do) his homework yet.
2- …………………… (you learn) English yet ?
3- Omar ………………………… (already drive) at the chess.
4- We …………………… (has) already watched the film.

4) Complete the sentence with these words :-

(spectators – holds – achievements – be - clean)

Egypt has already won the Africa Cup of Nations seven times. That is a fantastic (1)………………… In 2023, the contest will (2) ………………… in Ivory Coast, who have already been winners twice before. The games will be in six different stadiums. The biggest stadium (3) ………………… about 60,000 (4) ………………… .

(5) Write a paragraph of about (110) words on :-

Your favourite sprorts team

……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………………



Unit 5 - Young role model

Vocabulary

Lesson 5 & 6

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
perform	يؤدى عرض	scholarship	منحة دراسية	fact file	ملف حقايق
share	يشارك – يتقاسم	fair	معرض	Polish	بولندى (الجنسية
musician	موسيقار/ عازف	culture	ثقافة	respond	يستجيب / رد/ يرد
teenager	مراهق	Columbia University	جامعة كولومبيا	Society for Science	جمعية العلوم والعامة
engineering	الهندسة	score	يسجل (هدفاً)	respond	يرد يستجيب
broken	منكسر	news	أخبار	swimmer	سباح
preparatory school	مدرسة إعدادية	later	فيما بعد – فى وقت لاحق	Rio Olympics	دورة الألعاب الألومبية الصيفية
believe	يؤمن - يصدق	repair	يصلح / إصلاح	connect	يصل – يربط

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Mean	يعني	Meant	Meant
Tell	يخبر	Told	Told
Hear	يسمع	Heard	Heard
Grow	ينمو يكبر	grew	grown

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Fact	حقيقة	True	Imagination	تخيل
Repair	يصلح	Mend	Break	يكسر
reply	يرد	respond	ignore	يتجاهل

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ish	تعطي الجنسية	Polish	بولندي
-al	تحول الكلمة الي صفة	International	دولي
-ship	تعطي الاسم	scholarship	منحة دراسية

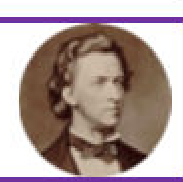
Definitions

winner	another word for champion
competitor	a player in a tournament
incredible	another word for fantastic
spectators	the people who watch sports at a stadium
workers	the group of people who work somewhere

Language Notes

Follow their dreams	يتبعوا حلمهم	Win award	يفوز بجائزة
Born in	يولد ف مكان او تاريخ	Born into	يولد في عائلة
Return to	يعود الي	Compare with	يقارن ب

The Polish musician Frederic Chopin (1810-1849) wrote piano music from the age of seven and performed in concerts when he was eight!



Lesson 6 WB:



Fatma Ali El-Banna was born in Alexandria in 2003. As a child she loved learning about science and wanted to be a great scientist later she finished Preparatory School, she started at the Science, Technology, Engineering and Maths School (STEM) in Alexandria. She then learnt more and more about science as well as how to look after the environment and Egypt's culture.at school, she came first in Egypt in the NASA International Space Apps Challenge, a problem-solving competition for scientists around the world. , she worked on a school project. She found a natural way for villages to clean dirty water and to recycle used water. The recycled water is used to help plants to grow, and the project can also help to stop water pollution. She sent her project to the Society for Science in the USA. In 2021, her project won fourth place in another international competition for science and engineering. New, Fatma wants to do more things to help science.

SB lesson 6:



1-Nada Zaher was born in Alexandria, Egypt. 2- As a child, she played a lot of tennis When she was a teenager, she found out that she had a sports scholarship to go to Columbia University in the USA. 3- Then she went to the USA to study and play tennis. 4- After university, she returned to Egypt and decided to help more international athletes



to study in other countries. 5- So, she started a company to connect athletes with universities in the USA and helped them to find scholarships. 6- Now she helps students from Egypt and other countries to follow their dreams.

Lesson 7 SB 53



Fares: Guess what? I have good news!
Mazen:What is it?
Fares: I have got a scholarship to a university in Canada!
Mazen: Well done! That's incredible.
Fares: Yes, I can't believe it. I'm going to play tennis and study hard.
Mazen: I'm really happy for you. You will play at an important tournament soon!

Exercise on Vocabulary

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Jakub is from Poland. He is ....
a) English b) Polish c) French d) British
2. I have got a .... to a university of Cambridge in the UK.
a) training b) tournament c) scholarship d) speech
3. Please, make a fact .... about a young role model in your life.
a) fill b) file c) fin d) fight
4. A/An ....is an event which people, businesses, etc. show and sell their goods.
a) fair b) shop c) culture d) concert
5. She started a company to .... athletes with universities in the USA.
a) correct b) connect c) return d) achieve
6. I have .... the chair that was broken.
a) won b) repaired c) come d) scored
7. I've already won many tournaments in my country, but I haven't been to the........ .
a) performance b) Olympics c) champion d) biography
8. A : You came first in a short story competition !
B : Wow! I can't .... it. That's good news!
a) work b) believe c) score d) play
9. Water is used to help plants to ....
a) grow b) die c) return d) connect
10. A person who is between 13 and 19 years old is called a/an ....
a) elderly b) adult c) child d) teenager
11. All students .... the play well in our school performance yesterday.
a) performed b) talked c) responded d) won
12. Who .... first in the contest ?
a) went b) came c) took d) flew





13. Students start school .... the age of six.
a) for b) at c) in d) by
14. Last year, we worked .... a school project.
a) at b) in c) on d) about
15. She .... in her final exams.
a) passed b) succeeded c) crossed d) told
16. Most successful people were born .... poor families.
a) in b) on c) into d) onto

General Exercises on Lessons (5&6)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

An interviewer is making an interview with an Egyptian space engineer.
Interviewer : Welcome. Samar. Can you tell us about your job ?
Samar:............................... (1) ....
Interviewer: When did you want to be a space engineer ?
Samar:... (2) ....
Interviewer : A young child ! That's great. (3) ....?
Samar: I studied space engineering in Cairo University.
Interviewer : ....(4) .... ?
Samar: Yes, I won a space technology competition in the USA.
Interviewer : Were there any other competitors from Egypt in that competition ?
Samar : ....(5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. (SB) .... an amazing achievement !
a) Why b) What c) Where d) Who
2. (SB) The Polish musician Frederic Chopin .... piano music.
a) passed b) wrote c) won d) got
3. Samar .... a contest in space technology.
a) created b) looked c) won d) learned
4. Congratulations! You have .... your exams.
a) passed b) failed c) lost d) succeeded
5. Basel likes music very much. He dreams of .... in a big concert.
a) performing b) gaining c) making d) having
6. Soha plays a musical instrument. She wants to be a famous....when she grows up.
a) space scientist b) musician c) nurse d) business person
7. (WB) A/An .... is a player in a tournament.
a) competitor b) actor c) astronaut d) technician
8. She has .... seen Cairo by night.



a) since b) ever c) already d) yet

9. Why are you so late ? - You .... done the task yet.

a) have b) haven't c) has d) hasn't

10. (SB) I've .... eaten breakfast.

a) already b) ever c) yet d) for

(3) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(decided – won – has – play – children)

Hi ! I've got some good news. I have (1) .... an award! As you know, my family help every week at a hospital for (2) .... We (3) .... games with the children and read them stories. The nurses at the hospital (4) .... to give my family an award for our work.

(4) (WB) Write a short biography of about (110) words on :-

" A famous person "

....

....

....

....

....

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....

Exam Unit (5)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Salwa is telling her cousin that she got a scholarship.

Salwa: How are you, Maha ?
Maha : Fine, and you ?
Salwa: I'm okay. I have good news.
Maha : ....(1) .... ?
Salwa:..................................... (2) ....
Maha : A scholarship ! Well done! Great news!
Salwa:... (3) ....
Maha : ....(4) .... ?
Salwa: There was an international competition and I won it.
Maha : Have you told your parents ?
Salwa:......................... (5) .... You are the first to know.

(2) (SB) Read the following passage, then answer the questions :-

My friend Aya has always loved writing stories and poems. When she was six, she won a prize for a poem she wrote. She has already written a book of stories. Now, she's writing her second look, but she hasn't finished it yet. She really likes to be creative. She has played the guitar for three years now. She's played in two concerts already. She felt very nervous but she was amazing !

Aya would like to volunteer to teach writing and music to children one day. Her other dreams is to create an app to help children learn. She hasn't been to another country yet, but there are lots she wants to visit ! Maybe we can go travelling together.

1- Do you think Aya is interested in technology ? Why / Why not ?

....

2- Infer how many hobbies does Aya have ? Mention two.

....

3- Explain how important voluntary work is for your city / village. Mention two points.

....

4- The passage is about ....

a) Aya b) school days c) travel d) friends

5- Which of the following can be the best summary to the last paragraph ? -............

a) Aya's dreams b) Aya's childhood c) Jobs d) Travel

6- The underlined pronoun "it" refer to ....

a) story b) first book c) second book d) app

3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Nada wants to be a computer .... in the future.

a) volunteer b) program c) application d) programmer

2. Munir would like to take part .... the next match, but the captain refuses.

a) on b) in c) at d) about

3. To be successful, you need to work hard and have some special ....

a) bins b) pins c) skills d) skulls

4. (WB) A/An .... is someone who works with maths.

a) mathematician b) engineer c) artist d) volunteer

5. (WB) Someone who works with science is called a/an ....

a) operator b) business person c) scientist d) employer

6. (SB) The word "staff" gives the same meaning as ....

a) spectators b) puzzles c) workers d) hotels

7. There haven't been .... in football matches because of coronavirus.

a) spectators b) stadiums c) balls d) players

8. Maya .... to travel abroad since she was a student.



a) is decided b) was decided c) is deciding d) has decided

9. I …………… the story.

a) have already read b) already read have

c) already have read d) have read already

10. Have they watered the plants …………….. ?

a) since b) ever c) for d) yet

4) Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- Samia ……………………..(not fix) her mobile yet.

2- The boy ……………………….(already buy) vegetables from the market alone

3- …………………… (Have) the teacher asked you to make a report yet ?

4- She has done her maths homework …………………(yet).

4) Complete the sentence with these words :-

(for – after – started – culture – scientist)

Fatma Ali El-Banna was born in Alexandria in 2003. As a child, she loved learning about science and wanted to be a great (1) …………………. like Sameera Moussa. After she finished preparatory school, she (2) ……………. at the Science, Technology, Engineering and Maths School in Alexandria. She then learned more and more about science as well as how to look (3) …………….. the environment and Egypt's(4)……. .

(6) Write a short biography of about (110) words on :-

" A biography about a person you admire "

……………………………………………………………………………………………………
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Unit 6 - What's wrong?

Vocabulary

Lesson 1 & 2

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
teenager = teen	مراهق	social	الحياة الإجتماعية	support	يدعم
achievements	إنجازات	importance	أهمية	embarrassed	محرج
school work	العمل المدرسى	important	هام	upset	متضايق – منزعج
anxious	قلق – متوتر	social media	وسائل التواصل الإجتماعى	cyberbullying	التنمر الإلكترونى
abilities	قدرات	secret	سر	billion	بليون ألف مليون
appearance	المظهر الخارجى	lonely	منعزل – وحيد	height	طول القامة – إرتفاع
music club	نادى الموسيقى	report	يبلغ عن / تقرير	helpful	مساعد – مفيد
common	شائع – منتشر	share	يشارك	mental health	الصحة والسلامة العقلية
nearly	تقريبا	language club	نادى اللغات	experiences	تجارب – خبرات
study	دراسة	suggest	يقترح	art club	نادى الفنون
fail	يفشل / يرسب	anyone	أى شخص	join	ينضم – يلتحق بـ
speaking	التحدث	behaviour	سلوك	website	موقع إلكترونى
British	بريطانى	choice	إختيار	opinions	أراء
offer	يعرض / يقدم /	somebody	شخص ما	nobody	لا أحد

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Spread	ينشر	Spread	spread
spend	يقضي	spent	spent

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Kind	طيب	Friendly	Unkind	غير طيب
Certain	مؤكد	Sure	Uncertain	غير متأكد
Embarrassed	محرج	Uncomfortable	Confident	واثق من نفسه
Anxious	قلق	Nervous	Calm	هادئ

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Prefixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
any-	بمعني اي	Anybody	اي شخص
no-	بمعني لا	Nobody	لا احد
some-	بمعني يوجد او ما	somebody	شخص ما



Definitions

achievement	something important that you have done
social life	the time you spend enjoying yourself with other people
appearance	the way that someone or something looks
billion	a thousand million (1,000,000,000)
support	help and encourage someone

Language Notes

lonely	حزين وحيد	alone	بمفرده
Sort of	نوع من	Laugh at	يسخر من
Anxious about	يقلق من	Offer to	يعرض ان

Reading lesson 1 SB 55:

What are the positive and negative things it says about social media?

Today, nearly four billion people use social media in their daily lives. Some studies have found that around 63% of people report feeling upset and anxious after using social media.

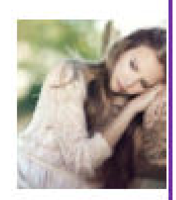
On the other hand, social media can be helpful because we can share experiences and support each other. People can spread positive messages this way about the importance of looking after our mental health.

Reading lesson 2 SB 56:

Teen problems

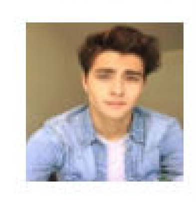
Nobody knows that I failed my English speaking test and I feel very embarrassed about it. Yesterday, I told my best friend and I said, 'Please don't tell anyone because nobody knows, it's a secret'. The next day, my friend's' mother, who is British, offered to help me with my English. I felt very unhappy with my friend because she told somebody. She said she was only trying to help me, but I don't want to tell her any of my secrets any more.

Magda



I have a lot of friends, but we have very different opinions about things. They say I mustn't talk to some people in the class. We don't always agree, and I feel that I am very different from them. It makes me feel lonely.

Salma



My parents want me to be a doctor when I finish school. A doctor has to be good at science subjects, however, and the work is too difficult for me. I don't want to disappoint them, but I really don't think I can be a doctor.

Adam

Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Charities .... poor people with food and clothes.
a) share b) support c) join d) upset

2. She was .... whe she dropped the phone.
a) happy b) lonely c) excited d) embarrassed

3. I get .... about exams.
a) anxious b) lost c) wet d) sleep

4. Every good thing you have done is a/an ....
a) life b) work c) achievement d) appearance

5. .... is something you try to hide.
a) Skill b) Secret c) Study d) Text

6. I've tried to .... an art club.
a) join b) go c) have d) spend

7. When you show someone that you know how he or she feels, then you show ....
a) competition b) empathy c) taste d) exam

8. You shouldn't feel bad about being tall. Your .... is a positive thing.
a) weight b) fast c) distance d) height

9. The unkid text messages made her feel really ....
a) upset b) excited c) important d) positive

10. We can ....our experience with others on social media.
a) hide b) share c) encourage d) get

11. Drinking tea is .... in Egypt.
a) helpful b) special c) secret d) common

12. Which of these is one of English language skills ?
a) Communication b) Searching c) Speaking d) Painting

13. Mostafa is poor. .... the other hand, he is so generous.
a) On b) In c) Over d) At

14. Lamees is different .... Walaa.
a) for b) from c) into d) in

15. This key .... to Farida. Give it to her.
a) owns b) brings c) belongs d) has

16. We are not similar. We .... different opions.
a) hold b) catch c) have d) carry

2. There isn't anybody in the meeting. .... came to the meeting.
a) Anybody b) Nobody c) Somebody d) Something

3. The synonym of the word .... is apparaent.
a) kind b) similar c) anxious d) clear
4. The opposite of "certain" is "............... " .
a) unsure b) sure c) hidden d) nervous
5. Think .... before you make a decision.
a) deep b) deepness c) deeply d) deepen
6. When you are upset, this means you don't feel ....
a) uncomfort b) comfortable c) uncomfortable d) comfort
7. The antonym of "mindful" is ....
a) aware b) unaware c) careful d) relaxed

Obligation and Necessity

Have to / must / for obligation and necessity

نستخدم (Have to / has to / must) للتحدث عن قواعد أو أشياء ضرورية

♣We have to go to school on time .
♣ I have to do my homework today
♣She has to get a passport to travel to London.
♣ I must do my homework today.
♣You must see a doctor. You have been ill for a week.

في المستقبل نستخدم (will have to)

♣We will have to grow more food in the future.
♣He will have to study hard next year.

في الماضي نستخدم (had to)

♣I had to take a taxi yesterday.
♣ In those days , players had to hit the ball with their hands.
♣They had to go to the hospital last week.

للتعبير عن التحريم او الممنوع والغير مسموح نستخدم Mustn't

Must not = It is (prohibited – banned – forbidden – prevented – not allowed – necessary not)

♣ You must not park here. It is against the law
♣You mustn't take photos here . = You are banned to take photos here.

نستخدم(don't have to / doesn't have to / needn't) لنعبر عن عدم الضرورة في المضارع

♣She doesn't have to hurry. She isn't late for school
. ♣You needn't come with me if you are busy.

نستخدم (didn't have to) لنعبر عن عدم الضرورة فى الماضى

We didn't have to do computer studies when we were at primary school.
Did you have to cook meals when you were young?



Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- What did you ……………………. do before you came to school this morning?
a) must b) have c) have to d) had to

2- He……………………. wash his hands before he eats.
a) mustn't b) must c) have to c) hasn't

3-She ………………………….. hurry. She isn't late for school.
a) mustn't b) doesn't have to c) didn't have to c) don't have to

4- You ……………………… take things which don't belong to you .This is theft
a) must b) have to c) mustn't d) don't have to

5-Long ago, tennis players ……………………. wear special shoes on tennis court
a) mustn't b) doesn't have to c) didn't have to c) don't have to

6- last week, Hassan…………..study hard for the final exam.
a) must b) has to c) have to d) had to

7-We …………….. to do computer studies when we were at primary school
a) mustn't b) doesn't have c) didn't have c) don't have

8-He …………….. park here. It's against the law.
a) mustn't b) doesn't have to c) has to c) must

9- Did you……………do P.E when you were at school?
a) must b) has to c) have to d) had to

10-At the weekends , I ……………get up early , I can stay in bed until 9 o'clock.
a) mustn't b) must c) have to d) don't have to

11. You …………. pass your exams to go to university.
a) should b) don't have to c) have to d) doesn't have to

12. You ………………… do your homework at the same time everyday.
a) shouldn't b) don't have to c) have to d) has to

13. You …………….. show your passport when you leave the country .
a) have to b) has to c) shouldn't d) needn't

14 I……….wear glasses because I can't see very well.
a) mustn't b) don't have to c) have to d) shouldn't

15-Hany ……………………… go to school on time.
a don't have to b have to c has to d doesn't have

16- It is cloudy today, so we…………………..take our sunglasses.
a don't have to b not have to c don't have d have not to

17- We………..cook more; there's enough food.





a) have to b) don't have to c) has to d) should

18. I really .... buy my mother a present on her birthday. One should be grateful!

a. must b. mustn't c. have to d. needn't

19. Unfortunately, my friend broke his leg and .... go to hospital.

a. didn't have to b. has to c. must to d. had to

20. Mona .... any more bread; she had a lot in the fridge.

a. had to buy b. mustn't c. didn't have to buy d. needn't buy

21. You .... take this medicine; you are quite well now.

a. need to b. don't have to c. have to d. mustn't

22 You .... take photos here; it's a military area.

a must b mustn't c needn't d shouldn't

23 At an airport, I ....show my passport.

a can't b don't have to c have to d shouldn't

24- Is it .... to take this medicine?

a advice b should c necessary d must

25-You .... run next to the swimming pool. You might fall over.

a-mustn't b-needn't c-don't have to d-didn't have to

26-We .... buy a present for Ali's birthday.

a-have b-should c-must d-need

27-She isn't late for school so she ....hurry.

a-didn't have b-don't need to c-doesn't need to d-can't

28-we .... read a summary of a book in English next week.

a-had to b-need c-has to d-have to

29.What must or mustn't you...............in a historic place ?

a. doing b.does c.do d.did

30.This is a valuable book. you.............keep it and mustn't lose it.

a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) haven't

3- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 At our school we................. (haven t to) wear a uniform.

2- ....(Does) the boys have to get up early?

3- You ....(doesn't) have to shout. I can hear you.

4- We ....(has to) leave now or we ll miss the plane.

5- You................. (have to) go to school today. It s Friday.

6- We...............(not have) to go to school tomorrow because it's a holiday.

7.Have ....(you to) wear special clothes for your sports class





8.She ....(have to) show her mother her homework.

9 Students and teachers must..............(are) polite to each other.

10.We must...............(to go)to the laboratory for our science lessons.

11.Students must ....(arrives) at school on time.

Should / shouldn't قاعدة

(Should = ought to = had better)يجب

❖ (Should او shouldn't + infinitive المصدر) لإعطاء النصيحة نستخدم

♣You **should** go now .The bus leaves in ten minutes♣Tourists **should** visit the pyramids.

♣Tourists **should** wear sun screen when it is very hot .

♣You **shouldn't** make noise in the class = If I were you , I wouldn't make noise

❖*It is important / good idea / desirable / advisable / essential = should*

♣It is important for her to clean wash her teeth.

♣She **should** wash her teeth. ♣ She **had better** wash her teeth

♣ I advise you to wash your hand (ought) ♣You **ought to** wash your hand

♣It is important not to smoke here . (should) ♣You **shouldn't** smoke here .

♣ He **should** obey his parents (It) ♣ **It is advisable** / **important to** obey his parents

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. We...................... drink a glass of milk every day.
a. shouldn't b. can't c. mustn't d. should

2-what should I ....to get high marks?
a- does b-do c-did d-doing

3-You............. always clean your teeth before you go to bed.
a. shouldn't b. should c. have d. mustn't

4- The saucepan is very hot. You......... touch it.
a. shouldn't b. should c. haven't d. must

5-We .... drink too much fruit juice. It can have a lot of sugar in it, too.
a. shouldn't b. should c. have d. must

7-we should.................our teachers.
a-to respect b-respects c-respected d-respect



8. We ....be very careful when we cook in the kitchen..

a.have b.mustn't b.shouldn't d.should

9 It's cold. You.........wear your jacket.

a} shouldn't b) should c) don't have to d) mustn't

10 You............remember to close the windows when you leave the house.

a) mustn't b) don't have to c) should d) has to

11- It is cold and windy today. When you go outside, you........ a coat.

a- wear b- should wear c- shouldn't wear d- are wearing

12-should we..............Mr. Khalid today?

a-meeting b-met c-to meet d-meet

13-You................take photos of people unless you ask them first.

a shouldn't b must c should d have to

General Exercises on Lessons (1&2)

1) Complete the following dialogue :

Ayman is talking to his younger brother Adham who spends much time on social media

Ayman : Adham, where are you ?

Adham : (1) ....

Ayman : (2) ....?

Adham : I'm chatting with my friend.

Ayman : Have you done your homework ?

Adham : (3) ....

Ayman : (4) .... ?

Adham : Because I feel upset and anxious.

Ayman : This is a formal result of spending much time on social media.

Adham : (5) .... What should I do ?

Ayman : Using social media for half an hour every day is enough.

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. (WB) A/An .... means something important that you have done.

a) cyberbullying b) ability c) achievement d) secret

2. She often feels worried .... exams.

a) off b) for c) from d) about

3. Always make friends with people who have .... interests to you.

a) strange b) similar c) foreign d) different

4. I think this is a good flat. .... the other hand, it is cheap.





a) On b) At c) In d) About

5. (SB) For me, exams are a problem. I got very .... about them.

a) quiet b) relaxed c) cheerful d) anxious

6. Don't be .... ! He didn't mean to make you angry.

a) positive b) upset c) pleased d) happy

7. I'm .... about being very short although my parents said that it's okay.

a) pleased b) excited c) embarrassed d) delighted

8. You .... make noise at libraries. It's not allowed.

a) must b) should c) mustn't d) shouldn't

9. You .... study hard before exams.

a) should b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) need

10. You .... stay up late. It's bad for your health.

a) don't have b) should c) must d) shouldn't

(3) Complete the sentences with correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- You .... (have clean) the table. I have cleaned it.

2- You ....(smoke) here. It's not allowed.

3- She...........................(must) see her present. I'm not sure.

4- They ....(should) eat many sweets.

(4) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(after – hand – studies – share – hate)

Today, nearly four billion people use social media in their daily lives. Some(1).......... have found that around 63% of people report feeling upset and anxious after using social media. On the(2) ...., social media can be helpful because we can (3).................. experiences and support each other. People can spread positive messages this way about the importance of look (4) .... our mental health.

(5) Write a review of about (110) words on :-

" Social media in our life "

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

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....





Unit 6 – What's wrong?

Vocabulary

Lesson 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
part (n)	جزء	hope (d) (v)	يأمل	timetable	جدول مواعيد
certain (adj)	محدد – معين	luckily (adv)	لحسن الحظ	deelply	بشدة – بعمق
closed	مغلق	revise (d) (v)	يراجع	blog	مدونة إلكترونية
telephone	يتصل تليفونيا	waterfall (n)	شلال	realise	يدرك
life jacket	سترة النجاة	engine (n)	محرك	locked	مغلق
culture (n)	ثقافة	facts (n)	حقائق	joking	يمزح

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
hurt	يؤذي يؤلم	hurt	hurt
become	يصبح	became	become

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Quickly		Fast	Slowly	ببطء
Future		Later	Past	ماضي
Mindful		Aware	mindless	غافل غير واعي
After		Next	Before	قبل
closed		locked	opened	مفتوح

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-ness	تحول الصفة الي اسم	mindfulness	اليقظة
-ly	تحول الصفة الي ظرف	quickly	بسرعة

Definitions

mental health	shows the health of your mind or how happy you are
breathe	take air in and out of your body
relax	become comfortable and less worried
mindful	being able to think calmly about your feelings and what is around you at the moment



feelings	what you feel, such as happy, upset, etc.
mindfulness	being able to relax by calmly thinking about your feelings and what is around you at the moment
empathy	this means showing someone that you understand how they feel.

Language Notes

breathe	يتنفس	breath	نفس
Share with	يتشارك مع	Stay up late	يسهر لوقت متاخر

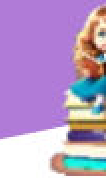
Reading lesson 3 SB 58

I always wanted be part of a certain group of popular students. One day they suggested we cyberbully a boy in my class called Eyad so I wrote an unkind they comment about him on social media.
I thought that my friends would think it was funny. I didn't realise that they were joking, and I was the only one to write an unkind comment.
Eyad read my comment and the next day he didn't want to come to school. I had to tell my parents, and they couldn't understand why I did it. Then, the other students
did not want to include me in their group. I am so embarrassed about what I did. However, I hope my experience will have a positive result, too. I didn't have to do what my friends suggested. You should think before you do something. Some online messages can hurt people very badly.
I was able to say sorry to Eyad the next day. He is very kind and now we are friends. So, you should choose your friends carefully and always be kind to people.
Hussein

Reading lesson 3 wB

Complete the story with these words.You can use them more than once
(could - couldn't - didn't have to - had to - was able to - wasn't able to)

Last week, my uncle took me out on his boat. I1 had to wear a special life jacket and he said I had to walk carefully around the boat, but 1 didn't have to run. We travelled a long way, and after two hours, I wasn't able to see the beach, only the sea. Then the engine stopped! We tried to start it, but we couldn't.
I was able to swim well, but I knew that I wasn't able to swim to the beach. So my uncle had to telephone for help! They said they had to send a helicopter to help us. However, suddenly the engine started again! So we could go home on a helicopter.



Reading lesson 4 SB

THE DAILY NEWS

As part of a plan to improve students mental health, more than 350 schools in the UK recently introduced mindfulness as a part of the timetable, In a mindfulness class, students learn to breathe slowly and to only think of the present. It isn't easy.

We usually think about things we have done in the past or things we have to do in the future. However, trying to think only about the present helps us to relax, and to really think deeply about everything we are doing at the moment.

This helps to stop us from feeling anxious or worried about things we have done or have to do. Students say that mindfulness helps them to feel better about themselves, and afterwards, they do better at their school work, too.

Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c o r d :-

1. I'm embarrassed to go out and see my friends. The word "embarrassed" can be replaced by " .... ".
a) easy b) calm c) uncomfortable d) confident

2. There isn't anybody in the meeting. .... came to the meeting.
a) Anybody b) Nobody c) Somebody d) Something

3. The synonym of the word .... is apparaent.
a) kind b) similar c) anxious d) clear

4. The opposite of "certain" is ".............. ".
a) unsure b) sure c) hidden d) nervous

5. Think .... before you make a decision.
a) deep b) deepness c) deeply d) deepen

6. When you are upset, this means you don't feel ....
a) uncomfort b) comfortable c) uncomfortable d) comfort

7. The antonym of "mindful" is ....
a) aware b) unaware c) careful d) relaxed

8. Whe someone is calm, this means he speaks ....
a) calm b) calmy c) calmness d) calmly

9. ".............. " has the same meaning of "closed".
a) Kept b) Covered c) Opened d) Locked

10. The antonym of the word "older" is ....



a) ancient b) elder c) younger d) early

11. "Ask" and "question" have ....meaning.

a) opposite b) different c) similar d) the same

12. We turn the verb "listen" to a noun by adding "............... "

a) –er b) –ing c) –ed d) –tion

13. They may be more understanding. The word "understanding" here is a/an.........

a) verb b) adjective c) adverb d) noun

(4) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(can - encourage - hardly - go - can't - hard)

The first lesson at school is science. Dalia works ...., and does some good work. The afternoon lessons don't .... well. Dalia .... stop thinking about her brother. How can she........................... him to work harder?

Had do / didn't have to, was / wasn't able to, could/ couldn't

•Use had to / didn't have to to talk about things that were or were not necessary or essential to do in the past.

I had to tell my parents about the problem that I faced.

I didn't have to do what my friends suggested.

• Use was(wasn't) able to / could/ couldn't to talk about past abilities.

I was able to say sorry to Fawzi. We were able to push the car.

They couldn't understand why I did it.

Note: Use was / were able to with action verbs to talk about a past ability related to a single event in the past.

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- .... you speak English when you were six?

a) Were b) Do c) Able d) Could

2- The maths homework was very difficult. Were you .... do it?

a) could b) able to c) able d) can

3-.after only three months, he .... read, write and speak English quite well



a) could b) able to c) able d) can
4-my brother .... swim until he was about ten
a) can't b) wasn't able to c) weren't able d) couldn't
5-I ....to come to your house last weekend because i was ill
a) can't b) wasn't able c) weren't able d) couldn't
6-When I was young , I ....swim very well.
a-can b– am able to c– could d – can't
7-could you............chess when you were six?
a-playing b-play c-plays d-played
8-my friend............answer all the questions correctly in the math test.
a) has b) was able to c) were able to d) could
9-.............you able to speak to the teacher today about the homework?
a) Were b) Did c) was d) Could
10) Why weren't you .... do the maths homework? Was it difficult?
a. able b. could c. can d. able to
11.The weather was sunny, so we .... eat outside
a) couldn't to b) was able to c) were able to d) could
12.When she was young, my aunt ....run for miles
a) use to b) was able c) were able to d) could

1-Choose the correct answer:

1. When I was ten, I was .... to swim.
a) can b) could c) able d) couldn't
2. Hala .... go to the hospital yesterday.
a) mustn't b) has to c) had to d) must
3. I .... visit Ali. It wasn't necessary.
a) don't have to b) didn't have to c) doesn't have to d) had to
4. You .... take photos here. It's forbidden.
a) don't have to b) have to c) must d) mustn't
5. I could walk when I was two, but I .... swim.
a) couldn't b) could c) can d) can't
1. I .... understand the film because it was in a language I don't understand.
a) could b) couldn't c) wasn't able d) had to
2. (SB) Malak .... buy more rice because we had lots already.
a) didn't have to b) could c) had to d) wasn't able
3. (WB) Fatma .... walk to school because she hurt her leg.
a) didn't have to b) wasn't able to c) could d) had to
4. (WB) In the mountains, we .... see an amazing waterfall.
a) were able b) didn't have c) could d) was able to
5. Adel .... to ride a bike when he was young.
a) could b) was able c) able to d) couldn't
6. The boy couldn't ....his homework.
a) did b) do c) done d) does



7. .... you play basketball when you were young, Alaa ?
a) Was b) Could c) Were d) Are
8. The exam was difficult, but I .... to answer all the questions easily.
a) could b) wasn't able to c) was able d) couldn't
9. At the age of two, my sister .... ride a bike.
a) wasn't able b) couldn't c) weren't able to d) able
10. We .... walk to the museum, because there wasn't a bus.
a) have to b) had to c) don't have to d) was able to

General Exercises on Lessons (3&4)

1) Complete the following dialogue :

Youssef and Tamer are talking about being mindful.

Youssef : Hello, Tamer. Why were you absent yesterday ?
Tamer : Hello, Youssef. (1) ....
Youssef : (2) ....?
Tamer : Much better, thanks.
Youssef : You missed a good lesson yesterday.
Tamer : What was it about ?
Youssef : (3) ....
Tamer : (4) ....?
Youssef : Mindfulness means being able to relax by calmly thinking about your feeling and what is around you at the moment.
Tamer : Good! How does it help us in our life and study ?
Youssef : (5) ....

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. She took a course to .... her English.
a) stop b) improve c) relax d) prove
2. I cannot believe you. You are ....
a) kind b) honest c) serious d) joking
3. Yesterday, I revised .... my English exam.
a) for b) on c) at d) in
4. Your .... health shows the health of your mind, or how happy you are.
a) natural b) mental c) special d) normal
5. To .... is to become comfortable and less worried.
a) shout b) study c) relax d) jump
6. .... means being able to think calmly about your feelings and what is



around you at the moment.

a) Environment b) Cyberbullying c) Brighness d) Mindfulness

7. To take air in and out your body means to ....

a) breathe b) conclude c) joke d) laugh

8. Students .... listen to their teachers carefully.

a) mustn't b) don't have to c) should d) need

9. I will buy some bread. You .... buy more.

a) don't have to b) shouldn't c) must d) have to

10. When I was ten, I ....ride a horse alone. It was really amazing.

a) can b) can't c) could d) couldn't

(3) Complete the sentences with correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- Ramez ....(not able) fix the fan yesterday.

2- Omar ....(must make) noise at the library.

3- Hatem ....(can) swim, when he was four.

4- Could Leila ....(cooks) alone when she was eleven ?

(4) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(start – have – way – jacket - boat)

Last week, my uncle took me out on his boat. I had to wear a special life (1).................. and he said I could walk carefully around the (2) ...., but I couldn't run. We travelled a long (3) ...., and after two hours, I wasn't able to see the beach, only the sea. Then, the engine stopped! We tried to (4)..................it, but we couldn't.

(5) Write a paragraph of about (110) words on :-

" Mental health "

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

....



Unit 6 – What's wrong?

Vocabulary

Lesson 5 & 6

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
listener	مستمع	meet up with	يلتقى / يتقابل مع	word cloud	سحابة الكلمات
understanding	تفاهم	decide	يقرر	diary	مفكرة يومية
weather	الطقس	clearly	بوضوح	ability	القدرة
poster	ملصق	contact	يتواصل – يتصل	mind	يمانع – عقل
display	يعرض – يقدم	instead	بدلاً من	mirror	مرآه
cope with	يتعامل مع –على	digital	رقمى	brainstorm	يقوم بالعصف الذهنى
tip	نصيحة	clear	صافى - واضح	interrupt	يقاطع الكلام
filter	فلتر (معدل الصور)	terrible	فظيع كريه	encourage	يشجع

Irregular verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
Meet	يقابل	Met	Met
Break	يكسر	Broke	Broken
Give	يعطي	Gave	Given
mean	يعني يقصد	meant	meant

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
Ask	يسأل	Inquire	answer	يجيب
older	أكبر سنا	elder	younger	اصغر سنا

Prefixes & Suffixes بادئات ولآحقات

Suffixes	الوظيفة	example	meaning
-er	تحول الفعل الي اسم فاعل	listener	مستمع
-ing	تحول الفعل الي اسم	understanding	الفهم

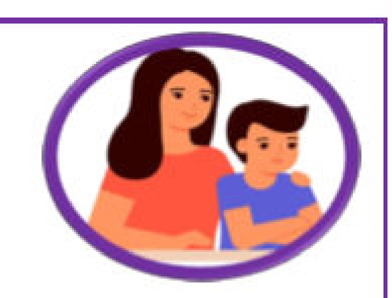
Definitions

Cope with	Mange or be able to do something, although it is difficult.
interrupt	Stop someone from speaking or doing something by speaking.
lonely	Unhappy because you are not with other people.

Language Notes

Any more = no longer	لم يعد	without	بدون
Meet up	يتقابل	Go on	يستمر

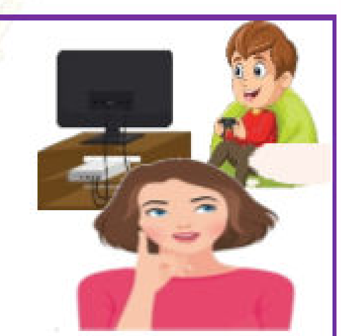
Lesson 5 WB



2 Choose the correct words.

Mazin: I had a terrible day at school.
Mother: Tell me about it. What happened?
Mazin: It was my English class. You see ...
Mother: Go on. It might help to talk about it, you know.
Mazin: We had a test and I was last in the class!
Mother: That must make you feel very sad.
Mazin: It was so difficult.
Mother: Can you give me an example of what you mean?
Mazin: Well, I didn't understand what they wanted me to write.
Mother: It's clear you are unhappy about it. Why don't we talk to the teacher?

Reading lesson 6 SB 62



Daiia gets ready for school. She can hear her parents talking to her older brother. He is not doing well at school and they are worried about his exams. She is worried about her brother, too. Before leaving for school, she says goodbye to her brother. He does not look happy and this makes her feel even worse. Daiia tries to stop her brother playing video games. She tells him that he should study, but he does not listen. Then she looks on social media for some advice, but she can't find anything useful. Instead, her friends just tell her about what they did that day.

The first lesson at school is science. Daiia works hard and does some good work.
The afternoon lessons don't go well. Daiia can't stop thinking about her brother. How can she encourage him to work harder? Daiia goes home. Her brother is playing video games. Dalia's parents don't know what to do about him. She wants to tell her friends about her worries, but she finds it difficult to talk about her feelings. So she tells them she had a good day.

Lesson 6 WB



Taha's friends all live near to their school. When they have finished their homework, the friends all meet up to play in the park. Sometimes, they help each other with their school work, too. Taha lives a long way from the school. It takes an hour for him to get home to his small village. He does not have a father and he is worried because his mother is ill. So when he gets home, he has to look after his younger brothers and sisters. He does not have much time to do his school work.





Lesson 7 WB



Ola always worried about being ill. Then, a few months ago, she 1 had to (have to) go to hospital after she broke her leg. She 2 was able to (be able to) go home the next day but she 3 wasn't able to (not be able to) walk for many weeks. She 4 could (can) go to school, but of course she 5 couldn't (cannot) do any sports until her leg was better. Her mother told her that she 6 didn't have to (not have to) do any housework, either. Her leg is better now, and yesterday she 7 was able to (be able to) play tennis with me. That was good, but the best thing is that she is not worried about being ill anymore, because she knows she will get better!

Exercise on Vocabulary

1) Complete the following diaglogue :-

Mohamed and Abdo want to meet up

Mohamed : Hi, Abdo. Are you busy tomorrow

Abdo : Hi , Mohamed, No I am not.

Mohamed : Would you like to meet up tomorrow?

Abdo : .... (1)..

Mohamed : Shall we go to sports center?

Abdo : .... (2).. I am not interested.

Mohamed : .... (3)..?

Abdo : We can go to the cinema. Is there a good film?

.... (4)..

Mohamed : Great. ....(5)..?

Abdo : We can meet at 3 o'clock.

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. He is a good .... He always listens to me carefully.

a) speaker b) player c) listener d) fighter

2. People use .... to look so good in their pictures.

a) skills b) filters c) notes d) medicines

3. You're strong. You can .... with any problem.

a) find b) make c) cope d) add

4. Coronavirus is a .... disease.

a) clear b) simple c) digital d) serious

5. Will you .... up with your friends today ?





a) make b) meet c) wake d) get

6. (SB) Ask questions to .... sure you really understand the problem.

a) give b) have c) make d) do

7. Before leaving for school, she looks at herself in the ....

a) wall b) mirror c) video games d) basin

8. How can she .... him to work harder ?

a) take b) do c) know d) encourage

9. Young children are not good listeners because they often .... !

a) eat b) interrupt c) encourage d) listen

10. You should think ....before taking an important decision.

a) clearly b) happily c) angrily d) really

11. Did you see the .... of the new film on the cinema door ?

a) video b) advice c) comment d) poster

12. You should listen to your big brother's ....

a) taps b) tapes c) tips d) lips

13. Try .... me. I'm really in a mess !

a) helping b) help c) to help d) helped

14. You can't succeed without .... hard.

a) working b) to work c) work d) works

15. Do you agree .... what I say ?

a) of b) to c) up d) on

16. No, thanks. I don't want rice ....

a) any more b) some more c) no more d) much

General Exercises on Lessons (5&6)

1) Complete the following diaglogue :-

Maher asks his teacher, Mr. Othman how to be a good listener.

Maher : Hello, Mr. Othman. Can I ask you a questions, please ? .

Mr. Othman : Hello, Maher. (1) ....

Maher : (2) ....?

Mr. Othman : If you want to be a good listener, you shouldn't interrupt the speaker.

Maher : It's OK. I won't interrupt the speaker. (3) ....?

Mr. Othman : You should also show that you are interested in the subject.

Maher : What should I do if the speaker said something wrong ?
Can I give advice ?

Mr. Othman : (4) .... But, don't give orders.





Maher : Thanks for your time, Mr. Othman.

Mr. Othman : (5) ....

2) Choose the correct answer :-

1. (SB) Nobody minds when people .... mistakes!

a) do b) make c) take d) gave

2. After she had the medicine, she .... better a lot.

a) had b) got c) gave d) made

3. Have you finished or you will .... something else ?

a) do b) go c) talk d) make

4. Did you get ready ....the final exam ?

a) from b) of c) for d) at

5. Before leaving your exam paper, you should .... sure that you had answered all the questions.

a) give b) forget c) do d) make

6. Can you .... some advice about how to solve this problem ?

a) pretend b) attend c) give d) take

7. It's not good to .... at yourself at the mirror for a long time.

a) see b) look c) watch d) noise

8. When Rana was nine, she .... to speak two languages well.

a) is able to b) wasn't able to c) is able d) was able

9. You don't have any money to buy a present for your mum. You .... save some money.

a) mustn't b) had to c) have to d) shouldn't

10. She .... go to hospital after she broke her leg.

a) has to b) must c) had to d) should

(4) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(look – a – takes – get - worried)

Taha lives a long way from the school. It (1) .... an hour for him to (2)............ home to his small village. He does not have a father and he is (3)..................... because his mother is ill. So, when she gets home, he has to (4).................. after his younger brothers and sisters. He does not have much time to do his school work.

(5) Write a review of about (110) words on :-

" A good listener "

....

....

....



Exam Unit (6)

1) Complete the following dialogue :-

Salem is angry because he can't find his pen after the English lesson.

Usama : What's the matter, Salem ?
Salem : (1) ....
Usama : Have you looked for it in your bag ?
Salem : (2) .... It isn't there.
Usama : Don't worry. (3) ....
Salem : It isn't under the desk. I looked for it there.
Usama : (4) .... ?
Salem : No, I didn't look for it in my English book.
Usama : (5) ....?
Salem : It's on the bookshelf.

2) Complete the sentences with these words :-

(find – walk – was able – broke - do - could)

Ola always worried about being ill. Then, a few months later, she had to go to hospital after she (1) .... her leg. She (2) .... to go home the next day but she wasn't able to (3) .... for many weeks. She could go to school, but of coure she couldn't (4) .... any sports until her leg was better.

(3) Read the following passage, then answer the questions :-

I always wanted to be part of a certain group of popular students. One day, they suggestd that we cyberbully a boy in my class called Fawzi, so I wrote an ukind comment about him on social media. I thought that my friends would think it was funny. I didn't realise that they were joking and I was the only one to write an unkind comment. Fawzi read my comment and the next day he ddin't want to come to school. I had to tell my parents, and they couldn't understand why I did it. Then, the other students did not want include me in their group. I am so embarrassed about what I did. However, I hope my experience will have a positive result, too. I didn't have to do what my friends suggested. You should thik before you do something. Some online messages can hurt people very badly. I was able to say sorry to Fawzi the next day. He is very kind and now we are friends. So, you should choose your friends carefully and always be kind to people.

1- Explain why Fawzi didn't want to come to school. Mention two points.

....

2- Infer why the writer was embarrassed about what he had done. Give two reasons.

....

3- Do you think we shouldn't send bad online messages ? Why/ Why not? Mention two reasons.

....

....

4- The best title for the passage is ....

a) friendship b) messages c) cyberbullying d) think before you react

5- The writer thought that his friend would .... when they read his message.

a) cry b) fight c) laugh d) shout

6- The underlined pronoun "it" refers to ....

a) Fawzi b) comment c) media d) class

3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. .... shows the health of your mind or how happy you are

a) mindfulness b) feelings c) appearance d) mental health

2-The synonym of the word 'anxious is ....

a- peaceful b- hidden c- mindless d- nervous

3-The word 'embarrassed is the antonym of the word............

a- uncomfortable b- uneasy c- confident d- unkind

4-We add the prefix ....to make the opposite of 'happy.

a-un b-in c-dis d-im

5-We add the Suffix .... to make the noun of 'happy.

a- ion b- ness c-ian d- er

6- You should be mindful . " mindful "here means ....

a)helpful b) careful c) beautiful d) aware

(3) Complete the sentences with correct form of the word(s) in brackets :-

1- ....(be) you able to speak two languages at the age of ten ?

2- Wael .... (have to) sleep early yesterday.

3- Manar .... (not have to) make breakfast. Mum prepares it.

4- ....(Can) she go to school alone when she was at a primary one ?

(5) Write a review of about (110) words on :-

" What we should do to be good listeners "

....

....

....

....

....

....

Review B - Revision of Units 4-6



Lesson 1 SB

Aya Ayman Abbas is a young Egyptian Paralympic swimmer with an incredible list of achievements. She was born in Cairo and she **joined** a swimming club when she was six. She **couldn't** walk, but at the age of eight, she was already swimming in national competitions. When she was16, Aya **became** the first and youngest Egyptian swimmer to enter the 2016 Rio Paralympic Games.

Aya **had to** face many challenges in her life. When she first started swimming, there weren't any swimming teams or equal opportunities for disabled people. Aya **was able to** achieve her goals with the support of her parents. However, since that time, life **became** a lot more positive for young disabled athletes.

Aya is now a member of the Egyptian Paralympic team. Although she has a busy life as a university student, she is also a campaigner for disabled sports people. She doesn't stop training since her last event. She is a true role model for all Egyptians!

Lesson 1 WB

Police in Australia 1 *found / nave found)*a man who was lost in the desert for 18 days Robert Webber, who is 58, 2 *drove / has driven* from his hotel in the morning of January *2nd* He 3 *is / was* not able to move his car after he went down a small farm road. He tried to walk back to his hotel, but he 4 *couldn't / wasn't able* remember the way. For many days, Robert 5 *had to / must* drink water from rivers and eat what food he could find. Nearly three weeks later, a man 6 *found / has found* Robert sitting, under a tree. He was tired but well. 'Robert has 7 *already / yet* drunk lots of water and feels. better now, but he hasn't slept much 8 *already / yet,'* said a police officer. 'Remember that you 9 *had to / must* tell people when you drive somewhere in the desert,' he said. 'You 10 *don't have to / shouldn't* drive along small roads either. They are not always safe.'

Practice test

2 Complete the following dialogue.

Ziad and Adam are talking about their plans for the weekend.

Ziad: Hi, Adam. This is my older cousin, Hany.

Adam: ...., Hany. What are you doing next weekend?

Ziad: We're going to the park.. 2..............?

Adam: I'm not sure about that. There are some boys in the park and ...

Ziad: ....3.....................It might be good to talk about it, you know. ?

Adam: ....4.......................................

Hany: Unkind comments! That must have made you feel very sad.

Adam: ....5..................................... But I told the officers at the park, and they talked to the boys about that.

Ziad: ....6...?

Adam: The boys said sorry to me the next day. But I still don't want to go to the park.

Hany: You mustn't feel bad anymore. I'm sure they won't do it again.

3 -Read the text. Then answer the questions.

You probably have a fridge in your house to keep your food cool, but have you ever thought about what people did in the past? People have used ice to keep food cool for thousands of years. In the north of Europe in winter, people were able to use snow or ice, which they kept underground for many months. In 1842, an American doctor called John Gorrie invented a machine to make ice. He used it to keep people cool when they got an illness called yellow fever. By 1900, places that sold meat in the USA started to have fridges and today, nearly all homes in the USA have a fridge in their kitchens.

We continue to use the same technology for fridges that we have used for a century. The problem is that a room with a fridge in it is a lot noisier and hotter than other rooms! Now people are designing modern fridges that are neither hot nor noisy. These are going to use less energy, too, so they will be more efficient.

Answer the following questions:

1 What two problems do fridges cause?

....

2 Why do you think that places that sold meat started to have fridges by 1900?

....

3 John Gorrie invented a machine that ....

a made people ill. b made ice. c kept food cool.



4 Modern fridge's are going to,......................................
a make more noise.　b use less energy.　c look better.

5 What do you think the word efficient means?
a expensive　b cheap　c work well and quickly

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1 We saw some beautiful trees in the .... gardens.
a botanica　b passenger　c smart　d elderly

2 Fatima worked hard to clean the dirty water, and the .... were amazing.
a competitions　b results　c teams　d organisers

3 The parents knew that the children were .... because they heard them talking.
a awesome　b delicious　c awake　d sleeping

4 My grandmother is very ....She always knows how I feel.
a upset　b positive　c understanding　d embarrassed

5 Only Ali's cousin knew the way to the park, so we all .... him there.
a took　b went　c got　d followed

6 We ... take the bus to the museum, we could take a tram or a train, too.
a mustn't　b don't have to　c shouldn't　d might not

7 You don't have to buy any bread today because I... some.
a bought already　b have already bought
c have yet bought　d yet bought

8 I like ... the blue shirt and the green shirt. Which should I buy?
a either　b both　c neither　d nor

9 I was very ... to see my cousin this morning because I thought she was in Jordan!
a surprise　b surprising　c surprised　d surprises

10 The first bus to the museum ... at 9.30 am every day.
a is leaving　b leave　c leaves　d leaving

5 Read and correct the underlined words.

1 The work that the volunteers do can really <u>do</u> a difference to our community
2 People were surprised by the <u>kind</u> of Mr Nader. He helps everybody he knows.
3 My parents have lived in the same house <u>when</u> 2012.
4 The computer isn't working because it is not plugged <u>on</u>! .

6 Choose one of the following. Write about 100 words.
- Write an article on some traditional Egyptian handicrafts you like.
- Write an email to a friend suggesting how you could help your community.

....
....
....

